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Some of the most common quantities expressing performance and the reference conditions in which they are measured are described on this page. The following description conforms to the IEC 546 and IEC 770 recommendations.

Values of performance specifications apply to 316 SS diaphragms, unless standard material otherwise defined.

Quantities used for expressing performance

Non-linearity is the maximum deviation of the characteristic curve (of the average of the increasing and decreasing portions) from the straight line drawn so as to minimize the deviation (= non-linearity with respect to independent straight line).

Conformity error is a term used instead of non-linearity if the ideal characteristic curve is not a straight line: conformity error is the maximum deviation of the average-deviation curve from the ideal characteristic curve drawn so as to minimize the deviation. Dead band, also known as neutral zone, is the range through which the input signal may vary without causing any perceptible change in the output signal.

Hysteresis, as a quantity expressing performance, is defined as the maximum difference between the increasing and decreasing output signal corresponding to the same input signal value when the input signal is changed through the full range in both directions.

Repeatability is the maximum deviation of output signal values corresponding to the same input signal value in consecutive measurements, when conditions remain unchanged and when this input signal value is always approached from the same direction while the input is changed through full range. Repeatability is calculated on the basis of measurement results from the formula.

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{N}}$$

where $x_i = individual$ measurement result

 \bar{x} = average of measurement results

N = number of measurements

Accuracy requirements for measuring equipment in performance measurements

The errors of the measuring equipment used should be at least 1/4 of the performance of the device to be tested.

Reference conditions

Rated operating conditions, or reference conditions, refer to the equalization of such factors independent of the apparatus as affect performance, in order to obtain

comparable performance values from the apparatus.

In performance testing of the devices included in this catalogue the reference conditions should be as follows:

Ambient conditions

- ambient temperature: +20°C ± 2°C
- relative humidity of air: 65 % ± 5 %
- pressure of air: 860 to 1060 mbar

Auxiliary energy

Electrical devices

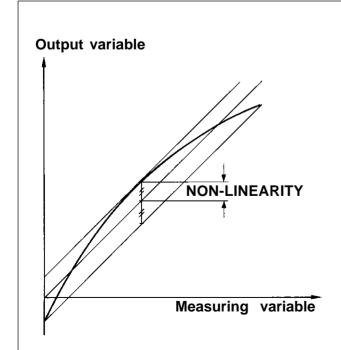
- supply voltage: nominal voltage ± 1 %
- ripple ≤ 0.1 % (with DC voltage)

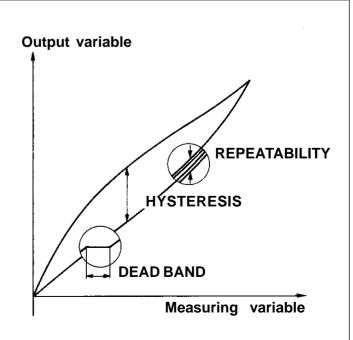
Pneumatic devices

- supply pressure: nominal pressure ± 1 %
- supply air temperature: ambient temperature: ± 2°C
- supply air humidity: dew point at least 10°C lower than the temperature of the device being tested
- supply air free from dust and oil, particle size less than 3 $\mu\text{m}.$

Other conditions

Position of device when tested: nominal position (normal mounting position). Load: nominal load.







Our instruments for pressure measurement:

HT pressure transmitter Spec. BPH710

ALSO SUITABLE FOR PRESSURE MEASUREMENT HG pressure transmitter Spec. BPLH700 HL pressure transmitter Spec. BLH820 **SEE ALSO:** HPS hydraulic pressure seal Spec. BP415

Process connections

Some typical connections for tapping the pressure are shown below. Fig. 1a is for liquids and gases, fig. 1b for steam, and fig. 1c for high-pressure service. Suggested material for the branch shown in fig. 1c is e.g. St35.8 or 13CrMo44. All burrs should be carefully removed from the tapping point. The processor coupling must be welded with a thin compound rod (max. diameter Ø 2.0 mm) to avoid harmful thermal strains, Fig. 1d.

Connection pipe

Pressure

trans-

mitters

HT6

НТ6Д

HT7

HT8

Recommended materials for the connection pipe:

- AISI304 stainless steel
- AISI316 acid-resistant steel For high pressure measurements (above 100 bar):
- St35.8 or 13CrMo44 heat-resistant steels

Recommended pipe dimensions (o.d. x wall thickness):

- Ø 12 x 1 mm, Ø 12 x 1.5 mm, or \emptyset 14 × 2.5 mm.

10 bar (1.0 MPa)

67 bar (6.7 MPa)

20 bar (2 MPa)

132 bar (13.2 MPa)

1.45 bar (0.15 MPa) 2.9 bar (0.29 MPa)

It is recommendable always to equip the connection pipe with shut-off valves and, when necessary, with a pressure gauge connection valve.

For low pressures and for fluids liable to form sediments a ball valve should be used as shut-off valve. A threaded or welded needle valve is used for steam and high pressures.

Protection from pulsation

If pulsations caused by the process occur at the point of measurement, the instrument should be protected by means of a restriction, damping pot, or equivalent means. See figure 2 for connection pipe configuration. After the shut-off valve there is a bend for protective liquid or gas. A loop (12) is installed below the transmitter for collecting condensates.

Figure 2 gives an example of the

22 bar (2.2 MPa)

150 bar (15 MPa)

| | ded pipe dimensions measurement pipe arrangement for a | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|------|-------------|--|
| thickness): pressure transmitter. | | | | | | |
| | mm, Ø 12 x 1.5 | nm, Ø 12 x 1.5 mm, or Figure 3 illustrates some applications of | | | | |
| | 5 mm. | | a pressure transmitter. | | | |
| | Adjustability | | | | | |
| | | Adj | ustability | | | |
| | | Adj Span | ustability | Meas | uring range | |
| | Smart, min. | | ustability max. | Meas | uring range | |

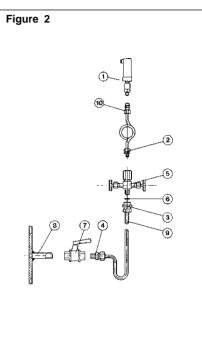
0...+22 bar

0...+150 bar

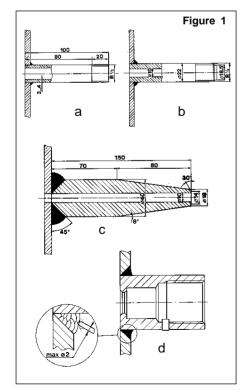
1000 bar (100 MPa) |-1...+1000 bar(-0.1...+100 MPa),abs.

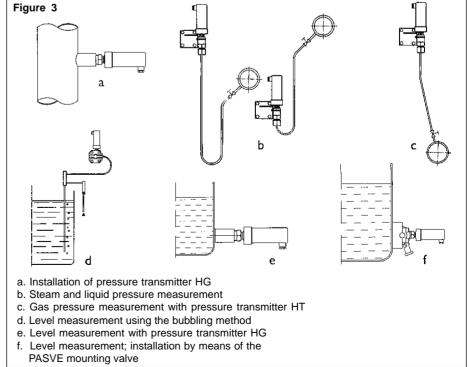
(0...+2.2 MPa),abs.

(0...+15 MPa),abs.



- 1 Pressure transmitter HT
- 2 Ø 12/R1/2" NPT stud coupling
- 3 Ø 12-R 1/2" pressure gauge connector
- Ø 12-R 1/2" stud coupling
- 5 R1/2 pressure gauge connector
- 6 Gasket 18.5 x 7 mm
- 7 R I /2 ball valve
- 8 Process connection R 1/2 K
- 9 Pipe 12 mm dia. x 1.5 mm AISI 316
- 10 Ø 12/R 1/2 connector







August 2, 1999

HT PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

HT pressure transmitter belongs to the series H-transmitters which will have both analog and smart properties.

HT is used for 0-1.45 bar...0-1000 bar ranges. The transmitter communicates in a 2-wire system. In pressure measuring applications HT-transmitters are used for measuring the pressure of clean gases, steam and non-crystallizing liquids. The transmitter's sensor is piezoresistive. The rangeability on Smart option is 15:1. The transmitter communicates digitally using the HART® protocol.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring range and span See Selection Chart.

Zero and Span adjustment

Zero elevation: Calibrated span is freely selectable on the specified range depending from the desired option. This can be made by using extern control shafts (analog option), keyboard (display option) or HART®275 communicator.

Damping

- Smart (code S, D and R)
 Time constant is continuously adjustable 1 to 60 s.
- Analog (code A and K)
 Time constant is continuously adjustable
 - min.range: 0.3 to 6 s - max.range: 0.01 to 1 s

Temperature limits

Ambient: -30 to +80 °C Process: -30 to +120 °C

Shipping and storage: -40 to +80 °C. **Pressure limits** Min. and max. process pressure: See the appended tables.

Volumetric displacement

< 0.5 mm³/max. span

Output 2-wire (2W), 4-20 mA, user selectable for linear, square root, inverted signal or the transfer function (16 points)specified by the user Supply voltage and permissible load

Supply voltage and permissible load See the load capacity diagram;

- Smart (code S, D and R) 4-20 mA output: 11.3-40 VDC.
- Analog (code A and K) 4-20 mA output: 12-60 VDC.

Humidity limits

0-100 % RH; freezing of condensed water not allowed in reference pressure channels.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Tested in accordance with IEC770: Reference conditions, specified span, no range elevation, horizontal mounting; AISI316L diaphragm, silicone oil fill.

Accuracy

Smart (code S, D and R)
 ±0.1 % of calibrated span
 (span 1:1-7.5:1 /max.range).
 On the measuring ranges 7.5:1-15:1:

 $\pm [0.01+0.012 \text{ x} \left(\frac{\text{max.span}}{\text{calibrated span}}\right)]\% \text{ of }$

 Analog (code A and K) ±0.2 % of calibrated span (incl. nonlinearity, hysteresis and repeatability)

1) Parts in contact with process medium

Long-term stability

±0.25 %/max. span/12 months

Temperature effect on compensated temperature ranges -20...+80 °C Zero and span shift:

Smart: ±0.25 % of max. span Analog HT6 and HT7:

±1.3 % of max. span Analog HT8:

±0.75 % of max. span

Mounting position effect (HT6 and HT7)

Zero error < 0.15 kPa, which can be calibrated out.

HT8: mounting position has no effect **Vibration effect** (IEC 68-2-6: FC): ±0.1 % of measuring range/

2g/10 to 2000 Hz 4g/10 to 100 Hz

Power supply effect

< ±0.01 of calibrated span per volt

EMC-test standards

GENERIC EMISSION STANDARD:

EN 50081 - 2: 1993

Normative reference:

EN 55022:1987/class A

GENERIC IMMUNITY STANDARD:

EN 50082 - 2: 1995

Normative references:

EN 61000-4-2, -4, -5, -8, -11

ENV 50140, ENV 50204, ENV 50141

Insulation test voltage

500 V rms 50 Hz

CONSTRUCTION AND CALIBRATION Materials

Diaphragm $^{1)}$: AISI316L, Hast. C276 or Titanium (HT8).

Other sensing element materials: AISI316, SIS 2343.

Filling fluid: Silicone oil or inert oil (HT6 and HT7)

Enclosure class IP66

Pressure limits Maximum process pressure, bar

| Trans- mitter type | Max. overload pressure | Pressure class |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| HT6 | 75 | PN100 |
| HT7 | 250 | PN250 |
| HT8 | 1000 | PN1000 |

Housing with PLUG connector, A and H

Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy

(Nickel-Chrome coating) Seals: Viton and NBR

TEST jacks: MS358Sn/PVDF, protected

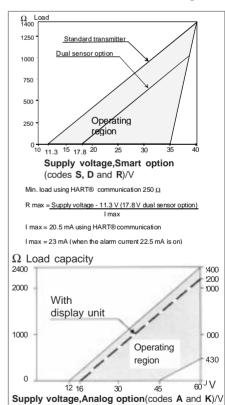
with silicone rubber shield.

PLUG connector: PA6-GF30 jacket, Silicone rubber seal, AISI316 retaining

screw.

Housing with junction box/terminal strip, B and M

Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating); Seals: Nitrile and Viton; Nameplates: Polyester Connection hose between sensing element and housing (codes L and K): PTFE hose with AISI316 braiding.



Minimum process pressure (HT8: no min. pressure limitations)

| , | | | | |
|--------------------|---|-----------|--|--|
| T _{proc.} | Minimum pressure for different fill fluids (mbar, abs.) | | | |
| °C | DC200 100 cSt | Inert oil | | |
| 20 | 50 | 80 | | |
| 40 | 80 | 100 | | |
| 80 | 160 | 280 | | |
| 120 | 210 | 530 | | |



HT PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

Calibration

For customer-specified range with minimum damping. (If range is not specified, transmitter is calibrated for maximum range.)

Electrical connections

Housing with PLUG connector, **A** and **H**:

PLUG connector, connector type DIN 43650 model AF; Pg9 gland for cable; wire gross-section 0.5 to 1.5 mm².

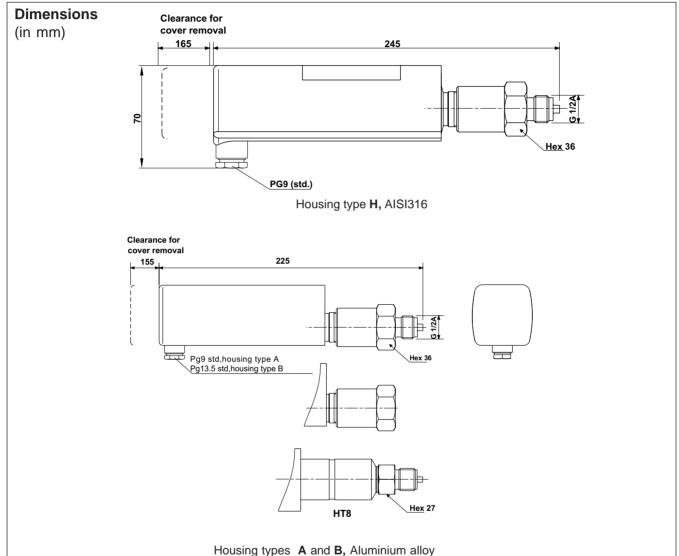
Housing with junction box/terminal strip, **B** and **M**:

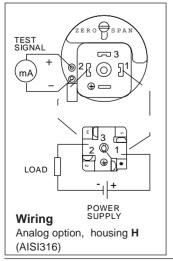
Pg13.5, 1/2-NPT inlet; screw terminals for 0.5 to 2.5 mm² wires, code **M** 0.4 to 0.8 mm² wires, code **B**.

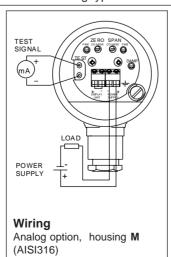
Weight

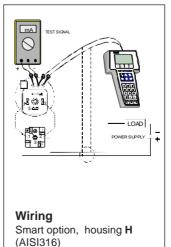
Transmitter

- with housing types **H** and **B**: 1 kg
- with housing type M: 1.3 kg
- with housing type A: 0.9 kg





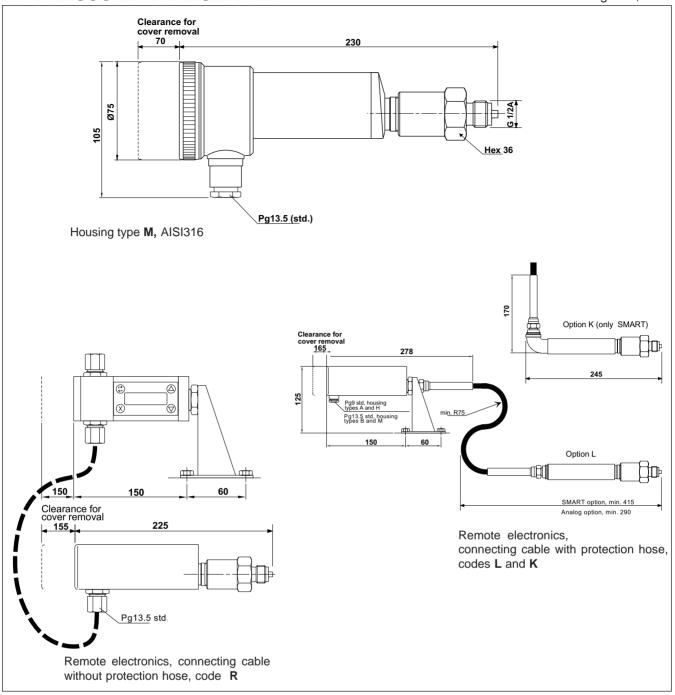


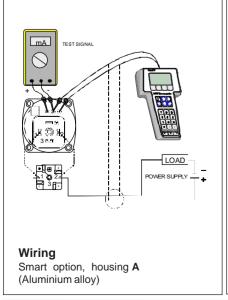


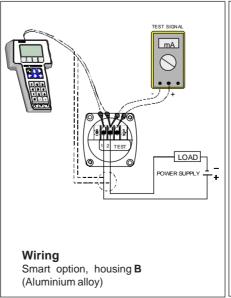


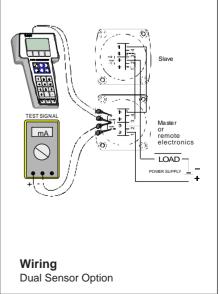


HT PRESSURE TRANSMITTER











HT PRESSURE TRANSMITTER August 2, 1999 **Selection Chart** Adjustability Span Span Measuring range Smart. min. Analog, min. max. 2.9 bar (0.29 MPa) 1.45 bar (0.15 MPa) 22 bar (2.2 MPa) -1...+22 bar (-0.1...+2.2 MPa) HT6A 1.45 bar (0.15 MPa) 2.9 bar (0.29 MPa) 22 bar (2.2 MPa) 0...+22 bar (0...+2.2 MPa),abs. HT7 10 bar (1.0 MPa) 20 bar (2 MPa) 150 bar (15 MPa) 0...+150 bar (0...+15 MPa),abs. **HT8** 67 bar (6.7 MPa) 132 bar (13.2 MPa) 1000 bar (100 MPa) -1...+1000 bar (-0.1...+100 MPa),abs. Output A 4-20 mA DC K 4-20 mA DC (inverse) \$ 4-20 mA DC/Digital HART Protocol D 4-20 mA DC/with dual sensor/Digital HART Protocol (only housing type B) R 4-20 mA DC/remote electronics,connect.cable without protection hose/Digital HART Protocol(only hous. B) Process connection G 1/2A (male) 2 1/2-NPT (male) **3** G1/2 (female) 4 1/2-NPT (female) Wetted materials body diaphragm code material code material 2 AISI316I 2 AISI316L 3 3 Hast.C 276 Hast.C 276 6 Titanium (HT8) Fill fluid (specify for types HT6 and HT7) S Silicone oil G Inert oil Housing type H Housing (AISI316) with plug connector, DIN 43650, no display, inlet PG9 M Housing (AISI316), with junction box/terminal strip, no display, inlet PG13.5 Housing (Aluminium alloy) with plug connector, DIN 43650, with display (only smart), inlet PG9 В Housing (Aluminium alloy) with junction box/terminal strip, with display(only smart), inlet PG13.5 **Explosion proof** 0 No explosion proof classification Special size of electrical inlet N 1/2 NPT M M20 x 1.5 (only housing codes B and M) T Pg 16 (housing codes B and M) Pg13.5 (housing codes A and H) Special features Special electronics (specify only if housing connected with hose to sensing element) - connecting cable with protection hose (output code A, K, S and D) L Hose protected with PTFE/AISI316 braiding, straight K Hose protected with PTFE/AISI316 braiding, angle of 90°, only Smart - connecting cable without protection hose (output code R) 0 Connecting cable will not be delivered with the transmitter P Connecting cable will be delivered with the transmitter Length of cable between sensing element and housing (specify only if housing connected with cable to sensing element) 2 m cable 3 m cable etc. (max. 20 m) Mounting parts for remote electronics No mounting parts 1 Mounting parts **Documentation Calibration Certificate** AE English **Installation and Operating Instructions** IE English IF Finnish **Material Certificates** No material certificate

MC1 Raw materials certificate without appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-2.1 (DIN 50049-2.1) standard

Raw materials certificate for wetted parts with appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-2.2 (DÍN 50049-2.2) MC2 standard

Raw materials certificate for wetted parts with appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-3.1B (DIN 50049-3.1B) standard

We reserve the right for technical modifications without prior notice. HART® is a registered trademark of HART Communication Foundation

 ϵ MEETS THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION DIRECTIVE 89/336/EEC FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.



Our instruments for differential pressure measurement: HD differential pressure transmitter.....Spec. BPdH750

ALSO SUITABLE FOR DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE MEASUREMENT HDL differential pressure transmitterSpec. BLH830

Points to be considered in the installation of differential pressure transmitters

The transmitter should be mounted at a vibration-free location near the point of measurement, which should be selected in such a way that the effects of disturbance factors are as small as possible.

Some of the most common faults noticed in the selection of the point of measurement:

- Pumps and compressors are too close, producing pronounced pulsations (see page 1/01 for protection against pulsations).
- Pipe blend or valve too close.
- Velocity of flow too high in density measurement.

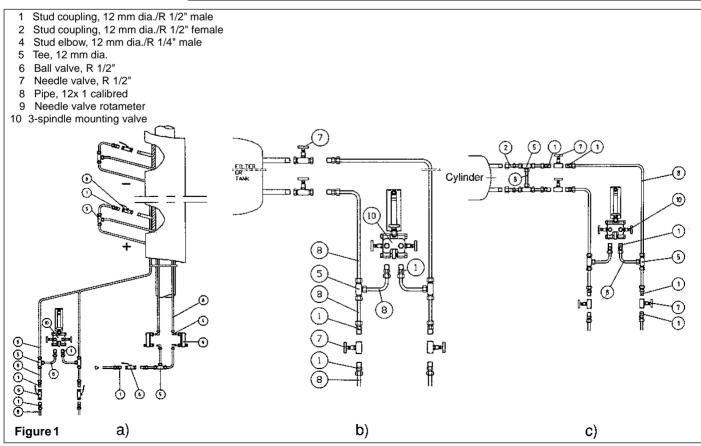
 Incorrectly chosen points of measurement in level measurement (e.g. at a point where flow occurs).

Section 2/02 gives further instructions for the installation of a transmitter for flow measurement.

When measuring corrosive, viscous, or impure media, a continuous or periodic water purging is employed to protect the transmitter and to keep the measurement piping clean. The flow of the purging water is regulated by means of a miniature rotameter equipped with a needle valve (fig. I a) or, in periodic purging, by means of a solenoid valve.

The purging water is often taken directly from the water mains, and possible impurities or pressure variations in the mains may cause disturbances in purging water supply. In important cases it is advisable to use condensate for purging and to use a separate purging water pump in order to obtain a sufficient and steady pressure. The purging water pipes should be connected as close to the process connection of the measurement piping as possible.

| HD Differential Pressure Transmitter HA Absolute Pressure Transmitter (ranges 4 to | | | | , measuring range 0xx, abs.) |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| | Adjustability (±) | | | |
| | | Spa | n | Measuring range |
| | Smart, min. | Analog, min. | max. | |
| 2 | 1 mbar (0.1 kPa) | 1.4 mbar (0.14 kPa) | 10 mbar (1 kPa) | -10+10 mbar (-1+1 kPa) |
| 3 | 4.2 mbar (0.42 kPa) | 8.4 mbar (0.84 kPa) | 63 mbar (6.3 kPa) | -63+63 mbar (-6.3+6.3 kPa) |
| 4 | 27 mbar (2.7 kPa) | 54 mbar (5.4 kPa) | 410 mbar (41 kPa) | -410+410 mbar (-41+41 kPa) |
| 5 | 200 mbar (20 kPa) | 400 mbar (40 kPa) | 3000 mbar (300 kPa) | |
| 6 | 1.45 bar (145 kPa) | 2.9 bar (290 kPa) | 22 bar (2.2 Mpa) | -22+22 bar (-2.2+2.2 Mpa) |
| 7 | 10 bar (1 Mpa) | 20 bar (2 Mpa) | 150 bar (15 Mpa) | -150+150 bar (-15+15 Mpa) |





August 2, 1999

HD differential pressure transmitter belongs to H-transmitter family. The series H transmitters have both analog and smart properties. HD is used for 0-1mbar...0-150 bar ranges. The transmitter communicates in a 2-wire system. In pressure measuring applications HD transmitters are used for measuring differential pressure and vacuum pressure. HD transmitter is equipped with an SOS (Silicon On Sapphire) sensing element. The rangeability on Smart option is 15:1. The transmitter communicates digitally using the HART® protocol.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring range and span See Selection Chart. Zero and Span adjustment

Zero elevation: Calibrated span is freely selectable on the specified range depending from the desired option. This can be made by using extern control shafts (analog option), keyboard (display option) or HART®275 communicator.

Damping

- Smart (code S, D and R) Time constant is continuously adjustable 1 to 60 s.
- Analog (code A and K) Time constant is continuously adjustable
 - min.range: 0.3 to 6 s - max.range: 0.01 to 1 s

Temperature limits

Sensing element operating:

-30 to +120 °C (type HD6 -20 to +120 °C)

Electronics operating: -30 to +80 °C Shipping and storage: -50 to +80 °C.

Pressure limits

Min. and max. process pressure:

| Туре | Max. overload pressure (bar) | | Pressure class |
|-------|------------------------------|------------|----------------|
| | CoNi | Other | |
| | diaphragm | diaphragms | |
| HD2 | 40 | 30 | PN40 |
| HD3 | 100 | 40 | PN100 |
| HD4,5 | 100 | 60 | PN100 |
| HD6 | 100 | 100 | PN100 |
| | | 000 | DNIGOO |
| HD7 | 200 | 200 | PN200 |
| *35 | 400 | 60 | PN400 |
| *7 | 400 | 400 | PN400 |

^{*} types H and U: See Selection Table.

Transmitter operates within specifications for pressures above 10 mbar abs.

Process chamber volume (cm3)

| | | · / |
|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Type | Volume (cm³) | |
| | Standard transmitter | With hydraulic seal |
| HD2 HD37 | 135 20 | - 3.30 |

Process chamber's volumetric

| uispiaceilleili | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| | Volumetric displacement | | |
| Type | (mm³/max. span) | | |
| | Standard | With hydraulic | |
| | transmitter | seal | |
| HD2 | 800 | - | |
| HD3 | 200 | 200 | |
| HD4 | 400 | 400 | |
| | | | |
| HD5 | 470 | 470 | |
| HD6 | 700 | 80 | |
| HD7 | 80 | 80 | |

Output 2-wire (2W), 4-20 mA, user selectable for linear, square root, inverted signal or the transfer function (16 points) specified by the user Supply voltage and permissible load

See the load capacity diagram; - Smart (code S, D and R)

- 4-20 mA output: 11.3-40 VDC. - Analog (code A and K)
- 4-20 mA output: 12-60 VDC.

Humidity limits

0-100 % RH; freezing of condensed water not allowed in reference pressure channels.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Tested in accordance with IEC770: Reference conditions, specified span, no range elevation, horizontal mounting; CoNi diaphragm, silicone oil fill

Accuracy

- Smart (code S, D and R) ±0.2 % of calibrated span (span 1:1-7.5:1 /max.range). On the measuring ranges 7.5:1-15:1: ±[0.01+0.025 x (max.span calibrated span -**)**]% of calibrated span

- Analog (code A and K) ±0.2 % of calibrated span (incl. nonlinearity, hysteresis and repeatability)

Long-term stability ±0.25 %/max. span for 6 months

Temperature effect on compensated

temperature ranges -20 to 80 °C Zero and span shift: ±1.0 % of max. span, ±2.5 % of min. span (double for type HD2)

Static pressure effect on Zero of max. span

HD2: ±0.2 % per 40 bar HD3...7, PN100: ±0.3 % per 100 bar; PN200: ±0.4 % per 200 bar; PN400: ±0.6 % per 400 bar.

Overpressure effect on Zero of max. span

HD2, 3: ±1.0 % per 40 bar; HD4...7: PN100/200: ±0.7 % per 100 bar; PN400: ±2.5 % per 400 bar.

Mounting position effect

Deviation from horizontal position causes a zero shift that can be calibrated out. (Only horizontal position is recommended for type HD2 transmitters.)

Power supply effect

< ±0.01 % of calibrated span per volt.

EMC-test standards

GENERIC EMISSION STANDARD: EN 50081 - 2: 1993 Normative reference: EN 55022:1987/class A GENERIC IMMUNITY STANDARD: EN 50082 - 2: 1995 Normative references: EN 61000-4-2, -4, -5, -8, -11 ENV 50140, ENV 50204, ENV 50141

Insulation test voltage

500 V rms 50 Hz

CONSTRUCTION AND CALIBRATION Materials

Diaphragms ¹⁾: CoNi alloy, AISI316L or Hast. C276.

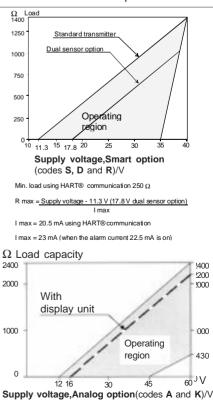
Flanges 1) and vent valves 1): AISI316 or Hast. C276.

O-ring on sensing element: PTFE. Other sensing element materials: AISI316, SIS 2343, SIS 2324. Mounting bolts and nuts for sensor flanges: AISI316 (PN400: m.8.8.Zne)

Fillfluid

Silicone oil (DC200, 10 cSt) or inert oil.

1) Parts in contact with process medium.



Housing with PLUG connector, A and H

Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating) Seals: Viton and NBR

TEST jacks: MS358Sn/PVDF, protected with silicone rubber shield. PLUG connector: PA6-GF30 jacket, Silicone rubber seal, AISI316 retaining

Housing with junction box/terminal strip, B and M

Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating); Seals: Nitrile and Viton; Nameplates: Polyester Connection cable between sensing

element and housing

(codes L and K):

screw.

PTFE hose with AISI316 braiding.

Calibration

For customer-specified range with minimum damping. (If range is not specified, transmitter is calibrated for maximum range.)

Enclosure class: IP66.

Process connections

See Selection Table.

Electrical connections

Housing with PLUG connector, **A** and **H**:

A and H:

PLUG connector, connector type DIN 43650 model AF; Pg9 gland for cable; wire gross-section 0.5 to 1.5 mm².

Housing with junction box/terminal strip.

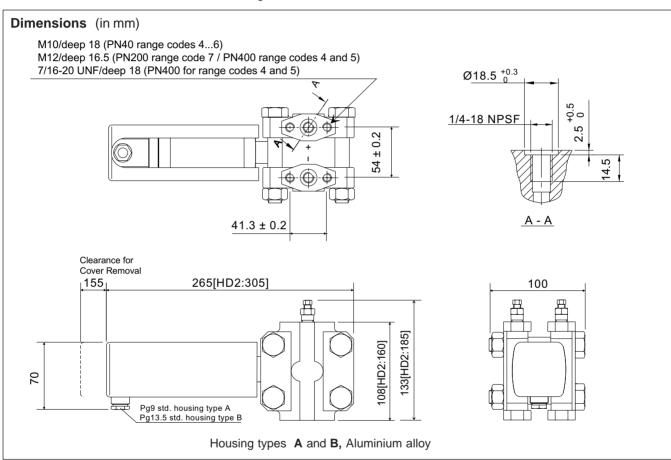
B and M:

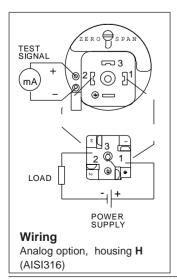
Pg13.5, 1/2-NPT inlet; screw terminals for

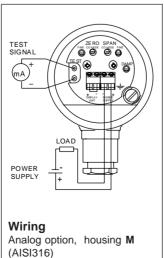
0.5 to 2.5 mm² wires, code **M** 0.4 to 0.8 mm² wires, code **B**.

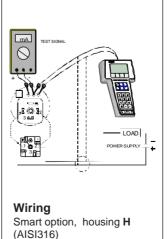
Weight (kg)

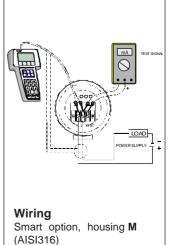
| Туре | Housing type | | |
|---------|--------------|-----|--|
| | A, B and H | M | |
| HD2 | 8.3 | 8.7 | |
| HD37 | 5.5 | 5.9 | |
| HD37 | | | |
| (PN400) | 6.9 | 7.3 | |



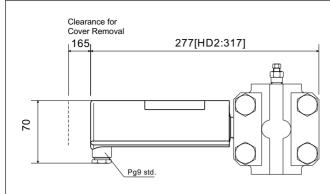




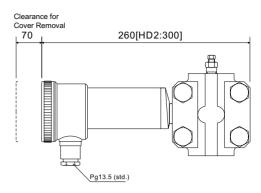




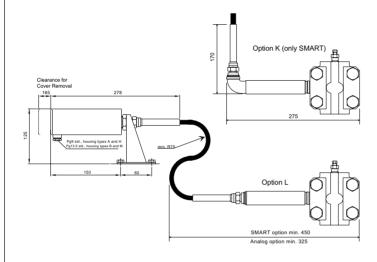




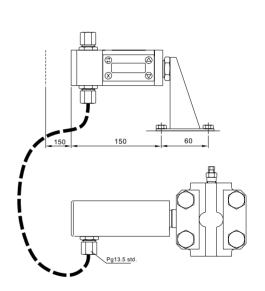
Housing type H, AISI316



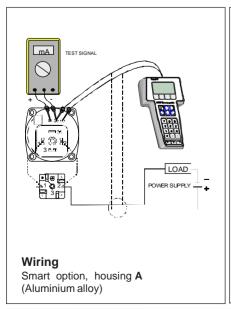
Housing type M, AISI316

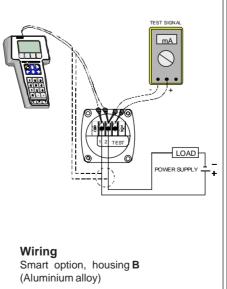


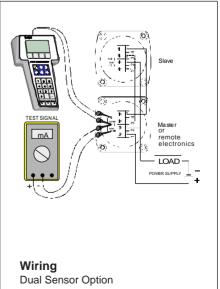
Remote electronics, connecting cable with protection hose, codes ${\bf L}$ and ${\bf K}$



Remote electronics, connecting cable without protection hose, code $\,R\,$









Selection Chart **Differential Pressure Transmitter Absolute Pressure Transmitter** (ranges 4 to 7, measuring range 0...xx, abs.) Adjustability (±) Measuring range Span Span Smart min Analog, min. max. 1.4 mbar (0.14 kPa) 10 mbar (1 kPa) 1 mbar (0.1 kPa) -10...+10 mbar (-1...+1 kPa) 4.2 mbar (0.42 kPa) 8.4 mbar (0.84 kPa) 63 mbar (6.3 kPa) -63...+63 mbar (-6.3...+6.3 kPa) 27 mbar (2.7 kPa) 54 mbar (5.4 kPa) 410 mbar (41 kPa) -410...+410 mbar (-41...+41 kPa) 200 mbar (20 kPa) 400 mbar (40 kPa) 3000 mbar (300 kPa) -3000...+3000 mbar (-300...+300 kPa) 1.45 bar (145 kPa) 2.9 bar (290 kPa) 22 bar (2.2 Mpa) -22...+22 bar (-2.2...+2.2 Mpa) 10 bar (1 Mpa) 20 bar (2 Mpa) -150...+150 bar (-15...+15 Mpa) 150 bar (15 Mpa) A 4-20 mA DC K 4-20 mA DC (inverse) \$ 4-20 mA DC/Digital HART Protocol Output **D** 4-20 mA DC/with dual sensor/Digital HART Protocol (only housing type **B**) R 4-20 mA DC/remote electronics,connect.cable without protection hose/Digital HART Protocol(only hous. B) **Process connections** D M10,PN40 range 2/PN100 ranges 3 to 6,DIN19213 Teil 1. H M12,PN400 ranges 3, 4, 5 and 7,DIN 19213 Teil 2. **U** 7/16-20 UNF,(PN400 ranges 3, 4, 5 and 7 only). F Screwed flange adapters, PN40 range 2 and PN100 ranges 3 to 6,DIN19213 Teil 1; PN250 range 7,DIN19213 Teil 2. **Z** Welded flange adapters, PN400 ranges 3 to 5 and 7, DIN19213. V Connection through hydraulic seal. Wetted materials **Flanges** Diaphragm coating Diaphragm Code Material Code Material Code Material 2 AISI316L 2 AISI316L (specify only when coated) 3 (std, range codes 6 & 7) Hast.C 276 Hast.C 276 CoNi alloy gold/Rhodium (std, range codes 2 to 5) Fill fluid Silicone oil G Inert oil Housing type Housing (AISI316) with plug connector, DIN 43650, no display, inlet PG9 Housing (AISI316), with junction box/terminal strip, no display, inlet PG13.5 Housing (Aluminium alloy) with plug connector, DIN 43650, with display (only smart), inlet PG9 Housing (Aluminium alloy) with junction box/terminal strip, with display(only smart),inlet PG13.5 **0** No explosion proof classification **Explosion proof** Thread type Thread size Process thread on flange adapter Code Type Code Size straight R thread (only specify for type F) R 2 1/4 N NPS thread 3 3/8 Р taper R thread 4 1/2 NPT thread Special size of electrical inlet 1/2 NPT M M20 x 1.5 (only housing codes **B** and **M**) T Pg 16 (housing codes B and M) Pg13.5 (housing codes A and H) Special features Special electronics (specify only if housing connected with hose to sensing element) connecting cable with protection hose (output code A, K, S and D). Hose protected with PTFE/AISI316 braiding, straight K Hose protected with PTFE/AISI316 braiding, angle of 90°, only Smart connecting cable without protection hose (output code R) Connecting cable will not be delivered with the transmitter Connecting cable will be delivered with the transmitter Length of cable between sensing element and housing (specify only if housing connected with cable to sensing element) 2 m cable 3 m cable Mounting parts for remote electronics No mounting parts 1 Mounting parts **Documentation Calibration Certificate** AE English **Installation and Operating Instructions** ΙE English IF Finnish **Material Certificates** No material certificate MC1 Raw materials certificate without appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-2.1 (DIN 50049-2.1) standard Raw materials certificate for wetted parts with appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-2.2 (DIN 50049-2.2) MC₂ MC3 Raw materials certificate for wetted parts with appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-3.1B (DIN 50049-3.1B) standard

We reserve the right for technical modifications without prior notice. HART® is a registered trademark of HART Communication Foundation

MEETS THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION DIRECTIVE 89/336/EEC FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.



Our instruments for flow measurement:

- Condensate pot...... Spec. G450
- HD differential pressure transmitter...... Spec. BPdH750

FOR MEASUREMENT IN AN OPEN CHANNEL:

HG pressure transmitter Spec. BPLH700 HV pressure transmitter Spec. BLH810

FOR MEASUREMENT IN A PIPE:

HD differential pressure transmitter...... Spec. BPdH750

Measurement in a pipe by means of restricting element (Fig. 1)

The flow to be measured in a pipe is passed through a restricting device and the pressure differential between two points, one upstream of the restriction and the other immediately downstream from it, is measured by means of a transmitter. (Pressure upstream of the restriction = the high-pressure or positive side, and the pressure downstream = the low-pressure or negative side). The differential pressure Δp thus obtained is proportional to the square of flow Q, i.e.,

$$Q = k \sqrt{\Delta p}$$
 (k = constant)

For this reason a linearization relay is normally required in a control loop between transmitter and controller. It is also possible to use a transmitter that incorporates square root extraction.

Open channel measurement (Fig. 2)

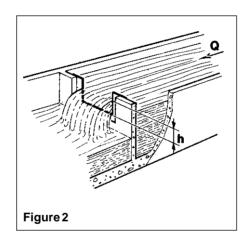
Open channel measurement is used primarily for liquids that contain impurities (e.g. waste water). Measurement is based on restricting the flow in such a manner that the level rises upstream of the restriction. Level variations are measured with either a bubbling tube or a flanged transmitter (see Liquid level measurement). The signal thus obtained is linearized as follows:

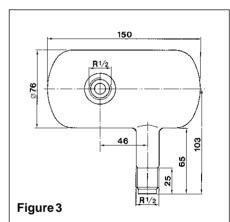
Weir with rectangular opening, and Venturi flume:

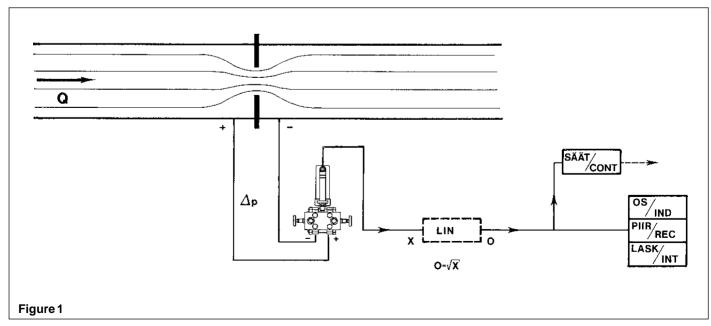
$$Q = kh^{3/2}$$
 (k = constant)

Weir with V opening:

$$Q = kh^{5/2}$$







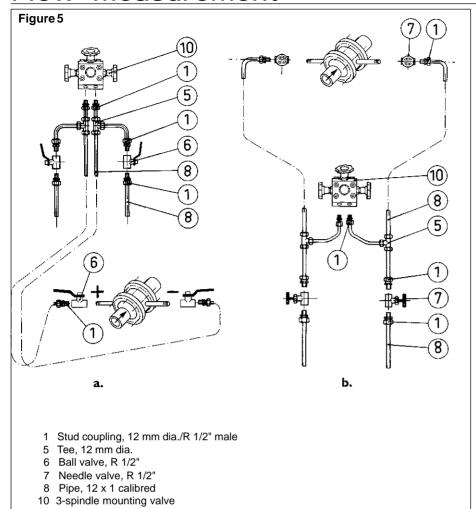
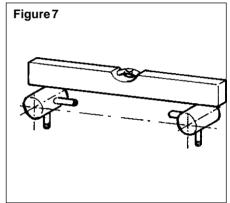
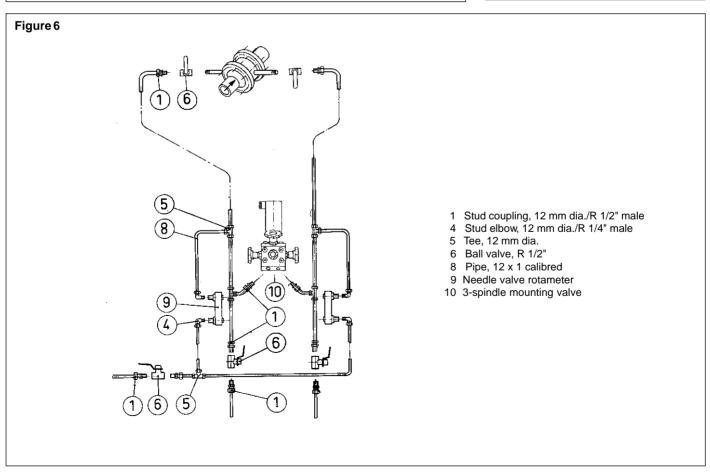


Figure 4 Gas flow application





Condensate pot

In steam flow measurement special condensate pots are installed in the immediate vicinity of restricting organ. The connection pipes from the restricting device to the condensate pots are full of steam, and from the condensate pot to the meter full of condensate. The condensate pots must be mounted in such a manner that the liquid levels are the same in them.

The function of the condensate pots is to condensate steam into a liquid (e.g. to protect the transmitter from heat, to prevent dribbling), to keep the liquid levels unaltered with overflow and to collect air. The condensate water transmits the pressure to the transmitter, so that the transmitter itself is not in contact with steam.

Technical specification

Working pressure max.: 64 bar

Max. operating temperature: +400°C

Materials

- gables: H 11 DIN 17155

- pipe: St 35.8/11

- screw socket: Fe 44 BP

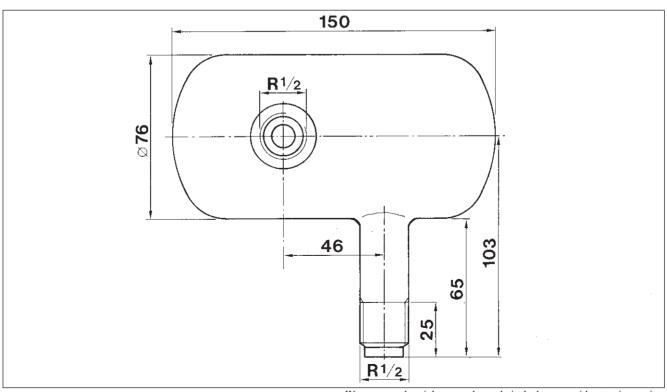
Surface handling: silicon painting

Weight: 1.7 kg

Approval of construction

RS 1087 75 RS224276





We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice. Performance is indicated in accordance with IEC546 and IEC770 recommendations.



Our instruments for liquid level measurement:

ALSO SUITABLE FOR LIQUID LEVEL MEASUREMENT

HG pressure transmitter Spec. BPLH700 HV pressure transmitter Spec. BLH810 HL pressure transmitter Spec. BLH820 HDL differential pressure transmitter. Spec. BLH830

HD differential pressure transmitter ... Spec. BPdH750

Liquid level measurement using a transmitter

In an open vessel the liquid level is propotional to the hydrostatic pressure in the vessel, and level can be measured by means of pressure measurement. The most commonly used methods are measurement through the side of the vessel by means of a flanged pressure or differential pressure transmitter, as in fig. 2 (the negative leg connection of differential pressure transmitter is left open), and bubbling tube measurement, as in fig. 3. In the latter method compressed air is fed through a monitoring rotameter into a bubbling tube and the back pressure produced in the tube proportional to liquid level - is measured.

The choice between these two methods, bubbling tube or flanged transmitter, is determined between by the ease of making the process connection and by the likelihood of sedimentation. The bubbling tube is well suited for applications such as level measurement in a stock chest made of cement where, especially at some later date, it would be difficult to install a side connection for a flanged transmitter.

In general a flanged transmitter is suitable for almost any type of vessel. With fluids liable to form sediments the measuring diaphragm can be kept clean by washing it trough a special flushing flange (fig. 1). The flange is installed between the transmitter and the process flange. A continuous or periodic water flow is issued through the flushing bore. If level variations are

small and if the fluid is not liable to form sediments, a float type transmitter can be

In a pressurized vessel the liquid level can be measured with a flangeless or flanged differential pressure transmitter (fig. 4). When measuring fluids liable to form sediments, a flanged transmitter is equipped with a flushing flange when necessary.

As in open vessel, a float type transmitter can be used for level measurement if there is no risk of sedimentation and if level variations are small.

Calculating the calibration values (fig. 2)

To simplify the calculations, the effect of the density of the gas above the liquid level has been ignored.

s, h, and k = distances as in fig. 2. d, = relative density of the liquid with respect to water at 4°c.

d_a = relative density with respect to water of the fill fluid in the negative leg. When s, h, and k are expressed in metres, the unit for range elevation, span, and supression is mH2O; for millimetres the unit is mmH2O, etc.

Open vessel

Span = dh Elevation = d_is Range = $d_i s$ to $(d_i s + d_i h)$

Example:

 $d_1 = 1.2$, h = 1000 mm, and s = 500 mm, then span = $1.2 \times 1000 \text{ mmH}_{2}\text{O}$ = 1200 mmH₂O, elevation = 1.2 x 500 mmH₂O = 600 mmH_oO, range = 600 to (600 + 1200) = 600 to

1800 mmH₂O \approx 59 to 177 mbar.

0 0.5 A Pressure transmitter HL 2 M 16 nut 3 DN80 gaskets Process flange Flushing flange 6 GE8-L1/4" BSP stud coupling Figure 1

Pressurized vessel

When no fill fluid is used in the negative leg, the calculation is the same as for open vessel. If the negative leg is filled with condensate or some other liquid, then

suppression =
$$d_1 s - d_2 k$$

range =
$$(d_1 s - d_2 k)$$
 to $(d_1 s - d_2 k) + d_1 h$

Example:

 $d_1 = 0.9$, $d_2 = 1.0$, h = 5m, s = 1 m, and k = 6.5 m, then

Span = $0.9 \times 5 \text{ mH}_{2}\text{O} = 4.5 \text{ mH}_{2}\text{O}$, Suppression = $(0.9 \times 1 - 1.0 \times 6.5)$ mH₂O

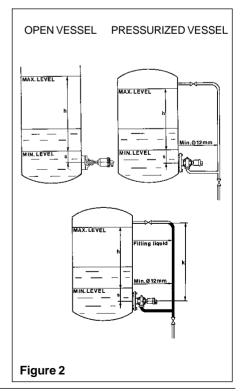
 $= -5.6 \text{ mH}_{2}\text{O},$ Range

= -5.6 to (-5.6+4.5) mH₂O

 $= -5.6 \text{ to } -1.1 \text{ mH}_{2}\text{O}$

= -549 to -108 mbar.

The minus sign indicates that, when calibrating, the pressure is taken to the negative side of the transmitter.

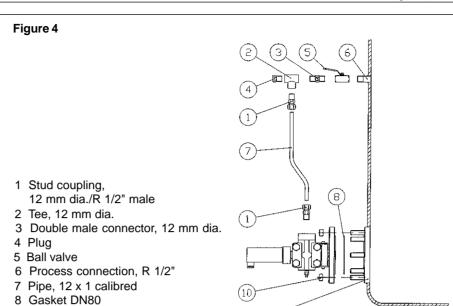




Liquid level measurement

Installation examples

As regards process connection materials and connection piping, the requirements are the same as in pressure measurement. Figure 1 shows an ordinary flanged transmitter in an open vessel application, with corresponding process flange and flushing flange. Figure 3 shows an installation example for bubbling tube application. Figure 4 illustrates level measurement in a pressurized vessel with flanged transmitter. When measuring liquid level in an open vessel in the same manner, the suppression pipe is not needed. Bating of the piping system and vessel have to be taken account when selecting the gasket material. Gasket materials have to be selected in such a way that the eventual bate is not absorbed in the gasket (e.g. Viton)

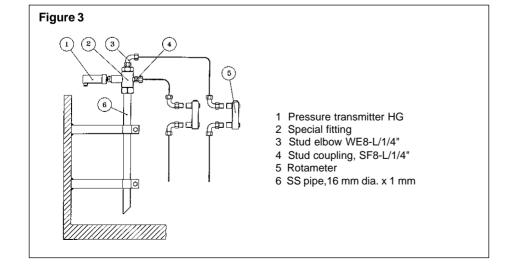


| _iquid | Adjustability | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| evel | Span | | | Measuring range |
| measurement | Smart, min. | Analog, min. | max. | |
| HG4 | 40 mbar (4kPa) | 80 mbar (8 kPa) | 600 mbar (60 kPa) | -600600 mbar (-60+60 kPa) |
| HG5 | 265 mbar (26.5 kPa) | 600 mbar (60 kPa) | 4000 mbar (400 kPa) | -9504000 mbar (-95+400 kPa) |
| HG6 | 1.45 bar (0.145 MPa | 2.9 bar (0.29 MPa) | 22 bar (2.2 MPa) | -122 bar (-0.1+2.2 MPa) |
| HG6A HG7 | 1.45 bar (0.145 MPa) 10 bar (1 MPa) | 2.9 bar (0.29 MPa) 20 bar (2 MPa) | 22 bar (2.2 MPa) 150 bar (15 MPa) | 022 bar (0+2.2 MPa), abs. 0150 bar (0+15 MPa), abs. |
| HL4 HL5 HL6 HL6A HL7 | 40 mbar (4kPa) 265 mbar (26.5 kPa) 1.45 bar (0.145 MPa 1.45 bar (0.145 MPa) 10 bar (1 MPa) | 80 mbar (8 kPa) 600 mbar (60 kPa) 2.9 bar (0.29 MPa) 2.9 bar (0.29 MPa) 20 bar (2 MPa) | 600 mbar (60 kPa) 4000 mbar (400 kPa) 22 bar (2.2 MPa) 22 bar (2.2 MPa) 150 bar (15 MPa) | -600600 mbar (-60+60 kPa) -9504000 mbar (-95+400 kPa) -122 bar (-0.1+2.2 MPa) 022 bar (0+2.2 MPa), abs. 0150 bar (0+15 MPa), abs. |
| HVx4 1) HVx5 | 40 mbar (4kPa) 265 mbar (26.5 kPa) | 80 mbar (8 kPa) 600 mbar (60 kPa) | 600 mbar (60 kPa) 2000 mbar (200 kPa) | -600600 mbar (-60+60 kPa) -9502000 mbar (-95+200 kPa) |
| | ntial Pressure Transmit te Pressure Transmitter | | asuring range 0xx, abs.) | |
| 3 4 5 6 | 10 mbar (1.0 kPa) 27 mbar (2.7 kPa) 200 mbar (20 kPa) 1.45 bar (145 kPa) | 20 mbar (2.0 kPa) 54 mbar (5.4 kPa) 400 mbar (40 kPa) 2.9 bar (290 kPa) | 63 mbar (6.3 kPa) 410 mbar (41 kPa) 3000 mbar (300 kPa) 22 bar (2.2 Mpa) | -63+63 mbar (-6.3+6.3 kPa) -410+410 mbar (-41+41 kPa) -3000+3000 mbar (-300+300 kPa -22+22 bar (-2.2+2.2 Mpa) |

9 Flange connection DN80

10 Nut

1) x; See Spec. BLH810





HG PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

HG pressure transmitter belongs to the series H transmitters which will have both analog and smart properties. HG is used for 0-40 mbar...0-150 bar ranges. The transmitter communicates in a 2-wire system. In pressure measuring applications HGtransmitters are used for measuring the pressure of clean, sedimenting, crystallizing and sticking materials. The transmitter's sensor is piezoresistive. The rangeability on Smart option is 15:1. The transmitter communicates digitally using the HART®protocol.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring range and span See Selection Chart.

Zero and Span adjustment

Zero elevation: Calibrated span is freely selectable on the specified range depending from the desired option. This can be made by using extern control shafts (analog option), keyboard (display option) or HART®275 communicator.

Damping

- Smart (codes S, D and R) Time constant is continuously adjustable 1 to 60 s.

- Analog (codes A and K) Time constant is continuously adjustable

- min.range: 0.3 to 6 s - max.range: 0.01 to 1 s

Temperature limits

Ambient: -30 to +80 °C Process: -30 to +120 °C

Shipping and storage: -40 to +80 °C. Pressure limits Min. and max. process pressure: See the appended tables.

Volumetric displacement

< 0.5 mm³/max. span

Output 2-wire (2W), 4-20 mA, user selectable for linear, square root, inverted signal or the transfer function (16 points) specified by the user

Supply voltage and permissible load See the load capacity diagram;

- Smart (codes S, D and R) 4-20 mA output: 11.3-40 VDC

- Analog (codes A and K) 4-20 mA output: 12-60 VDC.

Humidity limits

0-100 % RH; freezing of condensed water not allowed in reference pressure channels.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Tested in accordance with IEC770: Reference conditions, specified span, no range elevation, horizontal mounting; O-ring seals, AISI316L diaphragm, silicone oil fill.

Accuracy

- Smart (codes S, D and R) ±0.1 % of calibrated span (span 1:1-7.5:1 /max.range). On the measuring ranges 7.5:1-15:1: $\pm [0.01+0.012 \times (\frac{\text{max.span}}{\text{calibrated span}})]\% \text{ of}$ calibrated span

- Analog (codes A and K) ±0.2 % of calibrated span (incl. nonlinearity, hysteresis and repeatability)

1) Parts in contact with process medium

Long-term stability

HG4 and HG5 ±0.25 %/max. span/6 months HG6 and HG7 ±0.25 %/max. span/12 months

Temperature effect on compensated temperature ranges -20...+80 °C Zero and span shift:

Smart: ±0.25 % of max. span Analog HG4 and HG5: ±0.5 % of max. span Analog HG6 and HG7: ±1.3 % of max. span

Mounting position effect

Zero error < 0.32 kPa, which can be calibrated out.

Vibration effect (IEC 68-2-6: FC): ±0.1 % of measuring range/ 2g/10 to 2000 Hz 4q/10 to 100 Hz

Power supply effect

< ±0.01 of calibrated span per volt

EMC-test standards

GENERIC EMISSION STANDARD: EN 50081 - 2: 1993 Normative reference: EN 55022:1987/class A GENERIC IMMUNITY STANDARD: EN 50082 - 2: 1995 Normative references: EN 61000-4-2, -4, -5, -8, -11 ENV 50140, ENV 50204, ENV 50141

Insulation test voltage 500 V rms 50 Hz

CONSTRUCTION AND CALIBRATION Materials

Diaphragm 1): AISI316L, Hast. C276 or Tantalum. Coupling 1): AISI316L or Hast.C276

Other sensing element materials: AISI316, SIS 2343, SIS 2382.

Filling fluid: Silicone oil or inert oil

Enclosure class IP66

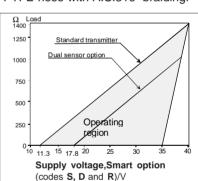
Pressure limits Maximum process pressure, bar

| maximam process procedure, se | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Trans- mitter type | Max. overload pressure | Pressure class |
| HG4 HG5 HG6 HG7 | 3 15 75 250 | PN40 PN40 PN100 PN250 |

Housing with PLUG connector,

housing type codes A and H Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating) Seals: Viton and NBR TEST jacks: MS358Sn/PVDF, protected with silicone rubber shield. PLUG connector: PA6-GF30 jacket, Silicone rubber seal, AISI316 retaining screw.

Housing with junction box/terminal strip, housing type codes B and M Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium allov (Nickel-Chrome coating); Seals: Nitrile and Viton; Nameplates: Polyester Connection hose between sensing element and housing (codes L and K): PTFE hose with AISI316 braiding.

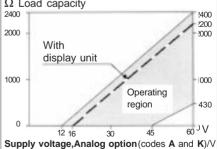


Min. load using HART® communication 250 Ω

R max = Supply voltage - 11.3 V (17.8 V dual sensor option)

I max = 20.5 mA using HART® communication

 Ω Load capacity



Minimum process pressure

| T _{proc.} | Minimum pressure for different fill fluids (mbar, abs.) | | |
|--------------------|---|-----------|--|
| ℃ | DC200 100 cSt | Inert oil | |
| 20 | 50 | 80 | |
| 40 | 80 | 100 | |
| 80 | 160 | 280 | |
| 120 | 210 | 530 | |



HG PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

Calibration

For customer-specified range with minimum damping. (If range is not specified, transmitter is calibrated for maximum range.)

Process connections

G1 connecting thread Process couplings: See Selection Chart and installation instructions or technical specification: Couplings for Transmitters **G150**.

Electrical connections

Housing with PLUG connector, A and H:

PLUG connector, connector type DIN 43650 model AF; Pg9 gland for cable; wire gross-section 0.5 to 1.5 mm².

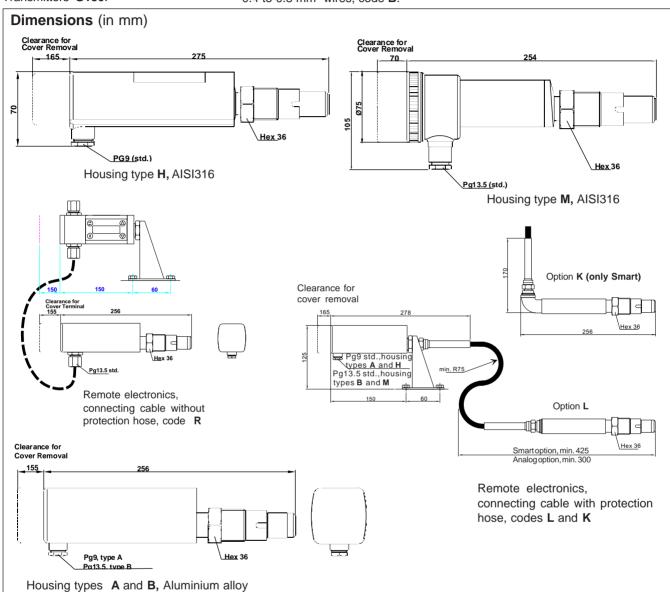
Housing with junction box/terminal strip, **B** and **M**:

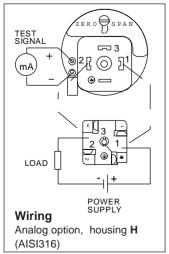
Pg13.5, 1/2-NPT inlet; screw terminals for 0.5 to 2.5 mm² wires, code **M** 0.4 to 0.8 mm² wires, code **B**.

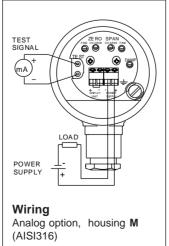
Weight

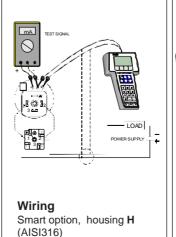
Transmitter

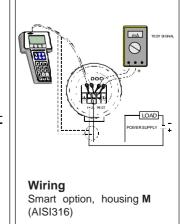
- with housing types H and B: 1 kg
- with housing type M: 1.3 kg
- with housing type A: 0.9 kg





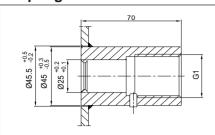








Couplings



Standard coupling

Material: AISI316 L or Hastellov C

Special couplings:

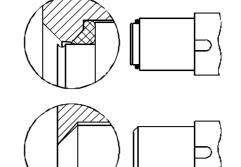
G1 hygienic coupling, M548101 G1/2A/G1 coupling, M546190 G1/2A/G1 coupling with venting, M860280

G1/2A/ G1 couplings with bracket:

- G1/2A male, M546195
- G1/2 female, M550393

Transmitter's process sealing

Three different options are available for the transmitter's process sealing:



AISI316L diaphragm, Viton O-ring (code 1)

AISI316L diaphragm, PTFE O-ring (code **2**)

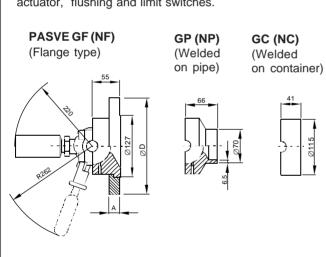
AISI316L, Hastelloy C276 or Tantalum diaphragm, metal/metal taper sealing (diaphragm on sealing face) (code 4)

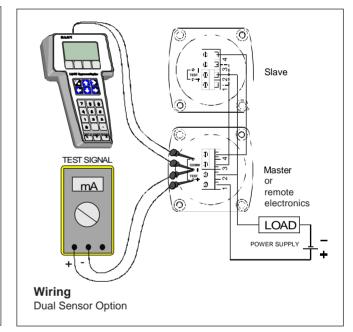


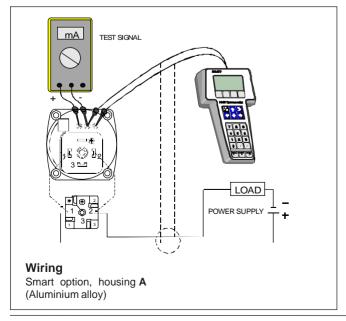
Dimensions of flanged couplings, see the installation and setting-up instructions

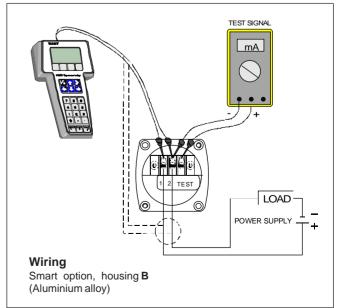
PASVE mounting & service valve

All PASVE types are also available with pneumatic actuator, flushing and limit switches.











HG PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

Selection Chart

| Adjustability | | | | |
|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|
| | | | Span | Measuring range |
| | Smart, min. | Analog, min. | max. | , , |
| HG4 | 40 mbar (4kPa) | 80 mbar (8 kPa) | 600 mbar (60 kPa) | -600600 mbar (-60+60 kPa) |
| HG5 | 265 mbar (26.5 kPa) | 600 mbar (60 kPa) | 4000 mbar (400 kPa) | -9504000 mbar (-95+400 kPa) |
| HG6 | 1.45 bar (0.145 MPa | 2.9 bar (0.29 MPa) | 22 bar (2.2 MPa) | -122 bar (-0.1+2.2 MPa) |
| HG6A | 1.45 bar (0.145 MPa) | 2.9 bar (0.29 MPa) | 22 bar (2.2 MPa) | 022 bar (0+2.2 MPa), abs. |
| HG7 | 10 bar (1 MPa) | 20 bar (2 MPa) | 150 bar (15 MPa) | 0150 bar (0+15 MPa), abs. |
| Outp | D 4-20 mA DC/with de | | Protocol (only housing ty | |
| I R | | | | gital HART Protocol (only hous. B) |
| | Process seal | | | etal/metal taper |
| | Wetted materials Fill fluid | S Silicone oil | G Inert oil | 5 Tantalum (only proc.seal code 4 |
| | Housing | | G mercon | |
| | M Hous A Hous B Hous | ing (AISI316) with junctioning (Alumin. alloy) with plu | | splay, inlet PG13.5 vith display (only smart),inlet PG9 th display (only smart),inlet PG13.5 |
| | | xpiosion prooi | • No explosion proof of | Classification |
| | | | . — / — | |
| | | | / [] / [] | |
| | | | | |
| P PASVE Specify spe | upling E Hygienic rd coupling E mounting valve, specify ecial couplings separately of electrical inlet | 3 Hast.C separately in the order in the order | 6L 2276 | |
| | M M20 x 1. nousing codes B and M) (housing codes A and I | 5 (only housing codes B | and M) | |
| connecting of L Hose prote K Hose prote connecting of Connecting | | ose (output code A, K, S a braiding, straight braiding, angle of 90°, on hose (output code R) ed with the transmitter | , | |
| | nnection cable between a f housing connected with le 3 3 m cable | | ent) | |
| Mounting par 0 No mounti | ts for remote electronic ing parts 1 Mountir | S | | |
| Documentat | ion | | | |
| Calibration Co | ertificate | AE English | | |
| Landa Hadana | nd Operating Instruction | | IF Finnish | |
| installation at | iu Operannu manuchor | | | |

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MEETS THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION DIRECTIVE 89/336/EEC FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.



HV pressure transmitter belongs to H-transmitter family.

The series H transmitters have both analog and smart properties. HV is used for 0-40 mbar...0-2 bar ranges. The transmitter communicates in a 2-wire system.

HV pressure transmitter is suitable for liquid level measurements in ground and rock tanks, and in open channels and ships' tanks. HV pressure transmitter can be used in corrosive conditions and to measure contaminating liquids. Possible foam on the surface of the measured liquid does not disturb the measurement. HV does not require compressed air supply.

The transmitter's sensor is piezoresistive. The rangeability on Smart option is 15:1. The transmitter communicates digitally using the HART® protocol.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring range and span See Selection Chart. Zero and Span adjustment

Zero elevation: Calibrated span is freely selectable on the specified range depending from the desired option. This can be made by using extern control shafts (analog option), keyboard (display option) or HART®275 communicator.

Damping

- Smart (output code S, D and R) Time constant is continuously adjustable 1 to 60 s.
- Analog (output code A and K) Time constant is continuously adjustable

- min.range: 0.3 to 6 s - max.range: 0.01 to 1 s

Temperature limits

Process: -10 to +80 °C Ambient: -30 to +80 °C Shipping and storage: -40 to +80 °C Equipment cabinet is recommended for extremely demanding conditions.

Pressure limits

Min. and max. process pressure: See the appended tables.

Output 2-wire (2W), 4-20 mA, user selectable for linear, square root, inverted signal or the transfer function (16 points) specified by the user Supply voltage and permissible load

See the load capacity diagram; - Smart (code S, D and R)

4-20 mÀ output: 11.3-40 VDC

- Analog (code A and K) 4-20 mA output: 12-60 VDC.

Humidity limits 0-100 % RH; freezing of condensed water not allowed in reference pressure channels.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Tested in accordance with IEC770: Reference conditions, specified span, no range elevation, AISI316L diaphragm, silicone oil fill.

Accuracy

- Smart (output codes S, D and R)
- ±0.1 % of calibrated span (span 1:1-7.5:1 /max.range) On the measuring ranges 7.5:1-15:1:
- $\pm [0.01+0.012 \text{ x} \left(\frac{\text{max.span}}{\text{calibrated span}}\right)]\% \text{ of}$ calibrated span
- Analog (output codes A and K) ±0.2 % of calibrated span (incl. nonlinearity, hysteresis and repeatability)

Long-term stability

±0.25 % of max. span per 6 months

Temperature effect on compensated temperature ranges

Zero and span shift: ±0.5 % of max.span

Mounting position effect

Zero error <0.32 kPa, which can be calibrated out.

Vibration effect (IEC 68-2-6: FC): ±0.1 % of measuring range/ 2 g/10 to 2000 Hz

4 g/10 to 100 Hz Power supply effect

<±0.01 % of calibrated span per volt.

EMC-test standards

CENERIC EMISSION STANDARD: EN 50081 - 2: 1993

Normative reference:

EN 55022:1987/class A

GENERIC IMMUNITY STANDARD:

EN 50082 - 2: 1995 Normative references:

EN 61000-4-2, -4, -5, -8, -11 ENV 50140, ENV 50204, ENV 50141

Insulation test voltage

500 V rms 50 Hz.

CONSTRUCTION AND CALIBRATION Materials

Diaphragm 1): AISI316L, Hast. C276 or Tantalum.

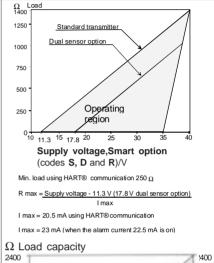
Sensing element 1): AISI316, PTFE/ AISI316 or PVC

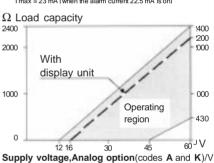
Other materials: SIS2343, SIS 2382 Fill fluid Silicone oil or inert oil.

Housing with PLUG connector, Aand Н

Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating) Seals: Viton and NBR TEST jacks: MS358Sn/PVDF protected with silicone rubber shield. PLUG connector: PA6-GF30 jacket, Silicone rubber seal, AISI316 retaining

1) Parts in contact with process medium





Housing with junction box/terminal

strip, B and M Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating); Seals: Nitrile and Viton; Nameplates: Polyester Connection cable between sensing

element and housing

PTFE hose with AISI316 braiding.

Equipment cabinet Rittal AE1380, Steel cabinet with polyester paint.

Enclosure class: IP66.

Calibration

For customer-specified range with minimum damping. (If range is not specified, transmitter is calibrated for maximum range.)

Pressure limits

Minimum process pressure Maximum process pressure, bar T_{proc.} Minimum process pressure Max. Pressure for different fill fluids (mbar, abs. overload Transmitter type class °C pressure DC200 Inert oil 100 cSt HV...4 3 PN40 50 80 20 40 100 HV...5 15 PN40 160 280



HV PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

Electrical connections Housing with PLUG connector, A and H: PLUG connector, connector type DIN 43650 model AF; Pg9 gland for cable; wire gross-section 0.5 to 1.5 mm².

Housing with junction box/ terminal strip, B and M: Pg13.5, 1/2-NPT inlet; screw terminals for

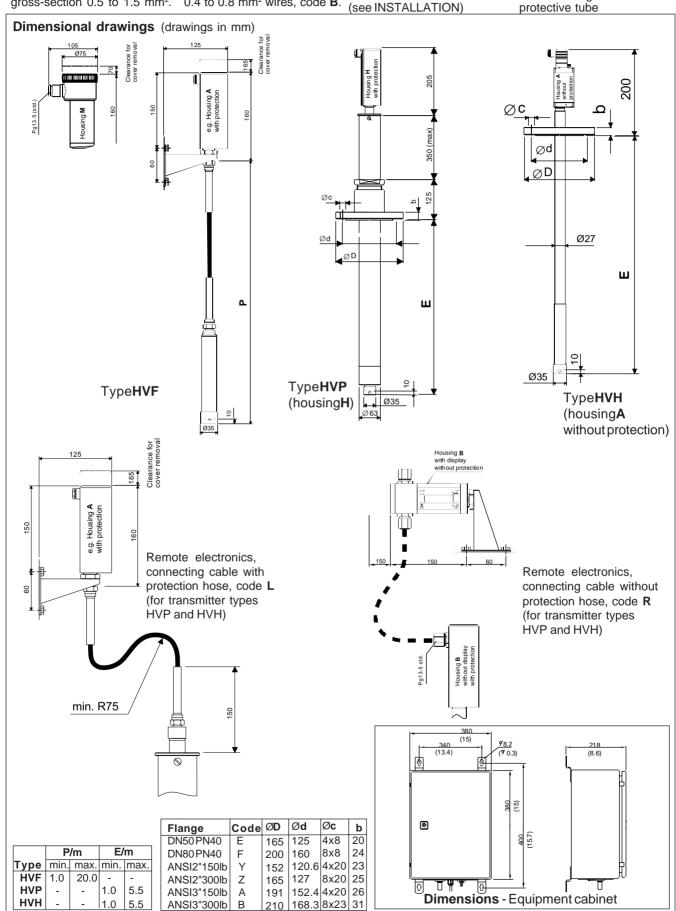
0.5 to 2.5 mm² wires, code **M** 0.4 to 0.8 mm² wires, code B.

Process connections DN50PN40, DN80PN40, ANSI2" 150 lbs/300 lbs, ANSI3" 150 lbs/300 lbs; clamp mounting on angle bracket

Weight (kg):• **HVF** 2.5 kg
• **HVP** 9.0 kg

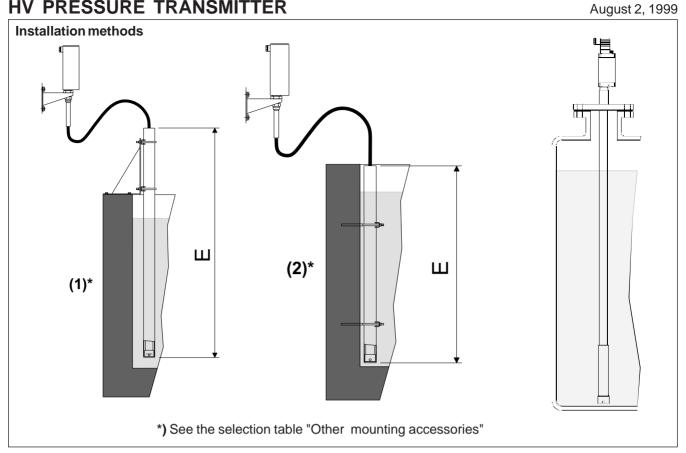
•**HVH** 9.5 kg + 1 kg/m withPVC protective

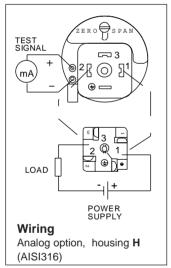
tube and 3 kg/m with AISI316 protective tube

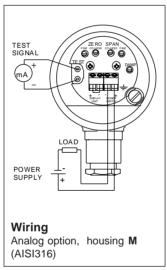


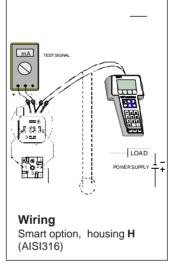


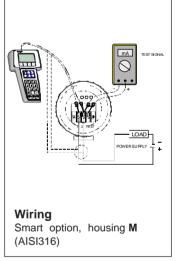
HV PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

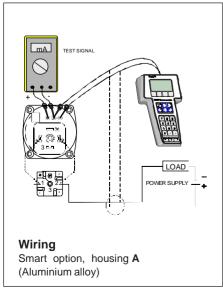


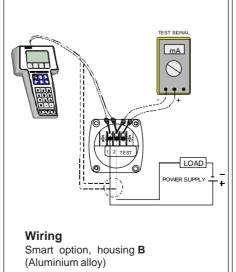


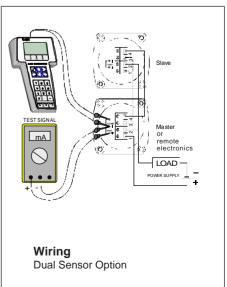














HV PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

Selection Chart Transmitter types HVF Flexible PTFE hose (PTFE/AISI316 braiding) HVP PVC hose/Flange Fixed mounting tube HVH AISI316L hose/Flange (Fixed mounting tube) Adjustability Snan Span Measuring range Smart, min. Analog, min. max. 40 mbar (4kPa) 80 mbar (8 kPa) 600 mbar (60 kPa) -600...600 mbar (-60...+60 kPa) 265 mbar (26.5 kPa) 5 600 mbar (60 kPa) 2000 mbar (200 kPa) -950...2000 mbar (-95...+200 kPa) Output A 4-20 mA DC K 4-20 mA DC (inverse) \$ 4-20 mA DC/Digital HART Protocol D 4-20 mA DC/with dual sensor/Digital HART Protocol (only housing type B) R 4-20 mA DC/remote electronics,connect.cable without protection hose/Digital HART Protocol(only hous. B) **Flange** 0 No flange **E** DN50 PN40 **F** DN80 PN40 Y ANSI 2" 150lbs Z ANSI 2" 300 lbs A ANSI 3" 150 lbs **B** ANSI 3" 300lbs Flange Diaphragm Wetted Extension Code Material materials Code Material AISI316L AISI316L (type HVF=PTFE/AISI316) 3 Hast.C 276 3 Hast.C 276 (type HVP=PVC) 5 (type HVH=AISI316) Tantalum Fill fluid S Silicone oil G Inert oil Housing type H Housing (AISI316) with plug connector, DIN 43650, no display, inlet PG9 Housing (AlSI316), with junction box/terminal strip, no display, inlet PG13.5 Housing (Alum.alloy) with plug connector, DIN 43650, with display (only smart), inlet PG9 Housing (Alum.alloy) with junction box/terminal strip, with display(only smart),inlet PG13.5 Transmitter with equipment cabinet (for transmitter type HVF and for special electronics) Transmitter with equipment cabinet + heating element (for transmitter type HVF and for special electronics) **0** No explosion proof classification **Explosion proof** Length P of PTFE/AISI316 hose between sensing element and housing **P10** 1.0 m hose **P25** 2.5 m hose (specify for transmitter type HVF) **P200** 20.0 m hose Length E of mounting/protective tube (specify for transmitter type HVP and HVH **E10** 1.0 m hose **E15** 1.5 m hose also with the type HVF if the protective tube is used) **E55** 5.5 m hose Other mounting No mounting accessories Mounting bracket/Clamps/Protective tube Clamps/Protective tube accessories 1 2 Special size of electrical inlet 1/2 NPT M M20 x 1.5 (only housing codes B and M) T Pg 16 (housing codes B and M) Pg13.5 (housing codes A and H) Special features **Special electronics** (specify only if housing connected with hose to sensing element) for transmistrer types HVP and HVH connecting cable with protection hose (output code A, K, S and D) L Hose protected with PTFE/AISI316 braiding, straight - connecting cable without protection hose (output code R) 0 Connecting cable will not be delivered with the transmitter P Connecting cable will be delivered with the transmitter Length of cable between sensing element and housing (specify only if housing connected with cable to sensing element) (max. 20 m) 2 m cable 3 m cable etc. Mounting parts for remote electronics No mounting parts 1 Mounting parts Documentation **Calibration Certificate** AE English Installation and Operating Instructions IE English IF Finnish Material Certificates No material certificate MC₁ Raw materials certificate without appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-2.1 (DIN 50049-2.1) standard

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MC2

MC3

standard

(DIN 50049-3.1B) standard

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Raw materials certificate for wetted parts with appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-2.2 (DIN 50049-2.2)

Raw materials certificate for wetted parts with appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-3.1B

HL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

HL pressure transmitter belongs to the H transmitter family. The series H transmitters have both analog and smart properties. HL is used for 0-40 mbar...0-150 bar ranges. The transmitter communicates in a 2-wire system. In pressure measuring applications HL transmitters are used for measuring the pressure of clean, sedimenting, crystallizing and sticking materials. The transmitter's sensor is piezoresistive. The rangeability on Smart option is 15:1. The transmitter communicates digitally using the HART® protocol.

Ω 1400

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring range and span See Selection Chart.

Zero and Span adjustment

Zero elevation: Calibrated span is freely selectable on the specified range depending from the desired option. This can be made by using extern control shafts (analog option), keyboard (display option) or HART®275 communicator.

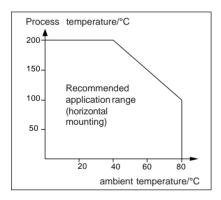
Damping

- Smart (output code S, D and R) Time constant is continuously adjustable 1 to 60 s.
- Analog (output code A and K)
 Time constant is continuously adjustable
 - min.range: 0.3 to 6 s - max.range: 0.01 to 1 s

Temperature limits

Ambient: -30 to +80 °C Process: -30 to +200 °C

Shipping and storage: -40 to +80 °C.



Output 2-wire (2W), 4-20 mA, user selectable for linear, square root, inverted signal or the transfer function (16 points)specified by the user Supply voltage and permissible load See the load capacity diagram;

- Smart (codes S, D and R) 4-20 mA output: 11.3-40 VDC.
- Analog (codes A and K)
 4-20 mA output: 12-60 VDC.

Humidity limits

0-100 % RH; freezing of condensed water not allowed in reference pressure channels.

Pressure limits

Minimum and maximum process pressure: see the appended tables.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Tested in accordance with IEC770: Reference conditions, specified span, no range elevation, horizontal mounting; O-ring seals, AISI316L diaphragm, silicone oil fill

Accuracy

- Smart (output codes S, D and R)
- ±0.1 % of calibrated span (span 1:1-7.5:1 /max.range).
 On the measuring ranges 7.5:1-15:1:
 ±[0.01+0.012 x (max.span calibrated span)]% of calibrated span
- Analog (output code A and K)
- ±0.2 % of calibrated span (incl. nonlinearity, hysteresis and repeatability)
- Process connection R: ±0.25 % of calibrated span

Long-term stability

- ±0.25 % of max. span for 6 months
- Process connection R (HL4 and 5):
 ±3 % of max, span for 6 months

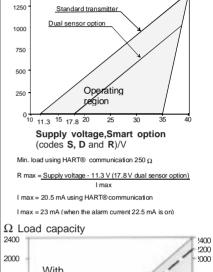
Temperature effect on -30 °C to +200 °C range

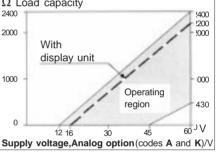
Zero and span error

- ±0.5 % of max. span.
- Process connection R (HL6 and 7):
 ±1 % of max. span
- Process connection R (HL4 and 5):
 ±2 % of max. span

Mounting position effect

Deviation from horizontal position causes a zero shift that can be calibrated out.





Vibration effect (IEC 68-2-6: FC): ±0.1 % of span per 2 g to 10-2000 Hz. Power supply effect <±0.01 % of calibrated span per volt.

EMC-test standards

CENERIC EMISSION STANDARD: EN 50081 - 2: 1993 Normative reference: EN 55022:1987/class A

GENERIC IMMUNITY STANDARD: EN 50082 - 2: 1995

Normative references: EN 61000-4-2, -4, -5, -8, -11 ENV 50140, ENV 50204, ENV 50141

Insulation test voltage

Parts in contact with process medium. 500 V rms 50 Hz.

Pressure limits

Pressure capacity

| Trans- mitter type | Max. over- load pres- sure (bar) | Pressure class |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| HL4 HL5 HL6 HL7 | 3 15 75 250 | PN40 PN40 PN100 PN250 |

Minimum process pressure:

| т | Min.pressure f | or different |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| T _{proc.} | fill fluids (mba | ar, abs.) |
| °C | DC200 | Inert |
| | 100 cSt | oil |
| 20 | 50 | 80 |
| 40 | 80 | 100 |
| 80 | 100 | 280 |
| | | |
| 120 | 150 | 530 |
| 160 | 250 | 900 |
| 200 | 400 | - |



CONSTRUCTION AND CALIBRATION

Materials

Diaphragm ¹⁾: AISI316L, Hast. C276 or Tantalum.

Other sensing element materials: AISI316L, SIS 2382, AISI316. Fill fluid Silicone oil or inert oil.

Housing with PLUG connector, A and H Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating) Seals: Viton and NBR TEST jacks: MS358Sn/PVDF, protected with silicone rubber shield. PLUG connector: PA6-GF30 jacket, Silicone rubber seal, AISI316 retaining

Housing with junction box/terminal strip, B and M

Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating); Seals: Nitrile and Viton; Nameplates: Polyester Connection cable between sensing element and housing

(codes **L** and **K**): PTFE hose with AISI316 braiding.

Calibration

For customer-specified range with minimum damping. (If range is not specified, transmitter is calibrated for maximum range.)

Enclosure class: IP66.

Process connections

See Selection Table and dimensional drawings.

With process coupling **R** see Technical Specifications: Couplings for Transmitters G150 or HG pressure transmitter BPLH700.

Electrical connections

Housing with PLUG connector,

A and H: PLUG connector, connector type

DIN 43650 model AF; Pg9 gland for

cable; wire gross-section 0.5 to 1.5 mm².

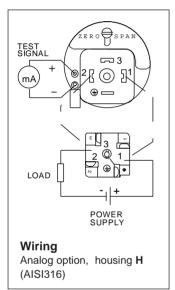
Housing with junction box/terminal strip, **B** and **M**: Pg13.5, 1/2-NPT inlet; screw terminals for

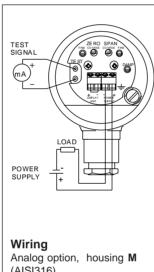
0.5 to 2.5 mm² wires, code **M** 0.4 to 0.8 mm² wires, code **B**.

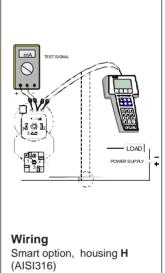
Weight

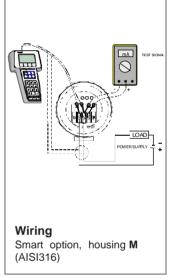
| MOUNTING | | Weight / kg | | | | | |
|----------|--------|-------------|----------------|-----|-----|--|--|
| TYPE | | E | EXTENSION CODE | | | | |
| | | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | | |
| | DN50 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.4 | | |
| Flange | | 6.7 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 8.2 | | |
| S (San | dvik) | - | 4.1 | 5.3 | 6.4 | | |
| T (Tri- | Clamp) | 1.2 | - | - | - | | |
| R (G1A |) | 1.6 | - | - | - | | |
| P (PM | C 1") | 1.2 | - | - | - | | |

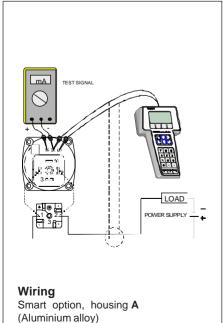
Type M: add 0.5 kg to the specified weights.

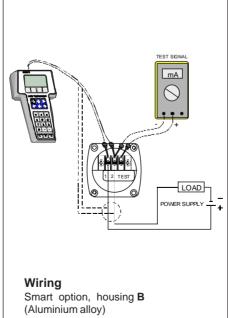


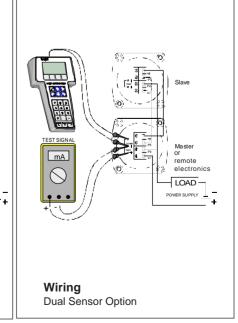






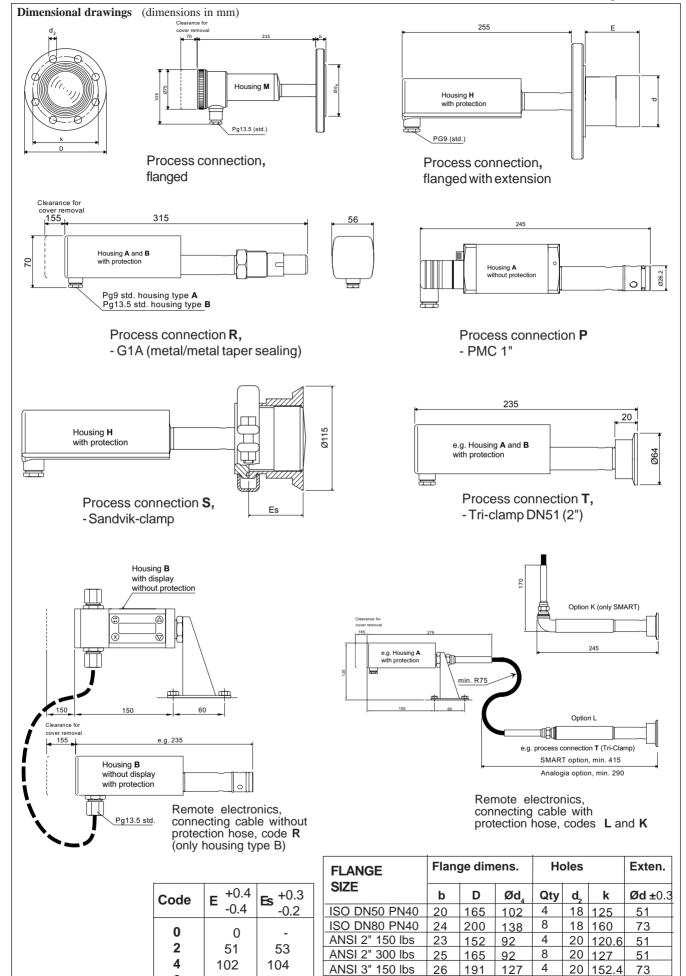








HL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER





ANSI 3" 300 lbs

23 | 168.3

HL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER

Selection Chart

| Aujus | tability (±) S | pan | | Span | Measuring range |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| HL4 HL5 HL6 HL6A | Smart, min. 40 mbar (4kPa) 265 mbar (26.5 k 1.45 bar (0.145 M 1.45 bar (0.145 M 10 bar (1 MPa) | Analog, 80 mbar Pa) 600 mba 1Pa 2.9 bar (| (8 kPa) r (60 kPa) D.29 MPa) D.29 MPa) | max. 600 mbar (60 kF 4000 mbar (400 22 bar (2.2 MPa 22 bar (2.2 MPa 150 bar (15 MPa | Pa) -600600 mbar (-60+60 kPa) kPa) -9504000 mbar (-95+400 kPa)) -122 bar (-0.1+2.2 MPa)) 022 bar (0+2.2 MPa), abs. |
| | Output D 4-20 mA | A 4-20 mA DC DC/with dual sense | K 4-20 mA or/Digital HART P | DC (inverse) | S 4-20 mA DC/Digital HART Protocol type B) |
| | Process conn E DN50 PN40 F DN80 PN40 Y ANSI 2" 150 | | A ANSI 3" 15 C ANSI 3" 30 S Sandvik DN | 50 lbs ANSI B16-5 00 lbs ANSI B16-5 | e/Digital HART Protocol(only hous. B) R G1A PN250 metal/metal taper sealin P PMC 1" |
| | Extensi (mm) | ion length | (Flanged conn.) | (Sandvik- conn.) | |
| | 0 2 4 6 | | 0 51 102 152 | - 53 104 155 | (not proc. conn. S) (not proc. conn. T, R and P) (not proc. conn. T, R and P) (not proc. conn. T, R and P) |
| | | etted parts | Diaphrag code n 2 / 3 | | Extension or other wetted parts code material 2 AISI316L 3 Hast.C 276 |
| | | Fill fluid | S Silicon | e oil G Inert oi | |
| | | M Ho A Ho B Ho | using (AISI316) w pusing (AISI316), pusing (Alum.alloy | with junction box/term) with plug connector, with junction box/tern | IN 43650, no display, inlet PG9 inal strip, no display, inlet PG13.5 DIN 43650,with display (only smart),inlet PG9 minal strip, with display(only smart),inlet PG13.5 sion proof classification |
| No coStandP PAS | oupling E lard coupling VE mounting valv | es S,T, R and P) Hygienic coupling (| 3 Hast.C27 ly in the order (R) | 76 | |
| ecial siz 1 1/2 NF Pg 16 | ze of electrical | inlet M M20 x 1.5 (only B and M) | | and M) | |
| pecial for pecial for pecial el connect Hose promect Connect Connect Connect ength of specify or pecify or | eatures ectronics (speci ing cable with protected with PT otected with PT otected with PT ing cable with oting cable will not iting cable will be f cable betwee hy if housing cor | ify only if housing of protection hose (of FE/AISI316 braiding out protection hose to be delivered with a delivered with a sensing elemennected with cable | utput code A, K, g, straight , angle of 90°, onl e (output code I he transmitter transmitter on tand housing to sensing element | y Smart | ent) |
| lounting | cable 3 parts for rem unting parts 1 | ote electronics | etc. (max. 20 m) | | |
| ocumer | | 5 T | | | |
| alibratio | n Certificate | | AE English | l . | |
| unbrutio | | Instructions | IE English | IF Finnish | |
| nstallatio Material No MC1 Ra MC2 Ra sta | nw materials certi andard | ate ficate without appe ficate for wetted pa | rts with appendix | es, in accordance wi | 204-2.1 (DIN 50049-2.1) standard th SFS-EN 10204-2.2 (DIN 50049-2.2) ith SFS-EN 10204-3.1B |

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HDL differential pressure transmitter belongs to H-transmitter family. The series H transmitters have both analog and smart properties. HDL is used for 10 mbar...22 bar ranges. The transmitter communicates in a 2wire system. In pressure measuring applications HDL transmitters are used for liquid level, pipeline pressure and density measurements. HDL transmitter is equipped with an SOS (Silicon On Sapphire) sensing element. The rangeability on Smart option is 15:1. The transmitter communicates digitally using the HART® protocol.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring range and span See Selection Chart.

Zero and Span adjustment

Zero elevation: Calibrated span is freely selectable on the specified range depending from the desired option. This can be made by using extern control shafts (analog option), keyboard (display option) or HART®275 communicator.

Damping

- Smart (code S, D and R) Time constant is continuously adjustable 1 to 60 s.

- Analog (code A and K) Time constant is continuously adjustable

- min.range: 0.3 to 6 s - max.range: 0.01 to 1 s

Temperature limits

Process temperature: range 3: +10 to +80 °C range 4: -10 to +100 °C ranges 5 and 6: -30 to +120 °C Ambient temperature: -30 to +80 °C Shipping and storage: -30 to +80 °C.

Pressure limits

Withstands 40 bar static pressure and unequal pressure load without damage to the transmitter. Pressure class: see Process Connections. See the following table for minimum pressure limits.

Minimum process pressure:

| T _{proc} | Min. pressure for different fill fluids (mbar, abs.) | | |
|-------------------|--|--------------|--|
| | DC200 10 cSt | Inert oil | |
| 20 | 50 | 80 | |
| 60 | 120 | 185 | |
| 80 | 160 | 280 | |
| 120 | 210 | 530 | |

Volume of negative-side process chamber: 20 cm³.

Process chamber's volumetric displacement for maximum span:

0.20 cm³ for range 3, 0.40 cm³ for range 4, 0.47 cm³ for range 5 and 0.70 cm³ for range 6.

Output 2-wire (2W), 4-20 mA, user selectable for linear, square root, inverted signal or the transfer function (16 points)specified by the user

Supply voltage and permissible load See the load capacity diagram;

- Smart (code S, D and R) 4-20 mA output: 11.3-40 VDC.

- Analog (code A and K) 4-20 mA output: 12-60 VDC.

Humidity limits

0-100 % RH; freezing of condensed water not allowed in reference pressure channels.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Tested in accordance with IEC770: Reference conditions, specified span, no range elevation, horizontal mounting; CoNi diaphragm, silicone oil fill.

Accuracy

- Smart (code S, D and R) ±0.25 % of calibrated span (span 1:1-7.5:1 /max.range). On the measuring ranges 7.5:1-15:1: ±[0.01+0.032 x (max.span / calibrated span)]% of calibrated span

- Analog (code A and K) ±0.25 % of calibrated span (incl. nonlinearity, hysteresis and repeatability)

Long-term stability

±0.25 %/max. span for 6 months

Temperature effect on compensated temperature range

Ambient: Zero and span shift: ±1.0 % of max. span.

Process: Zero error: ±1.0 % of max.span (ranges 4,5 and 6), ±1 mbar per 10 K (range 3)

Static pressure effect on Zero

- ±1.0 % of max.span per 40 bar for range 3
- ±0.5 % of max.span per 40 bar for ranges 4,5 and 6.

Mounting position effect

Deviation from horizontal position causes a zero shift that can be calibrated out.

Power supply effect

< ±0.01 % of calibrated span per volt.

1) Parts in contact with process medium.



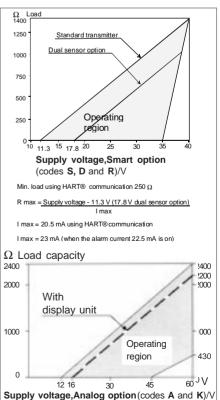


EMC-test standards GENERIC EMISSION STANDARD: EN 50081 - 2: 1993 Normative reference: EN 55022:1987/class A GENERIC IMMUNITY STANDARD: EN 50082 - 2: 1995 Normative references: EN 61000-4-2, -4, -5, -8, -11 ENV 50140, ENV 50204, ENV 50141 Insulation test voltage 500 V rms 50 Hz

CONSTRUCTION AND CALIBRATION Materials

Diaphragms ¹⁾: CoNi alloy, AISI316L or Hast. C276. Flanges 1) and vent valves 1): AISI316 or Hast. C276. O-ring on sensing element: PTFE. Other sensing element materials: AISI316, SIS 2343, SIS 2324.

Mounting bolts and nuts for sensor flanges: AISI316





Fillfluid

Silicone oil (DC200, 10 cSt) or inert oil or food industry oil (Neobee M-20).

Housing with PLUG connector, A and H

Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating) Seals: Viton and NBR

TEST jacks: MS358Sn/PVDF, protected with silicone rubber shield. PLUG connector: PA6-GF30 jacket, Silicone rubber seal, AISI316 retaining screw.

Housing with junction box/terminal strip, B and M

Housing: AISI316 or Aluminium alloy (Nickel-Chrome coating); Seals: Nitrile and Viton; Nameplates: Polyester

Connection hose between sensing element and housing

(codes L and K):

PTFE hose with AISI316 braiding.

Calibration

For customer-specified range with minimum damping. (If range is not specified, transmitter is calibrated for maximum range.)

Enclosure class: IP66.

Process connections

See Selection Table.

Electrical connections

Housing with PLUG connector, A and H: PLUG connector, connector type DIN 43650 model AF; Pg9 gland for cable; wire gross-section 0.5 to 1.5

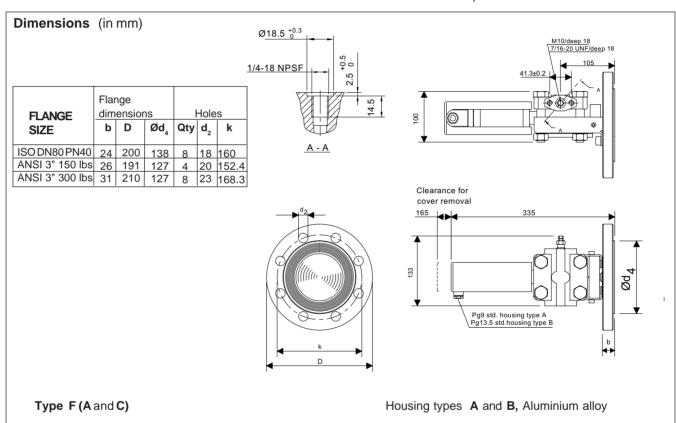
Housing with junction box/terminal strip, B and M:

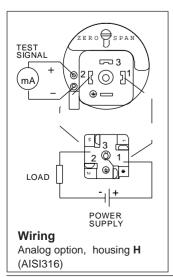
Pg13.5, 1/2-NPT inlet; screw terminals 0.5 to 2.5 mm2 wires, code M 0.4 to 0.8 mm² wires, code B.

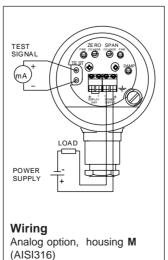
Weight (kg): See the table; add 0.5 kg for transmitter with screwed cap housing

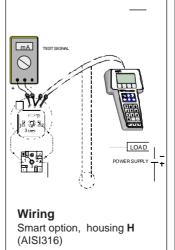
| | Extension code | | | |
|----------|----------------|------|------|------|
| Type | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| HDLxxxF* | 10.7 | 11.1 | 11.5 | 11.9 |
| HDLxxxS | | 8.4 | 8.9 | 9.3 |

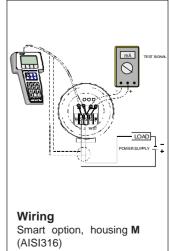
process connection code





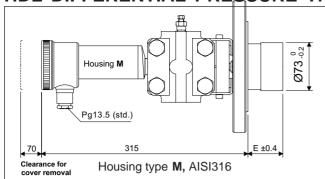


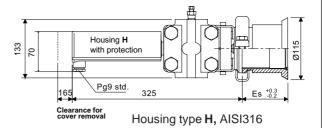






August 2, 1999



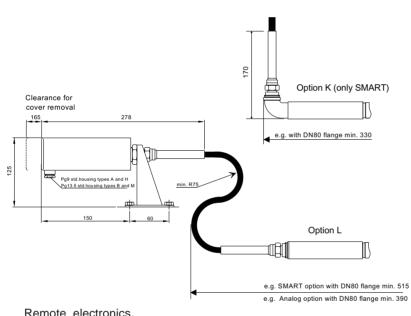


Type F (A and C), with extension

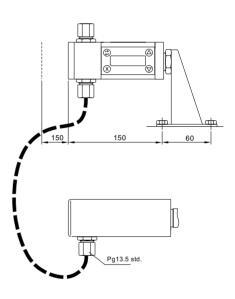
| | Extension code | | | |
|--------|----------------|----|-----|-----|
| | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| Dim. E | 0 | 51 | 102 | 152 |

Type S

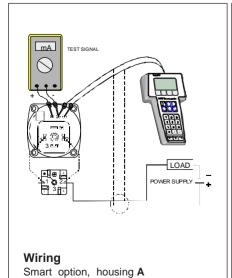
| | Extension code | | |
|---------|----------------|-----|-----|
| | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| Dim. Es | 53 | 104 | 155 |



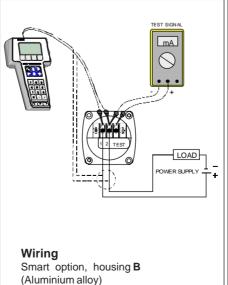
Remote electronics, connecting cable with protection hose, codes \boldsymbol{L} and \boldsymbol{K}

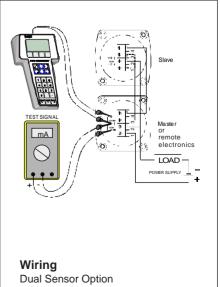


Remote electronics, connecting cable without protection hose, code **R** (only housing type **B**)



(Aluminium alloy)





Selection Chart Differential Pressure Transmitter HAL **Absolute Pressure Transmitter** (ranges 4 to 6, measuring range 0...xx, abs.) Adjustability (±) Snan Measuring range Span Smart, min Analog, min. max. 10 mbar (1.0 kPa) 20 mbar (2.0 kPa) 63 mbar (6.3 kPa) -63...+63 mbar (-6.3...+6.3 kPa) 27 mbar (2.7 kPa) 54 mbar (5.4 kPa) 410 mbar (41 kPa) -410...+410 mbàr (-41...+41 kPa) 5 400 mbar (40 kPa) 3000 mbar (300 kPa) -3000...+3000 mbar (-300...+300 kPa) 200 mbar (20 kPa) 6 1.45 bar (145 kPa) 2.9 bar (290 kPa) 22 bar (2.2 Mpa) -22...+22 bar (-2.2...+2.2 Mpa) Output A 4-20 mA DC K 4-20 mA DC (inverse) \$ 4-20 mA DC/Digital HART Protocol 4-20 mA DC/with dual sensor/Digital HART Protocol (only housing type **B**) R 4-20 mA DC/remote electronics, connect cable without protection hose/Digital HART Protocol(only hous. B) C ANSI 3" 300 lbs ANSI B16-5 DN80-PN40 ISO 2084-1974 A ANSI 3" 150 lbs ANSI B16-5 S Sandvik DN70 PN40 Extension length/mm Process connections A, C and F Process connection S 0 2 51 53 4 102 104 6 152 155 Wetted materials (-)-flange Code Material (+)diaphragm Code Material (-)-diaphragm Code Material (-)diaphragm coating Code* Material gold/Rhodium Extension Code Material AISI316L AISI316L AISI316L AISI316L Hast.C 276 3 Hast.C 276 (std, range 6) Hast.C 276 *(Do not enter **Tantalum** Hast.C 276 code if diaphragm CoNi allov not coated) (std, range codes 3 to 5) Fill fluid Silicone oil S A Oil for food Industry (Neobee M-20) G Inert oil **D** M10, PN100, ranges 3 to 6, DIN 19213 Teil 1. (-)-side process connection 7/16-20 UNF, PN100, ranges 3, 4, and 5 only. Screwed flange adapters, PN100, DIN 19213 Teil 1. Connection through hydraulic seal (not recommended for ranges 3 and 4). H Housing (AISI316) with plug connector, DIN 43650, no display, inlet PG9 Housing type Housing (AISI316), with junction box/terminal strip, no display, inlet PG13.5 Housing (Alum.alloy) with plug connector, DIN 43650, with display (only smart), inlet PG9 Housing (Alum.alloy) with junction box/terminal strip, with display(only smart),inlet PG13.5 0 No explosion proof classification **Explosion proof** Thread type Thread size Process thread on flange adapter Code Type Code Size straight R thread R 2 1/4 (only specify for NPS thread N 3 3/8 (-)-side P taper R thread 4 1/2 process conn. F) NPT thread Special size of electrical inlet 1/2 NPT М M20 x 1.5 (only housing codes B and M) Pg 16 (housing codes B and M) Pg13.5 (housing codes A and H) Special features Special electronics (specify only if housing connected with hose to sensing element) connecting cable with protection hose (output code A, K, S and D). Hose protected with PTFE/AISI316 braiding, straight K Hose protected with PTFE/AISI316 braiding, angle of 90°, only Smart connecting cable without protection hose (output code R) Connecting cable will not be delivered with the transmitter Connecting cable will be delivered with the transmitter Length of cable between sensing element and housing (specify only if housing connected with cable to sensing element) 2 m cable 3 m cable etc. (max. 20 m) Mounting parts for remote electronics No mounting parts 1 Mounting parts Documentation **Calibration Certificate** AE English **Installation and Operating Instructions** ΙE English IF Finnish **Material Certificates** No material certificate Raw materials certificate without appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-2.1 (DIN 50049-2.1) standard MC₁ Raw materials certificate for wetted parts with appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-2.2 (DIN 50049-2.2) MC₂ MC3 Raw materials certificate for wetted parts with appendixes, in accordance with SFS-EN 10204-3.1B (DIN 50049-3.1B) standard

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Installation

We manufacture the following mounting accessories for pressure and differential pressure transmitters:

| PASVE mounting & service valve | Spec. | G340 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Mounting couplings for transmitters | Spec. | G150 |

Other mounting accessories:

| PASVE pH mounting & service valve | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| for pH electrodes | Spec. G345 |
| PASVE SC/SP/ST Sampling Valve | Spec. G347 |

INSTALLATION OF PRESSURE AND DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTERS

The transmitters are isolated from the process with impulse piping and valves, or with a diaphragm seal unit. This isolation protects the transmitter against harmful pressure, temperature, corrosion and vibration effects. It also permits the transmitter to be mounted at the most convenient location from the servicing and maintenance viewpoint.

Pressure transmitters can also be mounted directly on the process pipe (fig. 1) or vessel. In direct mounting you should make sure that the measuring device is suitable for the prevailing conditions. It is advisable to avoid installing transmitters at locations where they would be subjected to heavy vibration and very high temperatures. A wisely chosen mounting environment and suitable mounting accessories will ensure accurate measurement and easy maintenance at the measurement point.

CONNECTING THE TRANSMITTER TO THE IMPULSE PIPING

You connect the transmitter to the impulse piping with mounting valves (Fig. 2), or with a mounting bracket and separate valves.



Figure 1



Figure 2

PASVE



PASVE is a ball-type mounting & service valve for HG and LEV/ PRESS-EL PG/PGS type level and pressure transmitters.

PASVE makes it simple to disconnect the transmitter from the process for maintenance and cleaning, without stopping the process or draining the tank.

PASVE is available in a manually operated type or equipped with a pneumatic actuator.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Transmitter connection

G1 female, seat accepts HG and LEV/ PRESS-EL PG/PGS transmitters.

Max. operating pressure/temperature

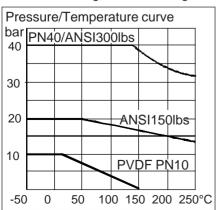
Pressure 40 bar, temperature 250 °C, (see the appended table). Min. operating temp. -50 °C PVDF: See the appended table.

Materials

Wetted parts: AISI316L, for F type also Titanium and PVDF. Seals PTFE or PTFE with carbon and graphite filling.

Weight

PASVE GC 4.3 kg, PASVE GP 4.2 kg, PASVE GF 8.4 kg, Actuator 5.5 kg



Selection table

PASVE Body Std. (with 3 seals) N Flushing (with 2 seals) Mounting On container On pipe On flange: Parts in contact Flange with process medium dimensions **DN80** 2 AISI316L ANSI 3"/150 A 6 Titanium P1 PVDF PN10 ANSI 3"/300 JIS 10K 80 JIS 40K 80 *)Other flanges S *) Contact Satron Instruments

<u>Seals</u>

PTFE + 20C + 5Gr (as standard)

PTFE 100%

Pt100 Temperature sensor (Only with body code N)

No sensor

X With sensor (Measuring range: -50...+200 °C)

Actuator

MD No actuator (manually operated)

Double-action actuator AD

AS_ Spring-return actuator

Solenoid valve type (for codes AD and AS only)

230 V AC 50 Hz (std.)

24 V DC

115 V AC 60 Hz

Explosion proof for solenoid valve No Ex m II T4

Position switches

None

Equipped with position switches

E Position switch NAMUR, DIN 19234

Z1 Oxygen wash

Z2 Process side flushing

Documentation

IE English

IF Finnish

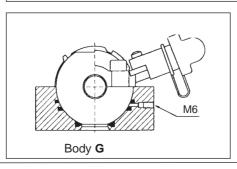
Material certificates

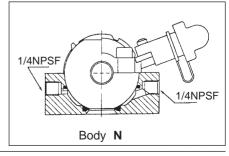
No material certificate

MC1 SFS-EN 10204-2.1 (DIN50049-2.1) MC2 SFS-EN 10204-2.2 (DIN50049-2.2)

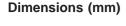
MC3 SFS-EN 10204-3.1B (DIN50049-3.1B)

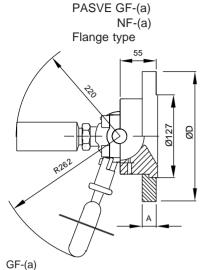
Specification example: PASVE G FD2 0 X AD1 X





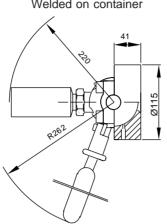


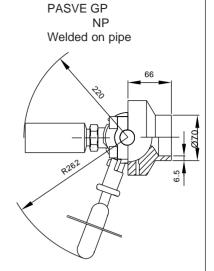




Manually operated

PASVE GC NC Welded on container





ANSI 3" 150 lb 191 152.4 22 ANSI 3" 300 lb 210 168.3 27 DN80 PN40 200 160 22 D JIS 10K 80 150 20 185

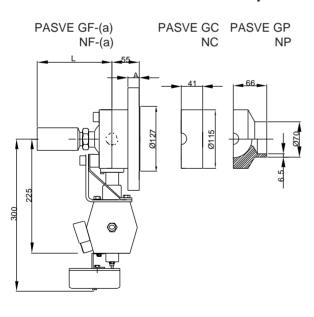
ØD Ød Α

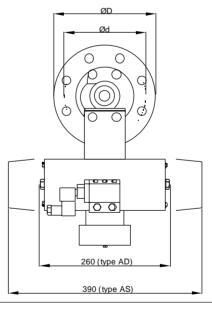
210 170 30

a FLANGE

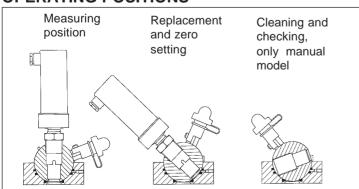
JIS 40K 80

With pneumatic actuator





OPERATING POSITIONS



We reserve the right for technical modifications without prior notice.

SPARES

V534159 Service set Incl. seals and bearing strips

Seal material: PTFE with carbon and graphite filling

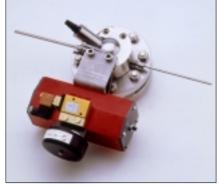
V551344 Service set Incl. seals and bearing strips Seal material: pure PTFE

PATENTS

| FI 71838 DE P3566577.7 KR 69579 | US 4,628,732 GB 0197077 NL0197077 | FR 0197077 JP 2112935 |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|



PASVE pH Mounting & Service Valve



PASVE pH is a mounting/service valve for pH sensors. It can be used with practically all pH sensors in this size category.

PASVE pH allows the cleaning and calibration of pH sensors without stopping the process. When required, this can be done automatically. To protect the sensor in abrasive processes, it can be turned to the measuring position only for the duration of the actual measurement.

PASVE pH is available in a manually operated type or equipped with a pneumatic or electric actuator.

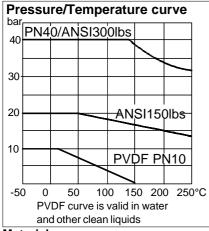
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Applicable pH sensors

Refer to the Selection Table.

Max. operating pressure/ temperature

40 bar, 250 °C, (see the appended table). Min. operating temp. -50°C. Sensor-specific limitations should also be taken into account in applications.



Materials

Wetted parts: AISI316L, for type **F** also Titanium, Hastelloy276 and PVDF and for types **T** and **D** Titanium. Seals: PTFE, or PTFE with carbon and graphite filling.

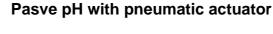
Weight

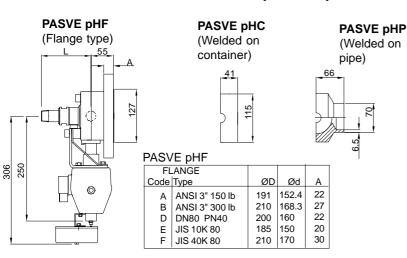
PASVE pHC 4.7 kg, PASVE pHP 4.8 kg, PASVE pHF 8.9 kg, Actuator 5.5 kg

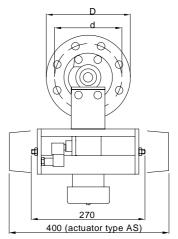


Selection Table PASVE pH Mounting type C On container, welded On container, body 15°, welded On pipe, welded On flange т Flow-through, threaded connection (dual threaded) **D** Flow-through, flange connection (dual flanges) Process connection type, specified for mounting type F Wetted parts Flanges Code Code Type Material DN80 PN40 D 2 AISI316L DN100 PN40 С Titanium ANSI 3"/150 lps Hastelloy 276 3 В ANSI 3"/300 lps P1 PVDF PN10 G ANSI 4"/300 lps (P1 only for flange codes D,A,E) Ε JIS 10K 80 JIS 40K 80 Process connection type, specified for mounting type T **Threads** Wetted parts Code Code Material Type 1" NPT AISI316I 2 4 1.5" NPT 6 Titanium 5 2" NPT Process connection type, specified for mounting type D **Flanges Flanges** Wetted parts Type JIS 10K 40 Code Type Code Material DN25 PN40 AISI316L JIS 10K 40 6 ANSI 1"/150 lps **Titanium** T **DN50 PN40** ANSI 1"/300 lps ANSI 2"/150 lps U Κ JIS 10K 25 ν JIS 40K 25 ANSI 2"/300 lps **DN40 PN40** X JIS 10K 50 JIS 40K 50 ANSI 1.5"/150 lps Y Ν ANSI 1.5"/300 lps Seals 0 PTFE + 20C + 5Gr (as standard) 1 PTFE 100% **Sensor connection** Std. sensor Special sensor connection types connection Code Sensor Code Sensor PG13.5/length 120 mm Rosemount 385+ **E1** CPF81 **S** R < 30 mm Rosemount 396TUpH **E2** CPF81 flat glass R4 M R < 20 mm Rosemount 396P F1 Foxboro 871A R6 **L** R < 10 mm **T3** TBI TB564/BJ ST864 F2 Foxboro 871pH **T4 TBI TB561** Ref **T5** in-line TB564 (manual only) in-line TB561(manual only) **T6** 02 Orbisphere (type 31110) Pt100 Temperature sensor 0 No sensor X With sensor (Measuring range: -50...+200 °C) Actuator MD No actuator (manually operated) AD Double-action actuator AS Spring-return actuator Electric actuator (Bernard OA8) Solenoid for actuator (only for actuator types AD and AS) 115 V AC 60 Hz 2 W 230 V AC 50 Hz 2 W (as standard) 3 24 V DC 2.5 W 28 V DC 0.4 W Solenoid explosion proof No explosion proof EExme II T5 EExia IIc T6 Position switches Equipped with position switches Position switch NAMUR, DIN 19234 Special options **Z**1 For oxygen use Process side flushing Documentation Installation and operating instructions Material certificates No material certificate Enalish SFS-EN 10204-2.1 (DIN50049-2.1) SFS-EN 10204-2.2 (DIN50049-2.2) MC3 SFS-EN 10204-3.1B (DIN50049-3.1B) Specification example: PASVE pH D U2 0 O2 X AD3 1 E Z1 IEMC1

Satron Instruments Inc., P.O.Box 240, FIN-33201 Tampere, Finland Tel. +358 3 387 1800, Telefax +358 3 387 1899, www.satron.com

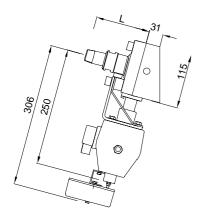






PASVE pHB

(Welded on container, body 15°)



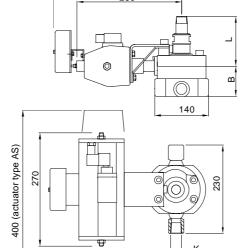
L depends on the sensor type

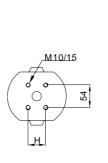
Dimensions (in mm)

PASVE pHT

(Flow-through, threaded connection)

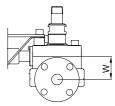
250





PASVE pHD

(Flow through, flange connection)



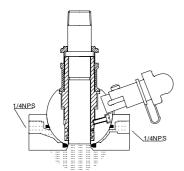
PASVE pHD

| FLA | ANGE | | | |
|------|-----------------|----|-----|----|
| Code | Type | W | ØD | Н |
| Н | ANSI 1" 150 lbs | 55 | 108 | 48 |
| J | ANSI 1" 300 lbs | 55 | 124 | 48 |
| U | ANSI 2" 150 lbs | 68 | 153 | 76 |
| V | ANSI 2" 300 lbs | 68 | 165 | 76 |
| G | DN25 PN40 | 55 | 115 | 48 |
| Т | DN50 PN40 | 68 | 165 | 76 |

PASVE pHT

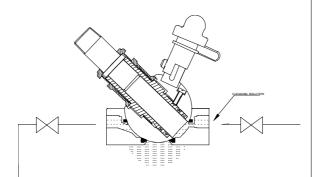
| TH | READ | | |
|------|--------------|-----|----|
| Code | Type (dim.K) | В | Н |
| 2 | 1" NPT | 77 | 48 |
| 4 | 1.5" NPT | 92 | 64 |
| 5 | 2" NPT | 104 | 76 |

OPERATING POSITIONS



Measuring position
Sensor in measurement

Sensor in measurement. Valve's and sensor's water cooling through flushing channel.



Servicing and calibration position Sensor turned to cleaning, calibrating and protective position without stopping the process.

PATENTS

FI 71838 DE P3566577.7 KR 69579 US 4,628,732 GB 0197077 NL 0197077 FR 0197077 JP 2112935

We reserve the right for technical modifications without prior notice.



The PASVE SC/SP/ST is a miniature ball valve which readily accepts commercially available septum hygienic rubbers. The PASVE SC/SP/ST provides you with the opportunity of taking hygienic samples from your process without interrupting the process.

The PASVE SC/SP/ST can be used in any industrial process where it is necessary obtain a sample from the process which is not influenced or contaminated from any outside disturbances.

The PASVE SC/SP/ST is a member of the Satron Pasve Series. which is commonly used with pH probes, oxygen sensors and Satron's high precision patented pressure and level transmitters.







Technical Specifications

Material

Housing: AISI316L Gasket: PTFE seal

Max. process pressure:

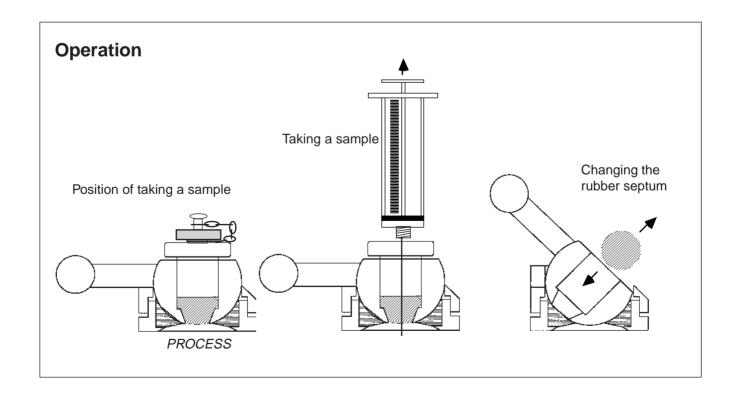
10 bar (150 psi) (subject to type of rubber septum selected)

Max. process temperature:

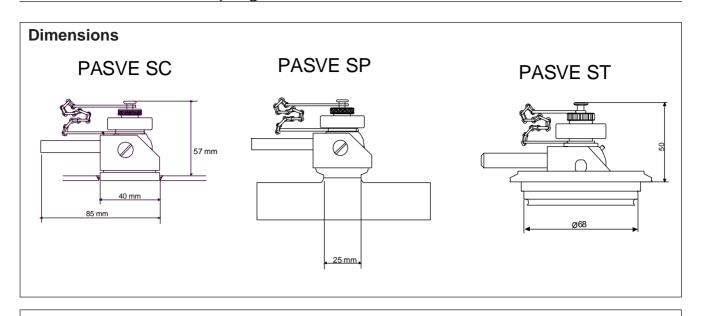
120 °C (250 °F) (subject to type of rubber septum selected)

US Patent 4 628 732 FI Patent 71838 KR69579 DE P3566577.7 GB 0197077 EP 0197077 FR 0197077 NL 0197077

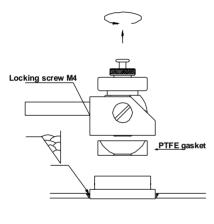




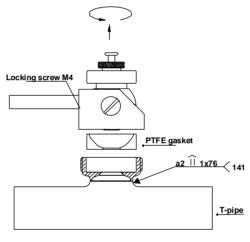




Mounting of PASVE SC/SP



PASVE SC



PASVE SP

- 1. Make a hole of 40 mm for the valve (type SC)
- 2. Open the locking screw
- 3. Remove the ball and gasket
- 4. Weld the frame using small rod (multiple seams)
- 5. Assemble the gasket and ball
- 6. Tighten the gasket (Do not use any tools)
- 7. Tighten the locking screw

Mounting of PASVE ST

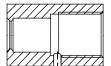
PASVE ST will be fixed with clamp to the Tuchenhagen (Varivent, $D = \emptyset$ 68) coupling.

We reserve the right for technical modifications without prior notice.



Mounting couplings for Satron transmitters

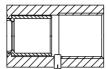
Thread couplings



STANDARD COUPLING G1

Order numbers

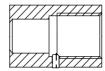
- AI SI316L
- Hastelloy -C Titanium M5461973 M5461976



EExia COUPLING G1

Order numbers

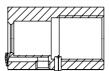
- AI SI316L
- Hastelloy -C Titanium M547886 M547885



HYGIENIC COUPLING G1

Order numbers

- AI SI316L
- Hastelloy -C Titanium
- M548102 M548103



STANDARD COUPLING G1 WITH CLEANING

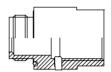
Order numbers

- AISI316L
- Hastelloy -C M10500203



THREADED STEEL PIPE FITTING, G1 (FOR COUPLING G1/G1A)

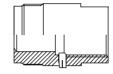
Order number M 105 0220



COUPLING G1/G1A

Order numbers :

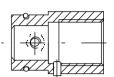
- AISI316L
- M1050002 - Hastelloy -C M10500023



COUPLING G1 / M44x1.25 (PMC)

Order numbers :

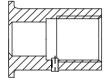
- M1050004 - AISI316L
- Hastelloy -C M10500043



COUPLING G1 / PMC 1.5"

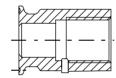
Order numbers :

- AISI316L M1050010 Hastelloy -C M10500103



COUPLINGS SMS-STANDARD:

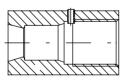
COUPLING G1 / SMS 38 Order number M 105 0265 **COUPLING G1 / SMS 51** Order number M 105 0267



HYGIENIC COUPLINGS ISO2852 STANDARD:

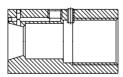
COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 38 M1050206 COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 40 M1050222 COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 51 COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 63.5 M1 050224 COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 70 M1050225 COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 76.1 M1050226 COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 88.9 M1050227 COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 101.6 M1050228 COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 114.3 M1 050229

COUPLING G1 / TRI-CLAMP 139.7 M1050230



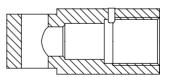
EXTENDED COUPLING G1

Order number M 105 0292



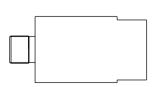
EXTENDED COUPLING G1 with cleaning

Order number M 105 0293



COUPLING G1 for small pipe

Order numbers : - DN15 M1050295 - DN 20 M1050296

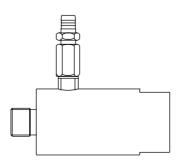


COUPLING G1 / G1/2A

Order number M546190

COUPLING G1 / 1/2-NPT

Order number M551566



COUPLING G1 / G1/2A + DRAIN VALVE

Order number M860280



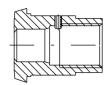
COUPLING PMC 1" (for type HL)

Order number M1050300

We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice.

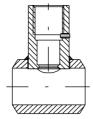


Mounting couplings for Satron transmitters



COUPLINGS DIN11887-STANDARD:

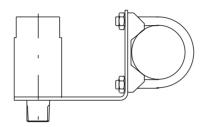
COUPLING G1 / NS40 Order number M1050312 COUPLING G1 / NS50 Order number M1050313 COUPLING G1 / NS65 Order number M1050314



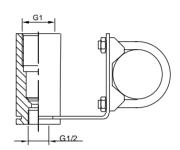
COUPLING G1 for pipes DN15 - DN40



Special ADAPTER for COUPLING G1 (PN40) (it's possible to install the sensor head deep to the process coupling) Order number: M1050294

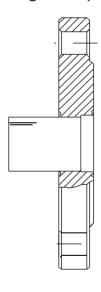


COUPLING G1 / G1/2A (outside) (with mounting bracket) Order number M546195 COUPLING G1 / 1/2-NPT (outside) (with mounting bracket) Order number M1050017



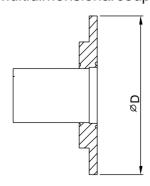
COUPLING G1 / G1/2 (inside) (with mounting bracket) Order number M550393

Flange couplings



| | COUPLING TYPE | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | G1 std. | G1 std. HC | G1 hyg. | G1 hyg. HC | G1 Exi | G1 Exi HC |
| FLANGETYPE | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER |
| DN25 PN40 | M548832 | M5488323 | M548833 | M5488333 | M548834 | M5488343 |
| DN40 PN40 | M551267 | M5512673 | M551268 | M5512683 | M552361 | M5523613 |
| DN50 PN40 | M860282 | M8602823 | M548830 | M5488303 | M548831 | M5488313 |
| DN80 PN40 | M860281 | M8602813 | M548828 | M5488283 | M548829 | M5488283 |
| DN100 PN40 | M552364 | M5523643 | M5523640 | M55236403 | M5523641 | M55236413 |
| ANSI1"150LBS | M552365 | M5523653 | M5523650 | M55236503 | M5523651 | M55236513 |
| ANSI1"300LBS | M548861 | M5488613 | M548862 | M5488623 | M548863 | M5488633 |
| ANSI2"150LBS | M552367 | M5523673 | M5523670 | M55236703 | M5523671 | M55236713 |
| ANSI2"300LBS | M548864 | M5488643 | M548865 | M5488653 | M548866 | M5488663 |
| ANSI3"150LBS | M551564 | M5515643 | M5515640 | M55156403 | M5515641 | M55156413 |
| ANSI3"300LBS | M548867 | M5488673 | M548868 | M5488683 | M548869 | M5488693 |
| ANSI4"150LBS | M552371 | M5523713 | M5523710 | M55237103 | M5523711 | M55237113 |
| ANSI4"300LBS | M552372 | M5523723 | M5523720 | M55237203 | M5523721 | M55237213 |
| | | | | | | |
| FOR GASKET C | HANNEL: (D | DIN 2512N) | | 1 | • | |
| DN25 PN40 | M548825 | M5488253 | M548826 | M5488263 | M548827 | M5488273 |
| DN50 PN40 | M548822 | M5488223 | M548823 | M5488233 | M548824 | M5488243 |
| DN80 PN40 | M548819 | M5488193 | M548820 | M5488203 | M548821 | M5488213 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Multidimensional coupling flange



| | | COUPLING TYPE | | | | | |
|-------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | G1 std. | G1 std. HC | G1 hyg. | G1 hyg. HC | G1 Exi | G1 Exi HC | |
| ØD | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER | ORDER NUMBER | |
| 9 92 | M1050030 | M10500303 | M1050031 | M10500313 | M1050032 | M10500323 | |
| Ø 127 | M1050033 | M10500333 | M1050034 | M10500343 | M1050035 | M10500353 | |



Measurements with hydraulic pressure seal

January 10, 2000

The hydraulic pressure seal helps to solve many installation problems caused, for instance, by high temperatures, sedimentation and crystallization. Toxicity of the process medium or some other effect that can be harmful to the environment may also require the isolation of the process from its surroundings. DN50, DN80 and ANSI3 hydraulic pressure seals are suitable for pressure measurements in open and closed vessels.

General instructions

Make sure that there are good reasons for using a pressure seal. The best way to connect pressure measurement to process is impulse piping.

We recommend applying the following general instructions:

- seal size standardization (see Figure 1); DN80 or ANSI3" up from measuring ranges 60 mbar DN50 or ANSI2" up from measuring ranges 400 mbar
- protect capillary tubes and flanges (see Protecting the equipment and Temperature effect)
- use the same size of seal flanges for both (+) and (-) flanges
- use the same lengths of capillary tubes for differential pressure measurements
- check the zero point after installation

By observing these instructions you can avoid many factors of inaccuracy caused by the seal principle; a liquid in sealed state undergoes volume and viscosity changes when its temperature changes.

Choosing the suitable equipment

The factors to be considered when choosing the measuring device and hydraulic pressure seal include volumetric displacements, negative pressure limitations and temperature effect.

The volumetric displacement capacity of the hydraulic pressure seal must be sufficient. The magnitude of volumetric displacements can be calculated by summing the measuring device's volumetric displacement with that caused by thermal expansion of the fill fluid. The result must not exceed the hydraulic pressure seal's volumetric displacement capacity. More information can be found in the technical specifications of measuring devices and hydraulic pressure seals

Special attention will be required if type DN50 and ANSI2" pressure seals are used at pressures below 400 mbar, and type DN70, DN80 and ANSI3" pressure seals at pressures below 60 mbar. Type DN50 and ANSI2" seals are not recommended for ranges below 150 mbar, and type DN70, DN80 and ANSI3" seals for ranges below 25 mbar.

Connecting the measuring device to the hydraulic pressure seal

Pressure gauge or limit switch is connected to the hydraulic pressure seal with an adapter base or capillary tube. When using an adapter connection, the temperature of the process medium must not exceed 60°C.

Differential pressure transmitter is always connected through capillary tube.

The connection between hydraulic pressure seal and measuring device must be made with correct methods. When deciding on the connection method you should take into account the fact that gaseous media and moisture normally absorbed in the fill fluid will exit the fluid. It is recommendable to have the hydraulic pressure seals filled and connected by SATRON INSTRUMENTS INC.

Protecting the equipment

Hydraulic pressure seals, capillary tubes and measuring device should be protected against low temperatures and temperature variations. Low ambient temperatures will cause a lag in the measurement, while temperature variations will change the zero setting.

Capillary tubes can be protected with thermal insulation. Electric resistance elements or steam heating can also be used as protective methods.

Temperature effect on measuring speed and accuracy

Stiffening and thermal expansion of the fill fluid limit the permissible ambient temperature range. The properties of fill fluids determine the ambient temperatures that suit the hydraulic pressure seal connection. Temperature effect is defined as combined zero and span effect. 95% of total effect consist of zero effect and the remaining 5 % of span effect.

Calibration

Factory-filled hydraulic pressure seal assemblies are adjusted for the values specified by the customer.

During the adjustment procedure the pressure seals and transmitters are at equal height. The calibration temperature is 20°C.

When defining the calibration values you must take into account the difference in height between seal flanges and transmitter, because the hydrostatic pressure of the fill fluid affects the zero adjustment. Zero suppression and elevation can be determined as shown in examples 1 and 2.

The temperatures of capillary tubes, transmitter and pressure seal flanges affect the zero. The coefficients given in the technical specifications can be utilized when defining the calibration values for a specific temperature distribution.

The total effect of seal flange locations and temperature distribution on zero suppression can be determined by summing the partial effects. The signs must be taken into account in the calculations.

Installation

The measuring device, capillary tubes and hydraulic pressure seal comprise a calibrated assembly whose connections should not be opened. For this reason the installation and equipment should be planned so that opening the connections will not be necessary during installation.

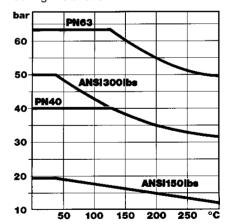


Figure 1: Permissible pressure on seal flange at different temperatures



Example 1: Open vessel (Fig. 2)

Span p, is as follows:

 $P_1 = h_1 \rho g$

 $= 3.50 \text{ m} \times 980 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

= 33.6 kPa

Zero suppression p, is as follows:

 $\mathbf{P}_{2} = (h_{2}\mathbf{p} + h_{3}\mathbf{p}_{0}) \times \mathbf{g}$

= $(1.00 \text{ m} \times 980 \text{ kg/m}^3 + 0.90 \text{ m} \times 960 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

= 18. 1 kPa

Example 2: Closed vessel (Fig. 3)

Span p, is as follows:

 $\mathbf{P}_1 = \mathbf{h}_1 \, \mathbf{p} \, \mathbf{g}$

= $3.50 \text{ m} \times 980 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

= 33.6 kPa

Zero elevation (suppression) p₂ is as follows:

 $\begin{aligned} \textbf{P}_2 &= (\textbf{h}_3 \text{-} \textbf{h}_4) \ \textbf{p}_0 \textbf{g} + \textbf{h}_2 \textbf{p} \textbf{g} = \\ & (0.90 \text{-} 6.00) \text{m} \times 960 \ \text{kg/m}^3 \times \\ & 9.81 \ \text{m/s}^2 + 1.00 \ \text{m} \times 980 \ \text{kg/m}^3 \\ & \times 9.81 \ \text{m/s}^2 \end{aligned}$

P₂ = -38.4 kPa (negative result = elevated-zero range)

h₁ = difference in height between maximum and minimum level (3.50 m)

h₂ = height of minimum level from (+) - flange (1.00 m)

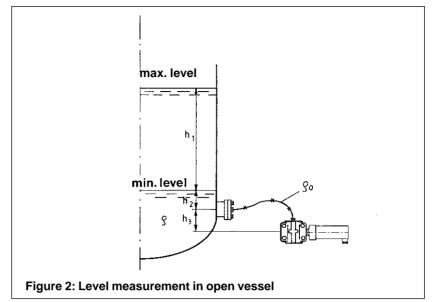
h₃ = difference in height between(+)- flange and transmitter(0.90m)

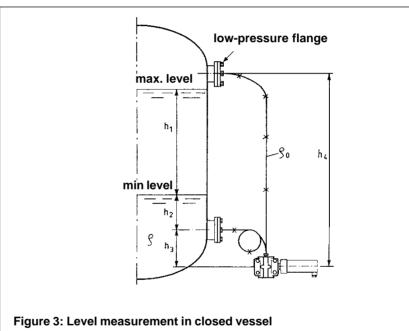
h₄ = difference in height between(-)-flange and transmitter(6.00 m)

 ρ = density of measured fluid (980 kg/m³⁾

 ρ_0 = density of fill fluid (960 kg/m³) g = acceleration of gravity (9.81 m/s²)

NOTE: If transmitter is higher than the (+)-flange, the difference \mathbf{h}_3 will have a negative value.



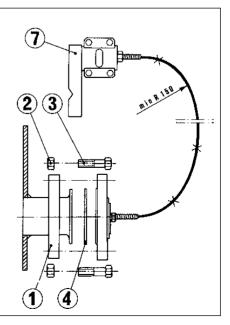


Installation

Measuring device, capillary tubes and hydraulic pressure seal comprise a calibrated assembly whose connections should not be opened. For this reason the installation and equipment should be planned so that opening the connections will not be necessary during installation.

Table: Mounting accessories (Fig.4)

- 1. Process flange DN80
- 2. Nut M16, AISI 316
- 3. Hex. screw M16 \times 70
- 4. Gasket DN80
- 7. Mounting bracket





Questionnaire for choosing the hydraulic pressure seal

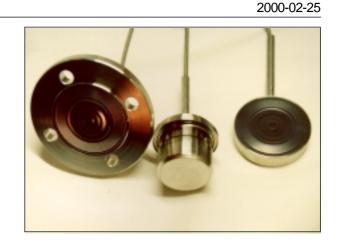
| Customer: | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------|
| Address: | | | |
| Process medium Name and analysis: | | | |
| Density: | | | |
| Material for wetted parts: | | | |
| 2. Process pressure specification | on | | |
| Pressure (differential pressure |): | | |
| Pressure variation limits: | frequency: | | |
| Maximum static pressure: | | | |
| Maximum overload pressure:_ | | | |
| Any negative pressures?: | no | | |
| 3. Operating temperatures | | | |
| 3.1 Temperatures during mea | surement | | |
| Process: | °C Variation: | °C to | °C |
| | | °C to | °C |
| Ambient: | °C Variation: | | |
| | °C Variation: °C Variation: | | °C |
| Measuring device: | | °C to | |
| Measuring device: | °C Variation: | °C to | g): |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature where temperature where temperature where the state of the | °C Variation: n equipment is not in measureme | °C to | g): |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature whe 3.3 Lowest absolute pressure mbar (abs | °C Variation: n equipment is not in measureme e and simultaneous temperature | °C to | g): |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature where some states absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure temperature). 4. Capillary tubes | °C Variation: n equipment is not in measureme e and simultaneous temperature | ent (e.g. during cleaning | g): |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature where some states absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure temperature where should be made at the states and the states are the states | °C Variation: n equipment is not in measureme e and simultaneous temperature s | ent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure s | g): eal: |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature where some states absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure pressure mbar (absolute pressure pres | concept of pressure seals: | ent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure s | g): eal: |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature where and a second content of the seco | concept of pressure seals: | ent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure s | g): eal: |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature where and a second content of the seco | conception of the control of the con | ent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure s | g): eal: |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature when 3.3 Lowest absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure | conception of the control of the con | °C toent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure s | g): real: n°C |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature when 3.3 Lowest absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure | or equipment is not in measurement and simultaneous temperature is of pressure seals: or equipment is not in measurement in equipment is not in measurement in equipment in e | ent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure s | g): real: n°C |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature when 3.3 Lowest absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure 4. Capillary tubes Length: m, Numbound Heating: yes, 5. Purpose of measurement Level measurement: Pressure measurement: Other: 5. Installation specification Span (h₁): | conception of the process of the pro | ent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure s | g): eal: n°C |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature when 3.3 Lowest absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure mbar (absolute pressure 5. Capillary tubes Length: m, Numbolute Heating: yes, 5. Purpose of measurement Level measurement: Pressure measurement: Other: Other: 5. Installation specification Span (h₁): Difference in height between manual pressure measurement. | c variation: n equipment is not in measurement is and simultaneous temperature is considered from the construction of th | ent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure set hydraulic pressure set of the control of the | g): eal: n°C |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature when 3.3 Lowest absolute pressure | requipment is not in measurement and simultaneous temperature and simultan | ent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure set of the content | g):eal: |
| Measuring device: 3.2 Highest temperature when 3.3 Lowest absolute pressure | or equipment is not in measurement is and simultaneous temperature is and simultaneous temperature is or | ent (e.g. during cleaning at hydraulic pressure set of the content | g):eal: |



HPS Hydraulic Pressure Seal

The Hydraulic Pressure Seal HPS is used in pressure measurement applications where the process medium is aggressive and it is necessary to protect the wetted parts of measuring transmitters. Processes' hygienic requirements may also necessitate the use of the pressure seal.

In addition, the pressure seal has to be used when the process temperature exceeds the transmitter's specifications.



Technical specifications

Process connections

- DN50, DN80 (ISO2084-1974)
- ANSI2" and 3" (ANSI B16-5)
- Sandvik Clamp connector DN65
- TRI-Clamp 2" and 2,5" (51/63,5 mm, ISO2852)

Other options available on separate order.

Process pressures

- PN40
- 150 and 300 lbs
- Sandvik Clamp: PN64
- TRI-Clamp: PN30

Measurement ranges

Above 25 mbar span, depending on the measuring diaphragm's size and the process pressure.

Materials

HPS body: AISI 316

Process coupling (Type S): AISI 316

Capillary tube

- Capillary: AISI 316
- · Casing: AISI 316

Length selectable between 2 and 20 m. Recommendation: As short as possible. The capillary's minimum permissible bending radius is 50 mm. We recommend capillaries of equal length for differential pressure measurements in varying temperature conditions.

Diaphragm materials

AISI 316L, Hastelloy C-276 and tantalum.

Fill fluids

Silicone oil DC200

- for process and food industry applications
- Neobee M20
- for food industry applications Inert oil (e.g. Halocarbon)
- · for oxygen and chlorine applications Silicone oil DC705
- for high-temperature and vacuum measurement applications

Gaskets (Types S and TRI-C)

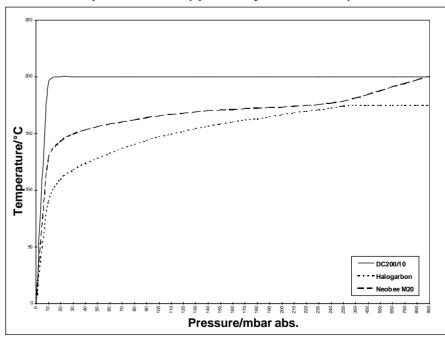
• EPDM. std.

Viton and PTFE available on separate order for Type S.

Fill fluid properties

| Fill fluid | Temperature range/°C | Density g/cm ³ | Thermal expansion coefficient/ 1/°C | Viscosity (25°C) cSt(mm²/s) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| DC200 Silicone oil | -40200 | 0.934 | 0.00108 | 9.5 |
| DC705 Silicone oil | 20380 | 1.090 | 0.00080 | 175 |
| Inert oil | -45175 | 1.850 | 0.000864 | 6.5 |
| Neobee M20 | -17200 | 0.917 | 0.001008 | 9.8 |

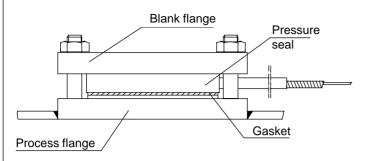
Fill fluid steam pressure curves (specified by manufacturers)



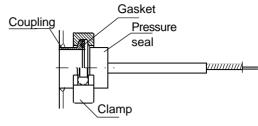


HPS types: construction and installation

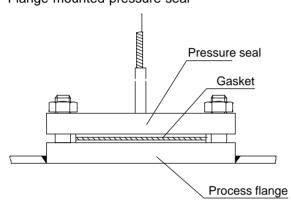
Type D Mounted between two flanges



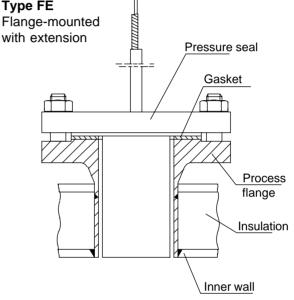
Type TRI-C



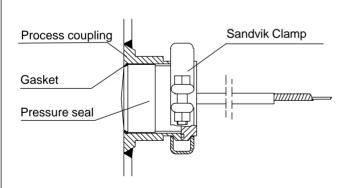
Type F Flange-mounted pressure seal



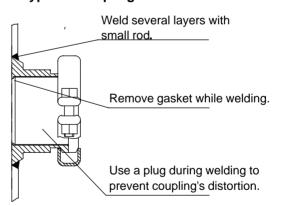
Type FE



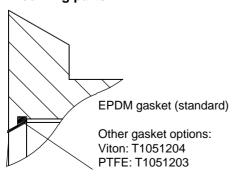
Type S Mounted on Sandvik Clamp



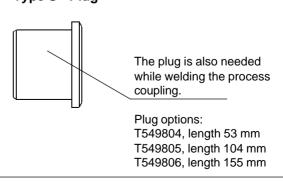
Type S - Coupling installation



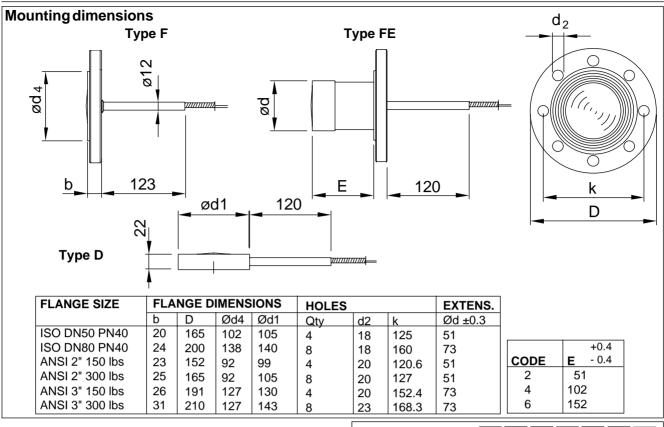
Type S - Mounting parts



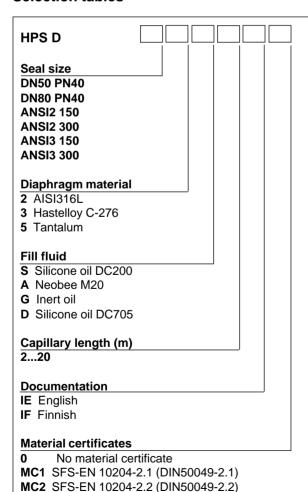
Type S - Plug



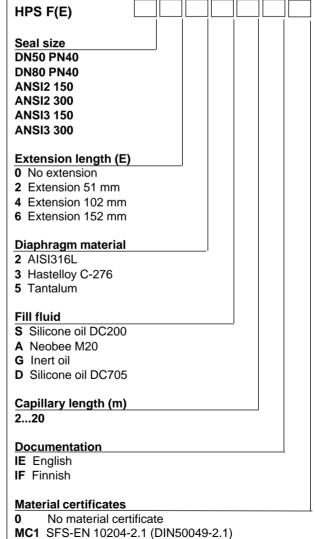




Selection tables



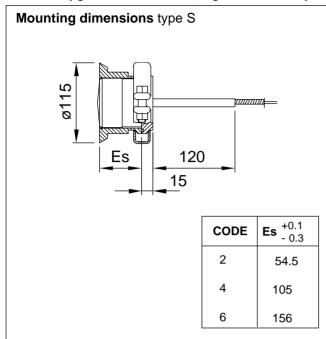
MC3 SFS-EN 10204-3.1B (DIN50049-3.1B)

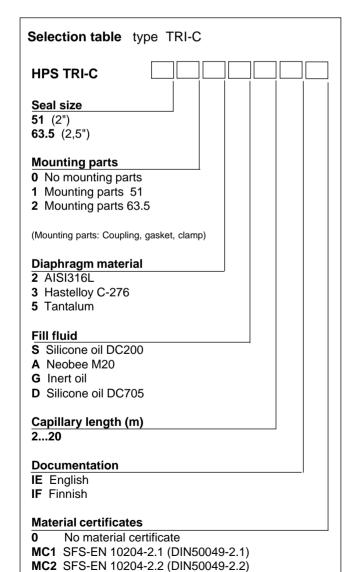


MC2 SFS-EN 10204-2.2 (DIN50049-2.2) **MC3** SFS-EN 10204-3.1B (DIN50049-3.1B)

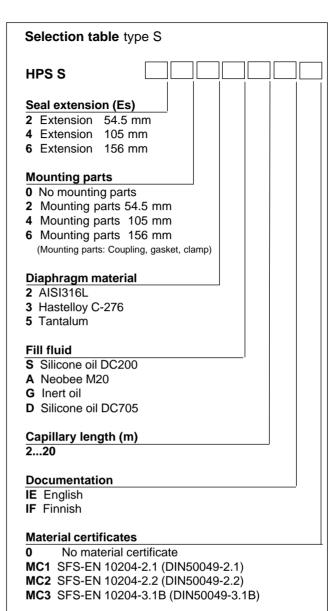


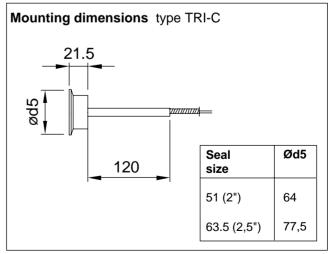
HPS for hygienic installations, eg. food industry





MC3 SFS-EN 10204-3.1B (DIN50049-3.1B)





We reserve the right for technical modifications without prior notice.



ACTUATORS

- PISTOR 75 pneumatic power cylinder Spec. EZ510



Febr. 15, 1989

The pneumatic PISTOR power cylinder can be used as an actuator in manual and automatic control of control valves and louvers.

Technical specification

| | Туре | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | PISTOR 75/150 | PISTOR 75/300 |
| Piston diameter: | 75 mm 150 mm | 75 mm 300 mm |
| Stroke S: Effective cross-sectional | | |
| area of piston: Outputforce | 41 cm ² | 41 cm ² |
| - for 3 bar supply pressure: | 1200 N | 1200 N |
| - for 6 bar supply pressure: | 2400 N | 2400 N |
| Output work (moment of force) - for 3 bar supply pressure: | 180 Nm | 360 Nm |
| - for 6 bar supply pressure: | 360 Nm | 720 Nm |
| Typical time for full stroke: Weight: | 12 s 2.8 kg | 20 s 3.4 kg |

Supply pressure: 3 to 6 bar.

Control pressure range

- with standard adjustment: 0.2 to 1.0 bar
- on separate order: 0.4 to 0.9 bar spans.

Operating temperature:

-10 to +80 °C

Air consumption

- for 3 bar supply pressure:15 litres/min (at STP)
- for 6 bar supply pressure: 25 litres/min (at STP)

Max. error of adjustment: ± 2 %.

Sensitivity: 0.3 %.

Load effect

- for a load change from 0 to 80 % of the max. force obtainable for the supply pressure in use, the effect is 4 % of max.stroke per 1000 N.

Materials

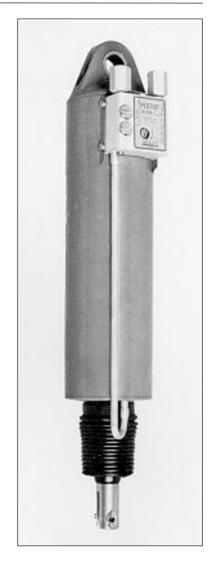
- body: light alloy with epoxy powder paint, bearing bush of bronze
- piston rod: ground and polished AISI 316 acid-resistant steel
- piston and 0-rings: silicone rubber (max. 80°C).

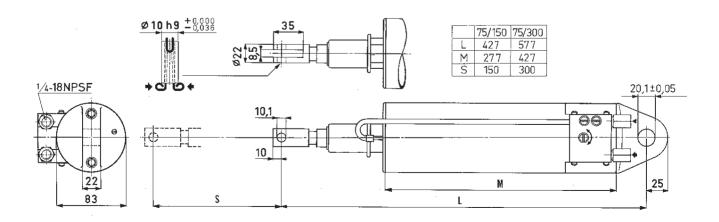
Connections

- 1/4-18NPSF female threads.

We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice.

Performance is indicated in accordance with IEC546 and IEC770 recommendations.







Temperature measurement

Our instruments for temperature measurement:

Selecting the sensor

Temperature sensing elements are not included in the price of the transmitters. The customer must therefore purchase the sensor separately.

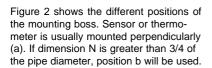
The application's requirements must be taken into account when choosing the sensor:

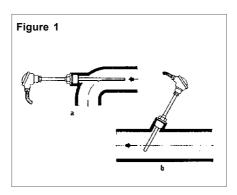
- temperature range
- sensor's mechanical strength (pressure, vibration, shocks)
- sensor's chemical resistance (corrosion)
- measurement accuracy requirements
- response time/time constant
- sensor's compatibility with transmitter in use

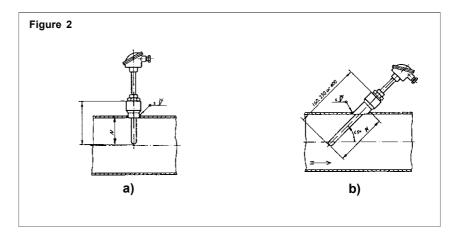
A protective tube can be used for mechanical protection of the sensor. The resultant measurement lag must then be taken into account. The sensor manufacturer's instructions and recommendations should be observed in installation.

Selecting the measurement point

The temperature of a medium flowing in a pipework - especially the temperature of gas - varies constantly even at the same point. The temperature sensor's own heat capacity and imperfect conduction of heat will cause lag and inaccuracy in the measurement. For these reasons it is only possible to measure average temperature. In general, the temperature sensing element or thermometer should be installed in the region of the highest flow velocity. A pipe bend is the most advantageous point in this respect (Fig. 1a). If strength considerations at high pressures prevent this arrangement, the installation shown in Fig. 1b will be used. The tip of the sensor should reach slightly past the centerline of the pipe. However, the installation should always be such that no vibration will occur in the sensor. The effect of thermal radiation can be reduced by using a polished shield.









Temperature measurement

TEMPERATURE TRANSMITTERS

Res istance element transmitters

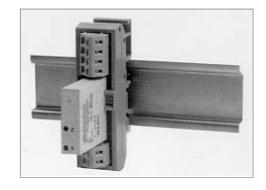
TEMP-EL CNR (-50 to 800 °C)

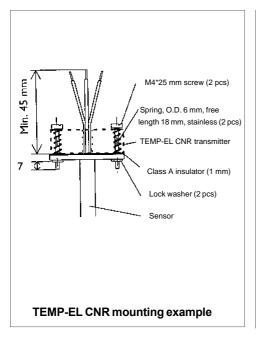
- installed in junction box (DIN 43729 B)
- fixed ranges
- Pt100 sensing element
- no electrical isolation
- EEx ib IIC T6 construction
- economical

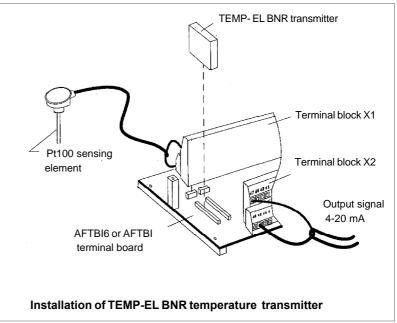


TEMP-EL BNR (-50 to 800 °C)

- installed on terminal board (AFTBI or AFTBI6)
- fixed ranges
- Pt100 sensing element
- no electrical isolation
- no Ex approval
- economical









TEMP-EL CNR is a Pt100 temperature transmitter mounted in DIN43729 B-type sensor head (junction box).

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring ranges

| Product | Range |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Number | |
| •M899375 | -50+50°C |
| •M899376 | 050°C |
| •M899377 | 0100°C |
| •M899378 | 0150°C |
| •M899379 | 0200°C |
| M899380 | 0250°C |
| •M899381 | 0300°C |
| M899382 | 0350°C |
| •M899383 | 0400°C |
| M899384 | 0450°C |
| M899385 | 0500°C |
| M899386 | 0550°C |
| •M899387 | 0600°C |
| M899388 | 0650°C |
| M899389 | 0700°C |
| M899390 | 0750°C |
| M899391 | 0800°C |
| Storage opt | ions |

Functional specifications

Output signal (linear relative to temperature): 4 - 20 mA

Output with break in Pt100 element (current limit): approx. 26 mA

Output with sensor circuit shorted at transducer terminals: < 3 mA

Permissible terminal voltage: 9 - 35 V DC

Sensor current: 2 mA

Permissible ambient temperature: -25 to +70°C

Sensor wiring: 3-wire system

Range adjusting limits (trimmers):

- Zero ±5 %
- Span ±5 %

Overvoltage capacity: The transducer withstands a 1 MHz burst in accordance with IEC 255, 4 App. E across the signal conductors; (amplitude 500 V, repetition frequency 400 Hz, test duration 2 s).

Performance specifications 1)

Measurement error relative to Pt100 sensor's table values (DIN 43760, terminal voltage 24 V, ambient temperature 23°C, 3-wire system, wire resistance $< 0.2 \Omega$)

- on -50...+50°C to 0...650°C ranges: < 0.15 %
- on 0...700°C to 0...800°C ranges: < 0.25 %

Ambient temperature effect

- on Zero: < 0.01 %/°C - on Span: < 0.01 %/°C

Effect of sensor circuit wire resistance on output (equal change in all 3 wires): 0.15 %/ Ω

Terminal voltage effect:

< 0.002 %/V

Supply voltage ripple effect

(3 V $_{\rm p-p}$, 50-400 Hz, 24 V terminal voltage, 50 % input signal): No effect on output signal's DC level, alternating current component < 0.05 % $_{\rm p-p}$

Warm up drift (0-50°C range, 24 V DC terminal voltage, 100 % input signal): < 0.1 %

Long-term stability

(23°C ambient temperature, 24 V terminal voltage, 50 % input signal): Change during 30 days < 0.1 %

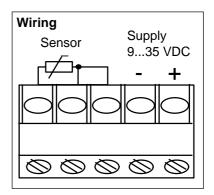
Radiofrequency interference

at 175 MHz and 444 MHz (0-50°C range, 24 V terminal voltage, 50 % input signal, 2 W antenna power, 0.5 m distance): < 3 %

Explosion protection:

EEx ib IIC T6, PTB Nr.Ex-90.C.2160X

1) Errors given in per cent of span

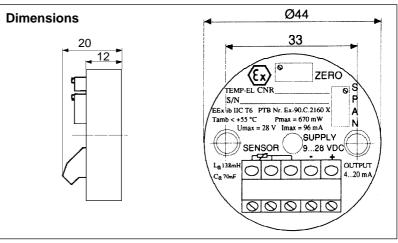


Construction

- Electronics cast in plastics
- Dimensions: diameter 44 mm, height 20 mm

Installation

- Fits a DIN 43729 B-type junction box (sensor head)
- Screw terminals provided with wire screen: max. cross-section 2.5 mm²



We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice. Performance is indicated in accordance with IEC546 and IEC770 recommendations.



Satron Instruments Inc., P.O.Box 240, FIN-33201 Tampere, Finland Tel. +358 3 387 1800, Telefax +358 3 387 1899, www.satron.com

1990-05-15

TEMP-EL BNR

TEMP-EL BNR is a Pt100 temperature transmitter mounted on AFTB1 and AFTB16 terminal boards.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

MEASURING RANGES:

| Product Number | Range |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| • M899475 | -50+50°C |
| • M899476 | 050°C |
| • M899477 | 0100°C |
| • M899478 | 0150°C |
| • M899479 | 0200°C |
| • M899480 | 0250°C |
| • M899481 | 0300°C |
| M899482 | 0350°C |
| • M899483 | 0400°C |
| M899484 | 0450°C |
| M899485 | 0500°C |
| M899486 | 0550°C |
| • M899487 | 0600°C |
| M899488 | 0650°C |
| M899489 | 0700°C |
| M899490 | 0750°C |
| M899491 | 0800°C |
| Storage options | |

Functional specifications

Output signal (linear relative to temperature): 4-20 mA

Output with break in Pt100 element (current limit): approx. 26 mA

Output with sensor circuit shorted at transducer terminals: < 3 mA

Permissible terminal voltage: 9-35 V DC

Sensor current: 2 mA

Permissible ambient temperature: -25 to +70°C

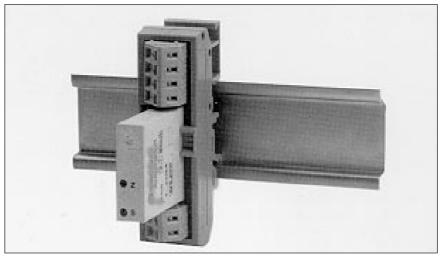
Sensor wiring: 3-wire system

Range adjusting limits (trimmers):

- Zero: ±5 % - Span: ±5 %

Overvoltage capacity:

The transducer withstands a 1 MHz burst in accordance with IEC 255, 4 App. E across the signal conductors; (amplitude 500 V, repetition frequency 400 Hz, test duration 2 s).



Performance specifications

Measurement error relative to Pt100 sensor's table values (DIN 43760, terminal voltage 24 V, ambient temperature 23 °C, 3-wire system, wire resistance $<0.2 \Omega$):

- on -50...+50 °C to 0...650 °C ranges: < 0.15 %
- on 0...700 °C to 0...800 °C ranges: < 0.25 %

Ambient temperature effect

- on Zero: < 0.01 %/°C - on Span: < 0.01 %/°C

Effect on sensor circuit wire resistance on output (equal change in all 3 wires): 0.15 %/ Ω

Terminal voltage effect: < 0.06 %

Supply voltage ripple effect (3 V_{p-p}, 50-400 Hz, 24 V terminal voltage, 50 % input signal): No effect on output signal's DC level, alternating current component < 0.05 % _{p-p}

Warm up drift (0-50 °C range, 24 V DC terminal voltage, 100 % input signal): < 0.1 %

Long-term stability (23 °C ambient temperature, 24 V terminal voltage, 50 % input signal): change during 30 days < 0.1 %

Radiofrequency interference (20 V/m) at 175 MHz and 443 MHz (0-50 °C range, 24 V terminal voltage, 50 % input signal): < 3 %

1) Errors given in per cent of span.

Construction

- Electronics cast in plastics
- Dimensions: 36.4 x 33 x 10

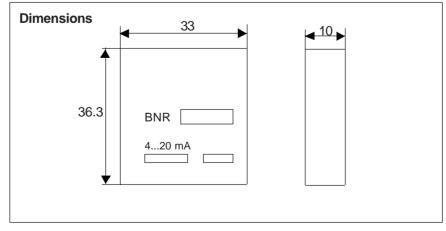
Installation

- On AFTB1 or AFTB16 terminal board

Terminal board types

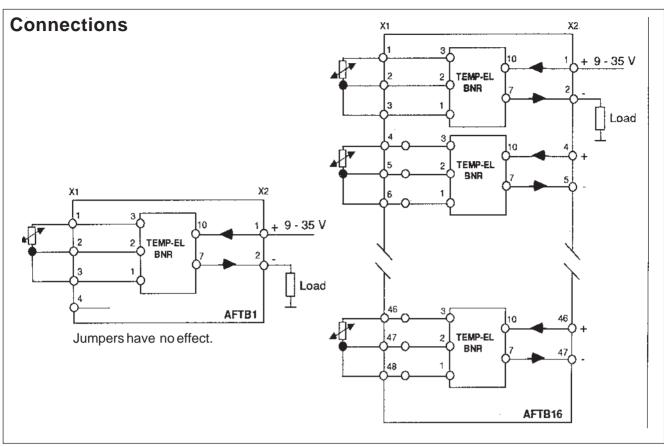
AFTB1: Terminal board for a single temperature transmitter; plug-in connections. The terminal board can be mounted on 15, 32 and 35 DIN46277 rails.

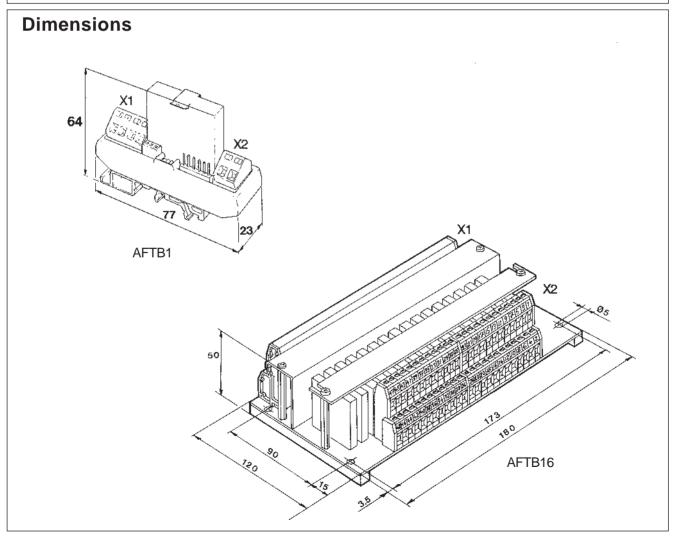
AFTB16: Terminal board for 1...16 temperature transmitters; 0.5...2.5 mm² screw terminals.



We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice. Performance is indicated in accordance with IEC546 and IEC770 recommendations.









Density measurement

We manufacture the following instruments for density measurement:

- Electronic density transmitter DENS-EL Spec. BD220

The following are also suitable for density measurement:

- HD differential pressure

transmitter Spec. BPdH750

Figure 1 shows the functional principle of the density transmitter. Density is measured by weighing the mass of a quantity of material flowing through a constantvolume element. This element consists of a U-tube (I) which at one end is pivoted and joined to the transmitter's body through flexible bellows(2). Separate counterweights (3) are used to compensate for the force caused by the inherent mass of tube and liquid.

The changes in force caused by variations in liquid density are measured and converted to standard signal through the force-balance type transmitter mechanism (4).

Temperature compensation

Changes in liquid temperature will cause variations in liquid density. This density variation is normally non-linear. The temperature of the measured material also affects the volume and length of the Utube through thermal expansion. To eliminate these errors, the transmitters can be provided with a compensation device. The maximum value of temperature compensation for DENS-EL is 0.0022 kg/dm3°C.

The measured materials

In general, density measurement is used for determining the concentration of some constituent component in liquid material. The density of such component should differ from the common density of the other constituents, so that variations in its concentration will cause variations in overall density.

There are many typical applications in different industries, ranging from determination of fat content in cream to measurement of the concentration of sulphuric acid compound.

DENS-EL measures density continuously, with fast response to density variations; thus they are well suited for density control. The viscosity of the measured liquid should not exceed 10 Pa x s, and it should not contain such solids as might cause heavy sedimentation on the tube walls. The overall density should be between 0.5 kg/dm3 and 3.0 kg/dm3. For the calibration of the transmitter the customer should specify all pertinent data concerning the process material; this is done on a questionnaire appended to the order.

Materials on contact with the measured liquid

PTFE bellows elements and borosilicate glass or Hastelloy-C measurement tube are available for heavily corrosive liquids. AISI 3I6L acid-resistant steel is used on the bellows and measurement tube for neutral and low-corrosion liquids.

For food industry applications the transmitters can be provided with easy-towash, hygienic, silicone-lined metal bellows (AISI 3I6L), or with shallow-fold PTFE bellows. A transmitter equipped with shallow-fold PTFE bellows elements can be calibrated for 0.1 ... 0.5 kg/dm3 range. The DENS-EL Ex version is available for hazardous environments (intrinsically safe Ex i; ignition group G5).

Installation

The transmitter should be mounted on a solid steel or concrete base, on the vibration absorbers supplied with the transmitter. When required, a vibration absorber kit can be ordered for transmitters already in use. The transmitter body is provided with a water level that facilitates the levelling of the transmitter. Any tension or stress should be avoided in the installation. Ambient temperature should not exceed +60°C. The installation is described in more detail in the Operating and Installation Instructions.

Process connection

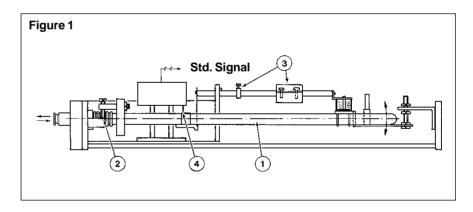
Maximum permissible flow is 120 litres/min for Ø 32 mm measurement tube (AISI 3I6L), and 80 litres/min for \varnothing 25 mm tube (glass or Hastelloy-C). If the flow rate of the process material is greater than that, the resulting increase in turbulence and in the

forces of inertia generated in the U-tube may cause error and drift in the measurement. In such cases the transmitter can be connected to a by-pass

Maximum pressure for a transmitter with metal bellows is 10 bar (7 bar for the Ex i version). For the PTFE bellows, refer to the curve on the specification page. Maximum temperature of process material is 110°C. When making the process connections, you should make sure that any vibration is prevented from resonating from the pipework to the transmitter. For this reason the pipework near the transmitter should be effectively supported, and the connection of process pipes to transmitter should be made through elastic connecting pipes to ensure the best possible measurement accuracy.

Figure 2 shows an example of valve locations. The pipework should always be provided with valves that permit the disconnection of the transmitter from the process for cleaning etc. It is recommendable to use globe valves

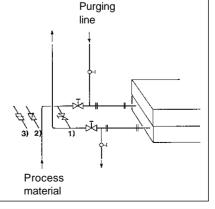
that correspond to the nominal pipe bore. The pipework should be directed upwards to prevent any accumulation of gas or sediment in the measurement tube. The DENS-EL has been tested by SIREP-WIB (Evaluation report E2437 T82).



1) Measurement from main flow - by-pass

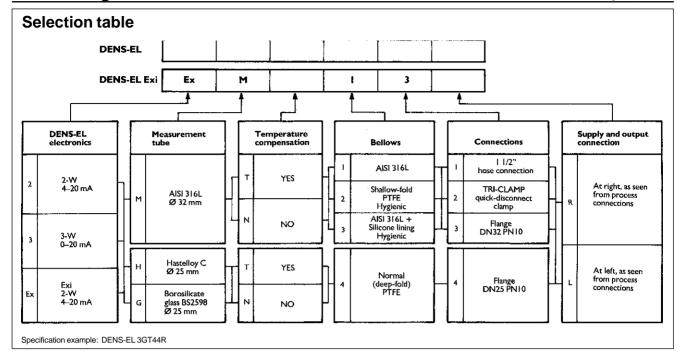
Figure 2

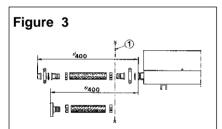
- 2) Measurement from by-pass flow spring loaded non-return valve
- 3) Measurement from by-pass flow orifice



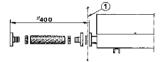


Density measurement

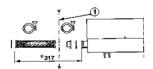




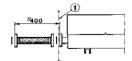
 a) 1½" hose connection, welded coupling or DN32 PN10 flange coupling



b) DN 32 PN10 flange coupling M548370



 3A-standard coupling; meets the sanitary requirements of food industry M547892



d) DN25 PN10 flange coupling for highly corrosive environments M548485

x = mounting length

1 = fittings to be separately specified in the order (to the left of the line)

Figure 3 shows the different connection options corresponding to the selection table. Piping made of elastic material can be connected without extra connecting pipes.

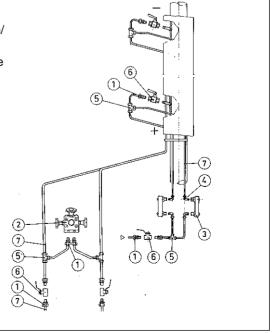
Density measurement with differential pressure transmitter (Fig. 4)

Besides a density transmitter, a differential pressure transmitter can be used to measure liquid density in vertical piping. For this, the velocity of flow must not exceed 0.2 m/s. The measurement is based on the comparison of two columns of equal height: one of the process medium, the other of water. The connection

can be made as shown in Fig. 4, or by using diaphragm seal units. The difference in height between the points of connection is approx. 4 meters. Temperature compensation is provided by mounting the water purging pipes in contact with the process pipe and by protecting the assembly with heat insulation.

Figure 4

- Stud coupling, Ø 12 mm/ R 1/2" male
- 2. 3-spindle mounting valve
- 3. Needle valve rotameter
- 4. Stud elbow, Ø 12 mm/ R 1/4" male
- 5. T-piece Ø 12 mm
- 6. Ball valve, R 1/2"
- 7. Pipe, 12X1 calibrated





DENS-EL electronic density transmitter

The DENS-EL is an electronic density transmitter that operates on the force balance principle. Due to the small measurement lag it is highly applicable as a measurement transmitter in automatic density control.

When equipped with hygienic bellows, the transmitter meets also the requirements set by food industry for washability.

Technical specification

- acid-resistant bellows: 0.025 to 0.5 kg/dm³
- normal PTFE bellows: 0.025 to 0.5 kg/dm³
- shallow-fold hygienic PTFE bellows: 0.1 to 0.5 kg/dm³
- silicone-lined bellows: 0.025 to 0.5 kg/dm³.

Lower range value: 0.5 to 2.5 kg/dm³. Output signal

- 2-wire system and (Ex)i: 4 to 20 mA
- 3-wire system: 0 to 20 mA. **Supply voltage:** 24 to 50 V DC.

Type Ex intrinsically safe (VDE 0171) (Ex) is G5 PTB Nr. 111 B/E-29 847 B output 4 to 20 mA. Valid only by the transmitters of metal tube type.

Permissible load

- 2-wire system
- 24 V supply: 370 Ω
- 48 V supply: 1400 Ω
- 3-wire system
 - 24 V supply: 500 Ω 48 V supply: 1500 Ω

Application ranges

- density: 0.5 to 3.0 kg/dm³
- max. flow
 - AISI 316 tube, Ø32: approx. 120 l/min
 - glass tube, Ø25: approx. 80 l/min
 - HASTELLOY C tube, Ø25: approx. 80 l/min

For higher flows the transmitter is located in a by-pass line or a reflux branch.

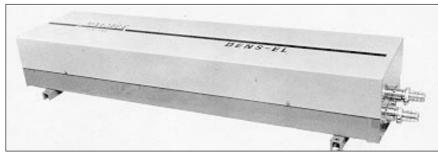
- working pressure
 - acid-resistant bellows: 10 bar, Upon request 20 bar (static press. calib.)
 - silicone-lined bellows: 10 bar, Upon request 20 bar (static press. calib.)
 - The max. press. of hoses must be checked.
 - PTFE bellows: see curve
 - DENS-EL Ex i version: 7 bar
- resistance to pressure shocks
 - acid resistant bellows 25 bar
 - rubber lined bellows 25 bar
- max. temperature: 110°C
- max. viscosity: 10 Pa x s

Temperature compensation

Compensation may be adjusted for either linear or curved characteristic.

- max. width of compensation range (depending on the characteristics of the process fluid): $\Delta t = 40$ to $80^{\circ}C$
- max. permissible density change for 1 K temperature change in process fluid
 - with normal counterweight: 0.0011 kg/dm³
 - with double compensation weight: 0.0022 kg/dm³.

Max. ambient temperature: 60°C



| Error, percent of span 1) | Min. span: | Medium span: | Max. span: |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | 0.025 kg/dm ³ | 0.250 kg/dm ³ | 0.500 kg/dm ³ |
| Non-linearity: Hysteresis: Sensitivity: Repeatability: Effect of a 1 bar process pressure change on range zero between 0 and 10 bar Effect of supply voltage change: 0.05 %/10 V | ± 0.25 % | ± 0.05 % | ± 0.05 % |
| | 0.20 % | 0.05 % | 0.05 % |
| | < 0.10% | < 0.10% | < 0.10% |
| | 0.15 % | 0.04 % | 0.04 % |
| | ± 0.20 % | ± 0.02 % | ± 0.01 % |

1) This does not apply to DENS-EL transmitters with shallow-fold PTFE bellows.

Mounting

In horizontal position on a firm, vibrationfree base.

Process connections

In metal tube type (AISI 316), a 1 1/2" fitting for tubing, or a quick-disconnect fitting corresponding to 3-A standard or flange coupling DN32 PN40.

In glass tube and HASTELLOY C type, a DN25 PN40 flange connection.

DENS-EL Ex i version, DN32 PN40 flange connection.

Electrical connections

To terminal strip in junction box as shown in wiring diagram. Inlet through Pg 13.5 gland.

Materials

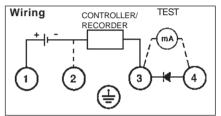
- measurement tube of acid-resistant steel, Pyrex glass, or HASTELLOY C
- bellows of acid-resistant steel, NBR-lined acid-resistant steel, or PTFE
- fittings of acid-resistant steel AISI 316
- body and case of steel with epoxy powder paint to prevent corrosion.

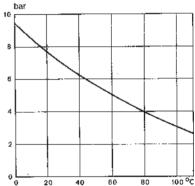
Calibration

The transmitter is factory-calibrated. The customer should supply the necessary data for calibration by filling in a questionnaire which is returned to the manufacturer as an appendix to the order.

Protection degree: IP 54

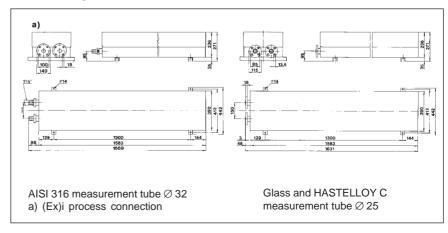
Weight: approx. 105 kg.





The pressure rating of the PTFE bellows of the glass tube type transmitter, as a function of temperature.

We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice. Performance is indicated in accordance with IEC546 and IEC770 recommendations.





Controllers

CONTROLLERS

- DAMATROL MC100

Digital Unit Controller Spec. CC850

- DAMATROL MC300

Three Position Controller..... Spec. CC860

- DAMATROL MC512H

Multifunction Controller Spec. CC804E



DAMATROL MC100



DAMATROL MC300



DAMATROL MC512H



DAMATROL MC100 is a digital single-loop unit controller which is used, for example, as PID controller, ratio controller or manual control station.

The controller's and process's operation is controlled and the control parameters are set through DAMATROL MC100's user interface.

The controller's I/O connections are made through a disconnectable I/O connector. The bus interface provided as a standard feature permits connection to a local control room or to higher-level systems, such as DAMATIC.

Technical specifications

Ambient requirements

- Operating temperature 0 to +50 °C
- Storage temperature -40 to +80 °C
- Relative humidity 0 to 80 %
- Vibration 1.3 mmpp, 5-14 Hz, 0.5 g, 14-150 Hz
- Mounting position Freely selectable.

Enclosure class

- Panel-mounting enclosure IP40

Dimensions

- Weight 1.7 kg
- Width x height x length 72 x 144 x 220 mm

(without display unit)72 x 144 x 186 mm

- Mounting cut-out 68 x 138 mm (with mounting collar) 3" x 6" (US Std.)

Power supply

- Supply voltage 230 V (-15 %...+10 %) 50/60 Hz 115 V (-15 %...+10 %) 50/60 Hz
- Power consumption max. 8 W
- Power failure characteristics
 Data support in memory
 - All data: typically 24 h (e.g. setpoint and controller output)
- Parameters and calibration: 10 y.

I/O connections

- Analog inputs 2
- Analog outputs 1
- Binary inputs 2
- Binary outputs 2
- Transmitter supply connections 2
- Permissible wire cross-section max. 2.5 mm²
- Field signal connection technique:
 Multiterminal screw-terminal block

Analog inputs

- Resolution 12 bit
- Accuracy 0.1 % F.S.
- Temperature error 0.06 % / 10 C F.S.
- Input resistance 250 Ω
- Attenuation 50 Hz/60 dB
- Grounding: Inputs have common ground potential
- Max. range 0...20.5 mA (freely selectable)
 (as voltage input) 0...5 V
- Max. voltage 30 V
- Filtering time constant 25 ms
- Impedance 250 Ω (as voltage input) 10 M Ω

Analog outputs

- Resolution 12 bit
- Accuracy 0.15 % F.S.
- Temperature error 0.1 % / 10 C F.S.
- Load capacity 800 Ω
- Max. range 0...20.5 mA (freely selectable)

Binary inputs

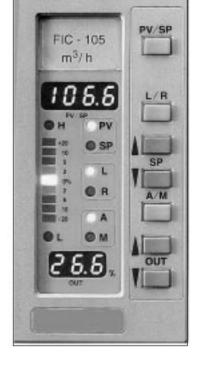
- Grounding: grounded input
- Switching device
- Max. leakage current 2 mA
- Min. current capacity 6 mA
- Min. voltage capacity 28 V

Binary outputs

- Type: Reed relay, make-contact
- Voltage max. 30 V
- Current max. 100 mA
- Load power max. 3 VA
- Isolation voltage min. 1000 VAC
- Max. switch resistance 0.2 Ω
- Expected life 200 million switchings (10 mA, 10 VDC, resistive load)

Transmitter supply connections

- Current limitation 25 mA
- Mains voltage 230/115 VAC 24 V (+10...-15%)



Grounding

- Analog inputs and outputs: Common ground potential
- Binary inputs and outputs:
 Common ground potential
- Analog and binary ground:
 Connected together inside controller
- Guard wire connections 2 grounding screws (protective earth and sheaths of cables)

Buses

- Interfaces RS-232, RS-485
- Max. cable length 1200 m (RS-485), 15 m (RS-232)
- Baud rate 600...38400 baud
- Protocol: Modbus RTU (slave), DBUS (multidrop bus)
- Max. number of controllers per bus
 32 (Modbus) or 15 (DBUS)

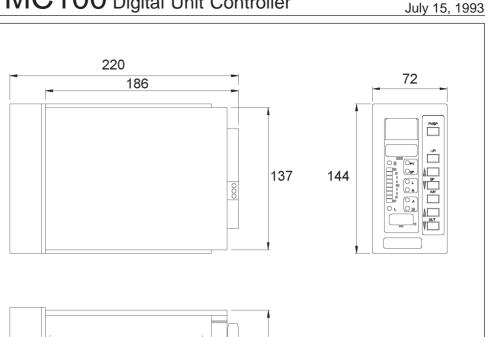
Control panel

- Digital displays 4- and 3-digit green 7-segment displays for measured process value, setpoint and controller output.
- LEDs 2 reds for alarm limits; 3 x 2 greens for indicating the PV/SP, L/R and A/M states; 9-LED green/ yellow/red control deviation display
- Display brightness
 Adjustable (15 steps)
- Keypad 7 pushbutton keys

We reserve the right for technical changes without prior notice.



CONNECTIONS



66

Software

DIMENSIONS

(H)

_ ______

- Computing time 100 ms
- External precision of numbers 16 bit, Internal precision of numbers 24...40 bit
- PID controller
- KP (gain) 0.125 ... 24.0
- TI (integral action time)1.1 s ... infinite
- TD (derivative action time) 0 ... 153.6 s
- Measured value and setpoint scale:
 High and low limit selectable
 -999 ... +9999.
- Measured value handling: Filtering, linearization, square root extraction, high and low limit alarms.
- Remote setpoint handling:Filtering, ratio, bias, high and low limits.
- Output handling: Filtering, interlocking, forced manual control, high and low limits.



MEETS THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION DIRECTIVES 73/23/EEC FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT DESIGNED FOR USE WITHIN CERTAIN VOLTAGE LIMITS AND AMENDMENT 93/68/EEC AND 89/336/EEC FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.

Tag no. 1 B01 2 BO1 3 BO2 3 4 4 RO2 1 5 BG 6 BI1 BG DAMATROL 8 BI2 9 AG 10 AO 11 AI1 11 12 TC1 2 **X1** 13 AI2 13 14 TC2 15 15 AG 16 RX-16 17 RX+ 17 3 18 TX-18 X11 TX+ X2 5 X12

Binary I/Os

Analog I/Os

Cable clamp

RS-485 interface

Tag number pocket

1

2

3

4

5



Mains power connector

I/O connector

screw

Housing grounding

Grounding screw

X1

X2

X11

X12

DAMATROL MC300 Three position controller

Damatrol MC300 is a digital single-loop controller which is used as positioner or three position controller.

The positioner drives an actuator through binary outputs on the basis of the difference between the PID controller's output and the actuator's position. Three position control operates in the same way as the positioner, except that control is carried out on the basis of the difference between the controller's measured value and setpoint. The controller takes also into account the drive time of the actuator.

Technical specifications

Ambient requirements

- Operating temperature 0 to +50 °C
- Storage temperature -40 to +80 °C
- Relative humidity 0 to 80 %
- Vibration 1.3 mmpp, 5-14 Hz, 0.5 g, 14-150 Hz
- Mounting position Freely selectable.

Enclosure class

- Panel-mounting enclosure IP40, display as option IP54
- Field enclosure IP65

Dimensions

- Weight 1.7 kg
- Width x height x length
 72 x 144 x 220 mm
- (without display unit)72 x 144 x 186 mm
- Mounting cut-out 68 x 138 mm (with mounting collar) 3" x 6" (US Std.)

Power supply

- Supply voltage 230 V (-15 % .. +10 %) 50/60 Hz 115 V (-15 % .. +10 %) 50/60 Hz
- Power consumption max. 8 W
- Power failure characteristics
 Data support in memory
 - All data: typically 24 h (e.g. setpoint and controller output)
- Parameters and calibration: 10 y.

I/O connections

- Analog inputs 2
- Analog outputs 1
- Binary inputs 2
- Binary outputs 2
- Transmitter supply connections 2
- Permissible wire cross-section max. 2.5 mm²
- Field signal connection technique: Multiterminal screw-terminal block

Analog inputs

- Resolution 12 bit
- Accuracy 0.1 % F.S.
- Temperature error 0.06 % /10°C F.S.
- Input resistance 250 Ω
- Attenuation 50 Hz/60 dB
- Grounding: Inputs have common ground potential
- Max. range 0 .. 20.5 mA (freely selectable) (as voltage input) 0 .. 5 V
- Max. voltage 30 V
- Filtering time constant 25 ms
- Impedance 250 Ω (as voltage input) 10 M Ω

Analog output

- Resolution 12 bit
- Accuracy 0.15 % F.S.
- Temperature error 0.1 % /10°C F.S.
- Load capacity 800 Ω
- Max. range 0 .. 20.5 mA (freely selectable)

Binary inputs

- Grounding: grounded input
- Switching device
- Max. leakage current 2 mA
- Min. current capacity 6 mA
- Min. voltage capacity 28 V

Binary outputs

- Type: Solid state relay, make-contact
- Voltage max. 30 V
- Current max. 100 mA
- Load power max. 3 VA
- Isolation voltage min. 1000 VAC
- Max. switch resistance 5 Ω

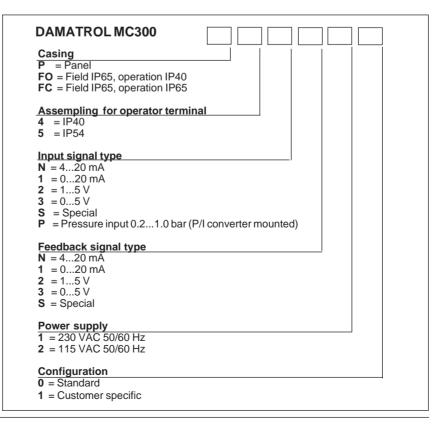
Transmitter supply connections

- Current limitation 25 mA
- Mains voltage 230/115 VAC 24 V (+10 .. -15%)

MC300 PV/SP PV/SP PV +20 SP 10 SP 10 SP 2 BB01 0% 2 BB02 5 10 A/M 10 M 0UT V FB/OUT

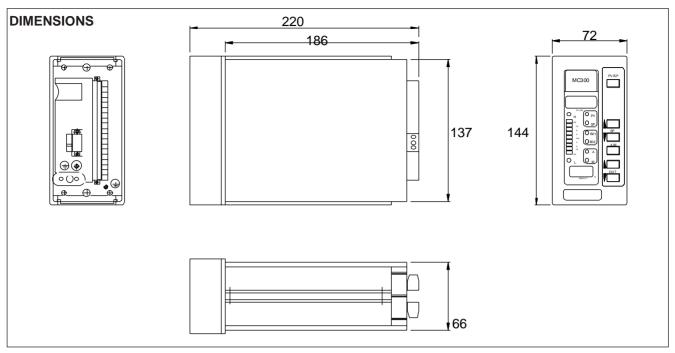
Grounding

- Analog inputs and outputs: Common ground potential
- Binary inputs and outputs: Common ground potential
- Analog and binary ground:
 Connected together inside controller
- Guard wire connections 2 grounding screws (protective earth and sheaths of cables)





DAMATROL MC300 Three position controller



Buses

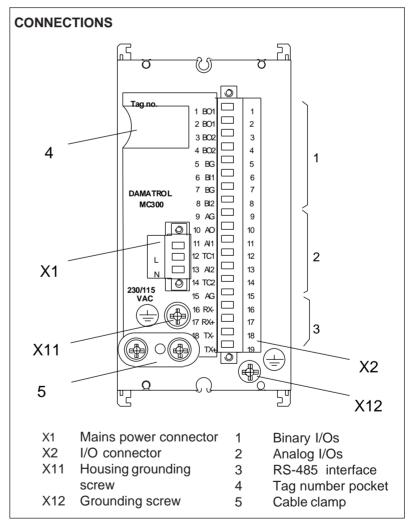
- Interfaces RS-232, RS-485
- Max. cable length 1200 m (RS-485), 15 m (RS-232)
- Baud rate 600 .. 38400 baud
- Protocol: Modbus RTU (slave), DBUS (multidrop bus)
- Max. number of controllers per bus 32 (Modbus) or 15 (DBUS)

Control panel

- Digital displays 4- and 3-digit green 7-segment displays for measured process value, setpoint and controller output.
- **LEDs**
 - 2 reds for alarm limits; 3 x 2 greens for indicating the PV/SP, B01/B02 and A/M states;
- 9-LED green/yellow/red control deviation display
- Display brightness adjustable (15 steps)
- Keypad 6 pushbutton keys

Software

- Computing time 100 ms
- PID controller
- KP (gain) 0.125 ... 24.0
- TI (integral action time)1.1 s ..1370,infinite
- TD (derivative action time) 0 ... 1536 s
- Measured value and setpoint scale: High and low limit selectable -999 ... +9999.
- Measured value handling: Filtering, linearization, square root extraction, high and low limit alarms.
- Three point control: start thres 0.0...100.0% dead time 0...999.9 s drive time of the valve 0...999.9 s



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We reserve the right for technical changes without prior notice.



DAMATROL MC512 H multifunction controller

DAMATROL MC512 H is a digital multifunction controller which permits all basic controller configurations such as PID, cascade and ratio control.

DAMATROL MC512 H can be configured either through its Panel Board with pre-programmed standard options, or with a PC and software using functional blocks.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Ambient requirements

- operating temperature: 0 to +50 °C
- storage temperature: -40 to +80 °C
- relative humidity: max. 80 %
- vibration: max. 1.3 mmpp, 5-14 Hz, 0.5 g, 14-150 Hz

Enclosure class

- panel-type enclosure: front IP40, rear IP40
- field-type enclosure: IP65

Dimensions

Panel-type enclosure

- weight: approx. 2.7 kg
- outside dimensions:
- -- width: 72 mm
- -- height: 144 mm
- -- length: 430 mm (without display unit: 395 mm)
- panel cut-out: 68 x 138 mm
- -- with mounting collar: 3" x 6" (US std.)

Field-type enclosure

- weight: approx. 3 kg (one controller)
- outside dimensions
- -- width: 310 mm
- -- height: 192 mm
- -- depth: 270 mm

Power supply

- 230 V (-15 %...+10 %) 50/60 Hz
- 115 V (-15 %...+10 %) 50/60 Hz
- 20...40 V DC
- power consumption: max. 20 W

Power failure features

Preservation of data in memory

- all data: 24 h (e.g. signal values, trends)
- parameters, calibration and configuration: 10 years

Running mode after power failure is selectable by the user.



Analog connections

- common ground potential for analog inputs and outputs
- calibration through 0-20 mA (0-5 V) range; min. span 2 mA; standard calibration 4-20 mA
- resolution: 12 bits
- accuracy: ±0.1 % of standard span

4 analog inputs

- current input impedance: 250 Ω

- voltage input impedance: $0.5 \text{ M}\Omega$

2 analog outputs

Hart connection

Front-access port for transmitters that communicate via HART, Highway Addressable Remote Transducer, protocol

4 binary inputs

- common ground potential for binary inputs
- input impedance: 10 $M\Omega$
- input signal: make-contact 24 VDC

4 binary outputs

- relay outputs
- voltage max. 30 V
- current max. 200 mA (max. values for resistive load)
- voltage free contact

4 transmitter supplies

- min. 24 V, 20 mA, short-circuit protected
- current limit: 24 mA

DAMATROL MC512 H XXXX

Enclosure versions

E = Panel

F = Field R = 19" rack

Supply voltage

1 = 230 V AC, +24 V DC

2 = 115 V AC, +24 V DC

Software

= fixed conf. C1

= PC conf.

Rus

C = no

L = yes

Code example:

DAMATROL MC512 H E 1 P L

DOCUMENTS

- CC804TEC for C1 fixed conf.
- CC804M, conf. sheet for C1
- CC804PCTEC for PC conf.

Configuration

Fixed configuration (C1)

- 3 controller loops
- 6 measurement and calculation loops (counters, min, max, +, -, x, /, $\sqrt{\ }$, lin etc.)
- 4 binary logic loops (AND, OR, XOR)
- displays: 3 controller, 2 measurement. 1 four-column and 21 trends
- back up

PC configuration

- 80 different functional blocks
- 255 functional blocks per application
- -16 displays, 8 different types plus text and motor control display
- sequence of display pages/types is selectable
- back up

Buses

- internal bus: up to 15 Damatrol MC512 controllers
- PC bus: up to 15 Damatrol MC512 controllers; 1-4 buses/PC
- RS485 hardware
- Modicon Modbus RTU software
- baud rate: selectable, max, 38 kB

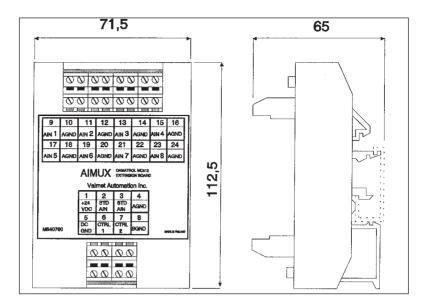
We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice



I/O Expansion units

for DAMATROL MC512 H

I/O expansion units are used to increase the number of standard DAMATROL controller's I/O connections. With expansion units the controller's standard I/O is multiplexed to max. four expansion I/Os. If required, several expansion units can be connected to a single controller. Up to 7 units can be connected to provide a maximum of 16 analog inputs, 8 analog outputs, 16 binary inputs and 8 binary outputs. The update interval of the I/Os will then be increased from the normal 100 ms to 400 ms. All I/O expansion units use external 24 VDC (-10% +20%) supply.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Construction

- Plastic base with terminalblock connections
- Metal cover

Operating temperature

- 0 to 50°C

Enclosure class: IP30

Installation

- On mounting rail TS35 DIN46277, BL1, 2 or 3.
- Recommended maximum distance from DAMATROL less than 5 m

Control

 DAMATROL's standard outputs BOUT3 and BOUT4 are used for control

NOTE!

Expansion units can only be used with DAMATROL MC512 H PC version.

Features

AIMUX

- Input resistance: 272R ±2 %
- Resolution: 12 bit
- Channel-specific calibration
- Accuracy for calibrated channel: ±0.15 % F.S.
- Difference between channels connected to same input: max. 0.5 %
- Thermal drift: ±0.05%/10°C F.S. (not including DAMATROL)
- Current consumption: max. 75 mA, not including AIN signal currents

AOMUX - Resoluti

- Resolution: 12 bit
- Channel-specific calibration
- Accuracy for calibrated channel: ±0.15 % F.S.
- Difference between channels connected to same output: max. 1.5 %
- Thermal drift: ±0.05%/10°C F.S. (not including DAMATROL)
- Current consumption: 50 mA

BIMUX

- Binary inputs are grounded and electrically isolated from analog signals
- Switch's leakage current can be max. 1 mA, minimum voltage capacity 30 V, and minimum current capacity 15 mA
- Unconnected input is read as zero
- Current consumption: max. 100 mA

BOMUX

- Relay's normally-open contact as output
- Open contact corresponds to the "0" state
- Without power supply the state of the outputs is "0"
- In undervoltage conditions, or when DAMATROL control is off, the outputs will go to "0" state after approx. 1.6 s

Performance specifications for resistive load:

Maximum current: 100 mAMaximum voltage: 30 V

- Insulation voltage: 1000 VAC RMS - Switch resistance: max. 0.2 Ω - Current consumption: 200 mA

We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice.



Recorders January 10, 2000

RECORDERS

- DIGIREC A/B

Pen and Multipoint Recorder Spec. CR300

- DIGIREC C/D

Digital Recorder Spec. CR320



Jan. 15, 1998

DIGIREC A/B

The DIGIREC A and B are the low cost, high functionality 100 mm chart-width microprocessor-based recorders which has been designed for general purpose applications worldwide. Its design meets the requirements of quality, ruggedness, flexibility, ease of use and optimum price/functionality

The two versions are:

combination.

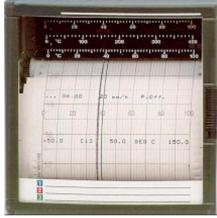
- DIGIREC A: a 1 to 3 continuous pen recorder;
- DIGIREC B: a 1 to 6 channel multipoint recorder.

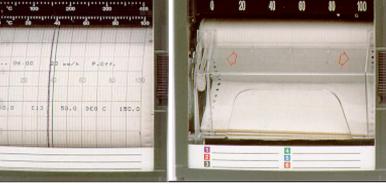
These recorders has been designed for applications in the metal, glass, ceramics and utilities industries, as well as for the new and fast growing markets related to:

- · environmental monitoring
- · health and sanitation
- · food processing
- · pilot plants and laboratories

MAIN FEATURERS

- Microprocessor-based
- 1, 2 or 3 pens, or 1 to 6 channels multipoint
- 100 mm chart-width (DIN 16230)
- 0.25% accuracy full-scale (IEC 873)
- · Analogue displays with a wide selection of ranges and scales
- · Fully configurable universal inputs (T/C, RTD, High level)
- · Roll or fan fold chart paper
- · Chart documented with date, time, range, engineering unit, chart speed, identification number, alarm setpoints and events
- Up to 6 alarm relay outputs (Pen: 2 alarm set-points per pen, Mpt: 1 alarm set-point per channel)
- . Up to 2 optional logic inputs for event recording, print inhibit and change speed
- · Non-volatile memory
- · 2 configurable chart speeds (Pen: 10 to 6000 mm/h; Mpt: 10 to 1500 mm/h)
- · Simplified product configuration with prompts printed on the chart
- Full product configuration by PC software connected by a front jack connector
- · Product calibration to certify input sensor: zero, span adjustments per
- Universal power supply: 85 to 264 VAC 50/60 Hz, 24 or 48 VAC/DC
- Permanent operation up to 50°C





- · Rugged construction for industrial applications
- IP 54 front protection (IEC 529)
- Compact dimensions: 144 x 144 mm (DIN 43700/43718), depth 245 mm (9.7") behind panel

OPTIONS

- · Illuminated chart
- Key lock
- · Rear terminal cover
- 24 VDC 75 mA max. to supply 3 transmitters
- Operating temperature up to 60°C (140°F)
- · Pen offset compensation
- 2 logic inputs
- 2, or 6 alarms output
- Portable unit
- · Abrasion-resistant plastic window

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

Technical data

Analogue inputs

DIGIREC A pen recorder

1, 2 or 3 continuous traces. Pen 1 also prints all chart documentation.

DIGIREC B multipoint recorder

1 up to 6 channels. Inputs are scanned by relays, galvanically isolated and individually configurable to any listed actuation.

Signal source

Thermocouple with individual cold junction compensation.

Line resistance up to 1000 ohms T/C, mV, mA, Volt

RTD Pt 100 3-wire connections, lead resistance per wire 40 Ω balanced.

Field calibration

A channel field calibration 0 % and

100 % span, may be made to certify input sensor loop.

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Burnout

T/C, mV, Volt; factory set fo upscale (configurable to downscale or none) RTD: inherent upscale.

mA: inherent downscale

Scanning time

| Pen: | Inputs | | |
|----------------|---------|----------|--|
| Chart Speed | mV,V,mA | T/C, RTD | |
| at 10-60 mm/h | 330 ms | 2 sec | |
| at 60-300 mm/h | 330 ms | 1 sec | |
| at > 300 mm/h | 330 ms | 330 ms | |

Mpt: 5 seconds for 6 channels.

Input impedance

10 Mohm for T/C, mV inputs. >1 Mohm for volt inputs

Stray rejection

Series mode ≥ 60 db. Common mode at 250 VAC ≥ 130 db

Logic inputs (option)

Up to 2-dry contact inputs (1.5 mA - 12 VDC).

Actions

Change chart speed 1 to speed 2. Print inhibit.

Event marking:

Pen: Pen 1 used as operation marker on the right side of the

Multipoint: 2 traces maximum on the right side of the chart. $(L_1 = purple, L_2 = red).$

Scales

Pen

1 analogue scale per pen in accordance with the input range configuration.

Multipoint

1 analogue scale, 0 to 100 linear.



Recording span

Scaling

Per input, an analogue scale is printed on the chart with the engineering unit. Each input can be configured differently.

Pen offset

Distance between pen: 2 mm. Chart definition: 1 step = 0.2 mm.

Pen carriage speed

1 second full scale

Chart length

Fan fold 18 m. (as DIN 16230) Roll 24 m

Pen trace

Pen

1400 m per pen Multipoint

250 m per colour

Chart speed

1 or 2 chart speeds, fully configurable, selected by a logic input.

Speed 1: fully adjustable per step of 1 mm/h. within limit

Speed 2: choice as per the model selection guide.

Speed setting

Pen: 10 to 6000 mm/h (.5 to 240"/h). Mpt: 10 to 1500 mm/h (.5 to 60"/h).

Stepping chart motor

Resolution 0.12 mm.

Alarms (option)

Pen 1,2,3 or Mpt 3 CH

2 alarm set-points per channel, (factory set* 1 low, 1 high).

Mpt (6 CH)

1 alarm set-point per channel, (factory set* high).

Hysteresis

0.5% to 99% of Scale (Factory Set at 0.5%).

Outputs

Up to 6 alarm relays output contacts. 1 SPST normally closed contact (may be configured into normally open contact).

Rating contact

2 A, 250 VAC on resistive loads.

* other selections configured by PC

Power supply

85 to 264 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 24 or 48 VAC/DC (+10 -15% nominal)

To transmitters

24 VDC, 50 mA max (optional).

Power consumption

3 pens: 30 VA max. Multipoint: 30 VA max.

Clock timer

Format

Year, month, hour, minute can be set.

Power interruption

Battery back-up time of 10 years with 3 years off power.

Accuracy

 $\pm 10^{-5}$

Packaging

Weight

Pen: 3.5 kg Multipoint: 3.5 kg

Front face

144 x 144 mm according to DIN 43718 Depth

245 mm /9.7" behind panel, including terminals and line protection cover

Front window Acrylic

Front protection IP 54 (IEC 529)

Lock

Latch or key (DIN 43832-N)

Cut out DIN 138 x 138 mm. Construction Silicon-free

Optional Chart illumination. Rear terminal cover.

Mounting

Panel mounting ±30° from horizontal (DIN 43834).

Wiring

Rear screw terminals.

Terminal modules are plugged on the instrument

Writing

1 cartridge per pen, fibre tip,1400 m of trace per colour (blue, red, green)

Multipoint

1 print wheel, 6 colours, 250 m of trace per colour (purple, red, black, green, blue, brown)

Noise immunity

Meets or exceeds:

IEC 801-2: electrostatic discharge:

meets level 3

IEC 801-3: radiated electrostatic field: meets level 3

IEC 801-4: electrical fast transcients: meets level 3

IEC 801-5: line voltage surge: meets level 3

VDE 871 radio EMI interference (EN55022 class B): meets level B

Safety protection

Complies with 414, 348 and 1010-1 installation category 2 for personal protection

Designed to meet UL and CSA C22.2, N142 standard (CSA approved)

Electrical insulation

Input to input

Test votage 350 VAC for 1 min (except for RTD input) or 280 VAC with option State Relay.

Input to ground

Test voltage 1.5 kVAC for 1 min.

Input to line voltage

Test voltage 2.3 kVAC for 1 min.

Line voltage to ground

Test voltage 2.3 kVAC for 1 min.

Alarm relay to ground

Test voltage 2.3 kVAC for 1 min.

Logic input to ground

Test voltage 350 VAC for 1 min.

Temperature

Ambient

0 to 50°C (32 to 120°F) Optionally 0 to 60°C (32 to 140°F)

Storage

-40 to +70°C (0 to +160°F) 10 to 90 % RH non condensing

Humidity

Roll 10 to 90% RH non-condensing Fan-fold

15 to 80% RH non-condensing

Vibrations

Frequency

10 to 60 Hz - Amplitude 0.07 mm 60 to 150 Hz - Acceleration 1 g

Accuracy

Reference conditions

Temperature

20°C ±2°C (68°F ± 3°F)

65% RH ± 5% RH Humidity Line voltage nominal ±1% Source resistance 0Ω Series mode 0 V Common mode 0 V Frequency nominal ±1 %

Accuracy

0.25% of total range (IEC 873).

Extreme conditions

Operating

Temperature

0 to +60 °C (0 to 140 °F).

10 to 90 % RH non-condensing.

Storage

Temperature

-40 to +70 °C (-40 to 160 °F).

Humidity

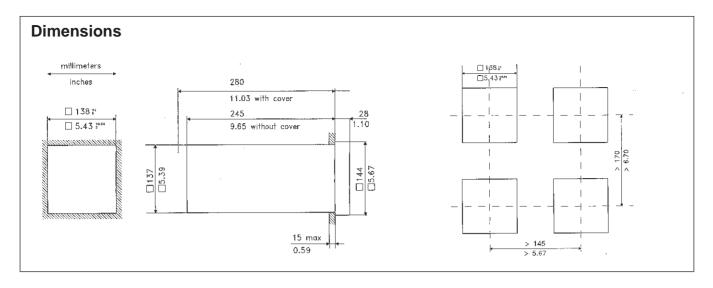
5 to 95 % RH non-condensing.

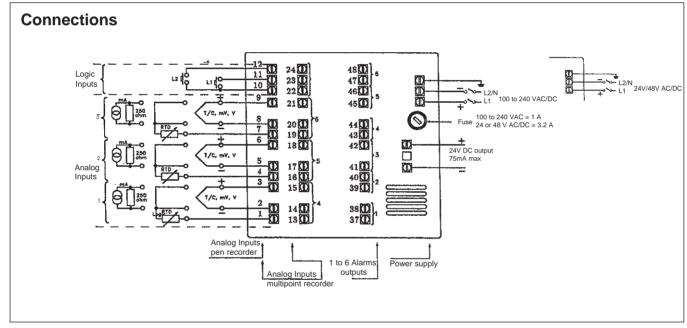


| Rated limits and associated drifts | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Rated limits | Influence on accuracy | | | | |
| Temperature | 0 to 50°C (32 to 120°F) | 0.1 % per 10°C Cold junction 0.3°C/10°C | | | | |
| Supply voltage | 85 to 264 V | No influence | | | | |
| Source resistance | T/C, mV | 6μV per 100 Ω of line resistance 1000 Ω max | | | | |
| | RTD | 0.1 °C per Ω in each wire balanced leads, 40 Ω max. | | | | |
| Humidity | 10 to 90% RH at 25°C | 0.1 % max. | | | | |
| Long-term stability | | 0.1 % per year | | | | |
| Vibrations | 2.5 mm at 0 to 14 Hz 1 g at 14 to 250 Hz | | | | | |

| Available ranges | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Thermocouples | | °C | °F | | | | |
| | J | -50 to +150 0 to 400 0 to 800 | -100, 0, 300 0 to 800 0 to 1500 | | | | |
| | К | 0 to 400 0 to 800 0 to 1200 0 to 1400 | 0 to 800 0 to 1500 0 to 2400 0 to 2500 | | | | |
| | Nicrosil-Nisil (N) | 0 to 400 0 to 800 0 to 1200 0 to 1400 | 0 to 800 0 to 1500 0 to 2400 0 to 2500 | | | | |
| | S | 0 to 1600 | 0 to 3000 | | | | |
| | R | 0 to 1600 | 0 to 3000 | | | | |
| | Т | -100 to +200 0 to 150 50 to 150 | -150 to +400 0 to 300 100 to 300 | | | | |
| | Note: (Provision to accept T/C input for remote compensation box at fixed temperature of 50°C or 60°C). | | | | | | |
| RTD's | | °C | °F | | | | |
| | Pt 100 (Alpha = 0.00385) | -50 to + 50°C -50 to +150 0 to 100 -200 to +200 0 to 400 | -60 to +140° F 100, 0, +300 0 to 200 -300 to +400 0 to 800 | | | | |
| mV and Volt | 0 to 10 mV 0 to 20 mV 0 to 50 mV 10 to 50 mV 0 to 100 mV | 0 to 1 V 0 to 5 V 1 to 5 V 0 to 10 V | | | | | |
| mA | 0 to 20 mA or 4 to 20 mA linear 4 to 20 mA SQRT input resistor 250 ohms required | | | | | | |









DIGIREC C/D Digital Recorder

The DIGIREC C and D are the highest functionality 100 mm recorders on the market today. They offer the best chart in the industry, with complete process documentation, at any speed, for the most demanding applications. Their accuracy is by far superior due to the wide choice of available ranges and actuations.

The two versions are:

- DIGIREC C: 1 to 3 continuous pen
- DIGIREC D: 3 or 6 channel multipoint

Their large and bright display, together with their outstanding chart visibility and fluorescent illumination makes it easy to read and interpret from a considerable distance.

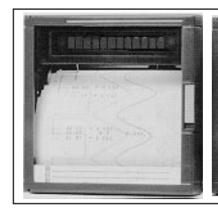
They are particularly suitable for chemicals, pharmaceuticals, power generation, metals, environmental monitoring and food processing applications.

MAIN FEATURES

- 100 mm chart width (DIN 16230)
- 0.1 % accuracy full scale (IEC 873) applicable on a very wide choice of actuations and of ranges
- Each input span is adjustable within the selected range, with up to 2 ranges per channel
- Universal input board (T/C, RTD, mV, mA)
- Alphanumeric display: 12 digits or bargraphs, adjustable brightness
- Roll or fan fold chart
- Fully documented chart with trace colour assignment, alarm trend in red, tagging, zooming, zoning, trend or tabular print outs, messages, all up to 500 mm/h mini
- Up to 10 traces (6 analog, 4 digital inputs) on the multipoint DIGIREC D
- Up to 6 analog inputs can be configured on a 3 pen DIGIREC C (Special Request)
- Full configurability thru: front keys and interactive program menu in 6 languages as standard.

Optional: PC software connected via the front jack, or by communication, with multilevel password security

- •12 user configurable messages (14 characters each)
- 4 lines batch header automatically incremented and saved in case of power failure
- Event precursor mode



- Software upgrades by the front jack (via PC, MODEM or E-mail)
- Input calibration traceability (audit-trail)
- 12 alarm set points, assignable to any input, math result, comm signal
- 2 configurable chart speeds, selectable via alarm, logic input, front keys and communication
- Universal power supply 85 to 264 VAC/DC, 24 or 48 VAC/DC
- IP 54 front protection (IEC 529)
- Compact dimensions: 144 x 144 mm x 245 mm

OPTIONS

- Up to 12 relay outputs assignable to alarms or recorder events
- Up to 4 logic inputs
- Mathematic packages, with the results saved in case of power failure.
 Math functions can be interconnected
- 24 VDC transmitter power supply
- Communication:

ASCII, MODBUS RTU

- Operating temperature up to 60°C
- CSA approved
- 2 Current output 4 to 20 mA option configurable on Analogue Inputs, Maths or Communication

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

Technical data

Technology

Microprocessor based, with nonvolatile memory. Flash memory for software upgrade via the front jack

Analogue inputs

DIGIREC C pen recorder

1, 2 or 3 continuous traces. **DIGIREC D multipoint recorder**

3 or 6 channels. Inputs are scanned

by solid state switches and are galvanically isolated (except for RTD sensor)

BURRARRUSER

Signal source

Thermocouple with individual cold junction compensation

Line resistance up to 1000 ohms T/C, mV, mA, V

RTD Pt 100 3-wire connections, lead resistance per wire 40 Ω balanced

Basic mathematic functions

Square Root extraction ($\sqrt{\ }$) Differential = (ΔT)

Filter

A digital filter is configurable per input, 0 to 99 seconds

Field calibration

A channel field calibration - 0 % and 100 % span - may be made to certify input sensor loop

Burnout

T/C, mV, Volt, configurable to upscale, to downscale or none

RTD: inherent upscale. mA: inherent downscale

Scanning time (solid state relays)

Pen: 1 pen = 160 ms

2 pens = 240 ms

3 pens = 330 ms

Mpt: 3 channels = 330 ms /6 channels = 640 ms

Input impedance

10 Mohm for T/C, mV inputs.

>1 Mohm for volt inputs

Stray rejection

Series mode \geq 60 db.

Common mode at 250 V AC \geq 130 db (in T/C inputs config.)

Display

12 digit fluorescent display: 8.5 mm high (matrix display) configurable in:

- digital PV values with engineering unit in accordance with the input range

- 1 or 2 bargraphs

Can display analog input, Tags, math results, communication, alarms or event messages



Nov. 15, 1997

Brightness

The display brightness is configurable

Recording span

Scaling

Per input, up to 2 analogue scales can be configured to be printed on the chart with the engineering unit channel reference and tag name. Each input can be configured differently

Zonina

Each input can be configured on 0 to 100%, or 0 to 50%, or 50 to 100% of the chart

Pen offset (Pen recorder)

Distance between pen: 2 mm - Offset compensation configurable Chart definition: 1 step = 0.2 mm

Pen carriage speed

1 second full scale

Chart length

Fan-fold 18 m (as DIN 16230) / Roll 24 m

Pen trace

Pen

1400 m per pen

Multipoint

250 m per colour

Chart speed

1 or 2 chart speeds, fully configurable, selected by a logic input, alarm or configuration

Speed 1: fully adjustable per step of 1 mm/h, within limit

Speed 2: fully adjustable per step of 1 mm/h, within limit

Speed setting

Pen: 1 to 6000 mm/h (0.04 to 240"/h). Mpt: 1 to 1500 mm/h (0.04 to 60"/h) Continuous traces in colour, dotted traces in configurable colour with regular chart documentation (configurable)

Stepping chart motor

Resolution 0.12 mm

Product configuration

- 2 product configurations can be stored and selected by the front keys **Front configuration**
- A very simple and interactive product configuration can be carried out on the product with 6 front keys. A friendly program with prompt messages confirms the operation. The prompt messages can be selected in different languages: English, German, French, Spanish, Italian or Swedish.

 A 2-level password protects the unit from non-authorized modification

(level 1 = limited access; level 2 = full protection)

PC configuration

• Through the front jack the unit can be configured from a PC through a PC interface. This provides the facility to copy the configuration, modify, store, upload or download the product configuration or make a service diagnostic or upgrade a new software or linearize 2 special customer sensors (50 segments each)

Logic inputs

Up to 4 dry contact inputs (1.5 mA - 12 V DC)

Actions

Change chart speed 1 to speed 2, tab interval 1 to tab interval 2, digital printout, print message, print inhibit, event trace, print a batch message, tabulate maths calculations. Event marking:

Pen: Pen 1 used as operation marker on the right side of the chart for event 1 and on the left side of the chart for event 2

Mpt: 4 traces maximum on the chart. The trace position and the colour are configurable

Alarms

Set-point

12 alarm set-points, freely assignable to any channel and output relay Full configurability of set-point, hysteresis and alarm type (high, low, rate of change, deviation)

Function

Can trigger a message, print channel red in alarm, print in alarm, change the range, change the speed, print digital PV values, trigger the event precursor

2, or 6, or 12 SPST relay outputs: 2 A, 250 V AC on resistive load Contact N.C. in alarm condition (configurable in N.O.)

Alphanumeric documentation

Messages

12 freely assignable and configurable messages of 14 characters each, including the specific letters used in GE & SW

Can be printed with the date/time on top of the traces by alarms, logic inputs or communication

Batch header

One batch message of 4 lines of 14 characters, fully configurable, with incremented batch numbers and date/time. Printed through digital input and saved upon power interruption

Process variable

The traces can be assigned to analog input, mathematics calculations or communication inputs, and are printed in channel colour. Periodic digital printing at intervals configurable from 60 to 480 mm. Digital print-out of PV values through alarms, digital inputs, communication or front keyboard

Tag name

Each channel can be named by 8 characters

Event precursor

Stand-by

The acquisition data is stored in a buffer memory (FiFo)
A stand-by message is periodically printed

Downloading

On event (alarm, digital input, front key, communication) the data is downloaded to be printed on the chart at pre-configured speed. The history before and after the event represents about 50 mm of chart paper.

Mathematics package (optional)

Many functions are available such as:

- Basic mathematics functions
- F sterilization
- Mass flows
- Vacuum pressure
- Min, max
- Square root
- Totalization
- Energy consumption
- Averages
- Timers
- Carbone Potential

The maths calculations and results are stored during power interruptions

Digital communication (optional)

Protocols

RS232 ASCII communication to PC application. RS422 or RS485 ASCII communic. output. RS422 or RS485 Modbus RTU communication output.

PC Supervision

Through ASCII communication, application software gives the facility to read PV's, alarms or event status, to store the information on a file, to send a message to the recorder or to modify the product configuration

Autodial

The RS232 ASCII communication can dial automatically a phonenumber of a remote station to send via Modem an Alarm message or a periodic Report



The recorder can be configured to deliver an output signal (alarm relay) on a recorder event such as burnout. paper cassette out, battery fail, alarm condition or communication interrupted

Current output (optional)

2 Current output, signals 4 to 20 mA. configurable on - Analogue Inputs, Mathematic Calculations, or communication Signals -Base Load Resistor 400 ohms

Power supply

85 to 264 V AC/DC or 24 or 48 V AC/ DC (+10-15% nominal)

To transmitters

24 V, 50 mA typical, 75 mA max.

Power consumption

3 pens & Mpt: 55 VA max. (Active power 30w)

Clock timer

Format

Year, month, hour, minute can be set **Power interruption**

Battery backed (10 years time, 3 years off power)

 $\pm 10^{-5}$ Accuracy

Packaging

Weight

Pen&Mpt:3.5kg

Front face

144 x 144 mm according to

DIN 43718

Depth

245 mm /9.7" behind panel, including terminals and line protection cover

Polycarbonate Front window Front protection

IP 54 (IEC 529), IP 55 on request

Lock

Latch or key (DIN 43832-N)

Construction Silicon-free

Chart illumination

Fluorescent light

Option

Rear terminal cover, portable case

Mounting

Panel mounting ±30° from horizontal

Wiring

Rear screw terminals.

Terminal modules are plugged on the instrument

Writing

1 cartridge per pen, fibre tip,1400 m of trace per colour (blue, red, green)

Multipoint

1 print wheel, 6 colours, 250 m of trace per colour (purple, red, black, green, blue, brown)

Noise immunity

According to CE mark 89/336/EEC EMC directive for industrial environment

Safety protection

According to CE mark 73/23/EEC low voltage directive Complies with IEC 1010 installation category 2 for personal protection Designed to meet UL. CSA C22.2 N142 standard (certified)

Electrical insulation

Input to input

Continuous voltage up to 280 VAC or 400 VDC (except for RTD input)

Input to ground

Test voltage 2.1 kVDC for 1 minute Input to line voltage

Test voltage 2.1 kVDC for 1 minute

Line voltage to ground

Test voltage 2.1 kVDC for 1 minute Alarm relay to ground

Test voltage 2.1 kVdC for 1 minute

Logic input to ground Test voltage 500 VDC for 1 minute

Temperature

Ambient

0 to 50°C (32 to 120°F) Optionally 0 to 60°C (32 to 140°F)

Storage

-40 to +70°C (-40 to +160°F)

Humidity

Roll

10 to 90% RH non-condensing

Fan-fold

15 to 80% RH non-condensing

Vibrations

Frequency

10 to 60 Hz, amplitude 0.07 mm; 60 to 150 Hz, acceleration 1 g

Seismic Test

Qualified according ANSI/IEEE std 344.1987

Quality assurance

ISO 9001 factory certified

Accuracy

Reference conditions

Temperature

23°C ±2°C (73°F ± 3°F)

Humidity 65% RH ± 5% RH Line voltage nominal ±1% Source resistance Ω 0 V Series mode Common mode 0 V Frequency nominal ±1 %

Accuracy

Accuracy of displayed values: 0.1 % of selected input range (IEC 873) (except for ranges marked **, see foll. page) Cold junction accuracy: 0.5 °C For mA inputs, the accuracy of the input resistor shall be added to the instrument accuracy. Chart resolution: $0.2 \, \text{mm}$

Extreme conditions:

Operating

Temperature

0 to 60°C (32 to 140°F)

Humidity

10 to 90% RH non-condensing

Storage

Temperature

-40 to +70°C (-40 to 158°F)

Humidity

5 to 95% RH non-condensing

| Rated limits and associated drifts | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Rated limits | Influence on accuracy | | | | | |
| Temperature | 0 to 50°C (32 to 120°F) | 0.1 % per 10°C Cold junction 0.3°C/10°C | | | | | |
| Supply voltage | 85 to 264 V AC | No influence | | | | | |
| Source resistance | T/C, mV | $6\mu V$ per 100 Ω of line resistance 1000 Ω max | | | | | |
| | RTD | 0.1 °C per Ω in each wire balanced leads 40 Ω max. | | | | | |
| Humidity | 10 to 90% RH at 25°C | 0.1 % max. | | | | | |
| Long-term stability | | 0.1 % per year | | | | | |
| Vibrations | 1.25 mm at 0 to 14 1 g at 14 to 250 Hz | • •= | | | | | |



Available ranges

| Linear | RTD/OHMS | | Thermocouple | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------|
| 0/10 mV | Pt 100Ω at 0°C | | J -50/150°C | S 0/1600°C | U -50/150°C | |
| -10/10 mV | ** IEC -50/150°C | **JIS -50/150°C | J -58/302°F | S 32/2912°F | U -58/302°F | |
| 0/20 mV | ** IEC -58/302°F | **JIS -58/302°F | J 0/400°C | S -20/1760°C | U 0/150°C | |
| -20/20 mV | ** IEC 0/100°C | **JIS 0/100°C | J 32/752°F | S -4/3200°F | U 32/302°F | |
| 0/50 mV | ** IEC 32/212°F | **JIS 32/212°F | J -200/870°C | | U 50/150°C | |
| -50/50 mV | ** IEC 0/200°C | **JIS 0/200°C | J -328/1598°F | N 0/400°C | U 122/302°F | |
| 10/50 mV | ** IEC 32/392°F | **JIS 32/392°F | | N 32/752°F | U -200/400°C | |
| 0/100 mV | ** IEC 0/400°C | **JIS 0/400°C | L-50/150°C | N 0/800°C | U -328/752°F | |
| -100/100 mV | ** IEC 32/752°F | **JIS 32/752°F | L -58/302°F | N 32/1452°F | | |
| 0/500 mV | ** IEC -200/500°C | **JIS -200/500°C | L 0/400°C | N 0/1200°C | NiMo 0/1400°C | Reference |
| -500/500 mV | ** IEC -328/932°F | **JIS -328/932°F | L 32/752°F | N 32/2192°F | NiMo 32/2552°F | Accuracy |
| 0/1 V | | | L -200/870°C | N -20/1300°C | | Range |
| -1/1 V | ** Ni 50 Ω -80/320°C | | L -328/1598°F | N -4/2372°F | W-W 26 -20/2320°C | 400 to 2300°C |
| 0/2 V | ** Ni 50 Ω -112/608°F | | | | W-W 26 -4/4208°F | 750 to 4200°F |
| -2/2 V | ** Ni 508 Ω -50/250°C | | K 0/400°C | T -50/150°C | W5-W 26 -20/2320°C | 400 to 2300°C |
| 0/5 V | ** Ni 508 Ω -58/482°F | | K 32/752°F | T -58/302°F | W5-W 26 -4/4208°F | 750 to 4200°F |
| -5/5 V | ** Cu 10 Ω -20/250°C | | K 0/800°C | T 0/150°C | | |
| 1/5 V | ** Cu 10 Ω -4/482°F | | K 32/1452°F | T 32/302°F | PR 20-40 0/1800°C | 1100 to 1800°C |
| 0/10V | OHM 0/200 | | K 0/1200°C | T 50/150°C | PR 20-40 32/3272°F | 2010 to 3270°F |
| -10/10 V | OHM 0/200 | 00 | K 32/2192°F | T 122/302°F | | |
| 0/20 mA * | | | K -200/1370°C | T -200/400°C | B 40/1820°C | 600 to 1820°C |
| 4/20 mA* | | | K -328/2498°F | T -328/752°F | B 104/3308°F | 1110 to 3300°F |
| | | | R -20/1760°C | | | |
| | | | R -4/3200°F | | | |

Notes: **: Accuracy: 1 °C (or 1.8 °F)

For non-linear temperature transmitter (1 to 5 V DC, 4 to 20 mA, 0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 20 mA) the transmitter range must be identical to the full actuation range of the recorder. Provision for T/C input for remote compensation box at fixed temperature of 50°C or 60°C. When temperature is not fixed, any input can be used as remote compensation temperature measurement. * mA inputs into 250 ohms input resistor.

